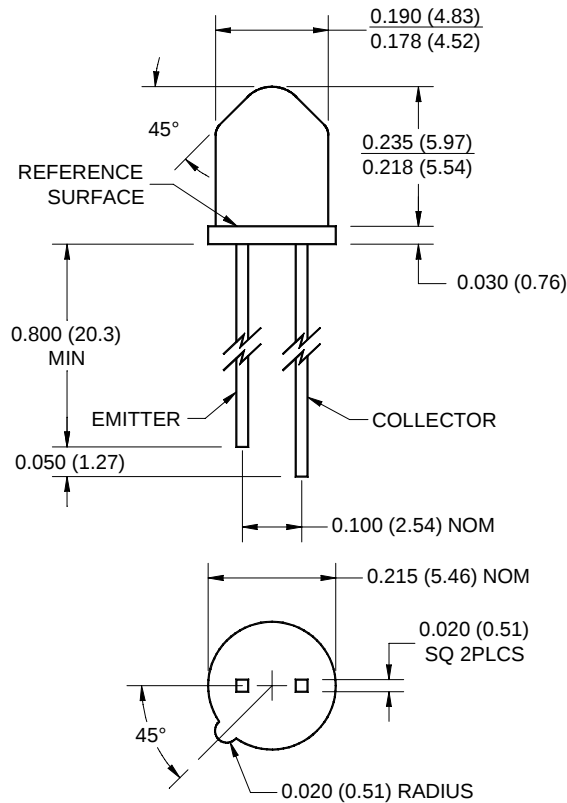
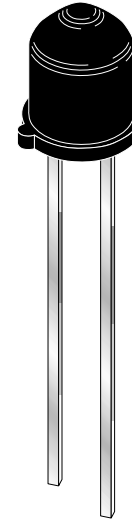


PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

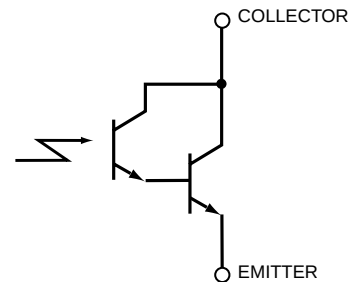


NOTES:

1. Dimensions for all drawings are in inches (mm).
2. Tolerance of $\pm .010$ (.25) on all non-nominal dimensions unless otherwise specified.
3. Orange stripe on the flange.



SCHEMATIC



DESCRIPTION

The QSD733 is a silicon photodarlington encapsulated in an infrared transparent, black TO-18 package.

FEATURES

- NPN Silicon Photodarlington
- Package Type: Plastic TO-18
- Matched Emitter: QED523
- Narrow Reception Angle, 40°
- Daylight Filter
- Package material and color: black epoxy
- High Sensitivity

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (T_A = 25°C unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Symbol	Rating	Unit
Operating Temperature	T _{OPR}	-40 to +100	°C
Storage Temperature	T _{STG}	-40 to +100	°C
Soldering Temperature (Iron) ^(2,3,4)	T _{SOL-I}	240 for 5 sec	°C
Soldering Temperature (Flow) ^(2,3)	T _{SOL-F}	260 for 10 sec	°C
Collector-Emitter Voltage	V _{CE}	30	V
Emitter-Collector Voltage	V _{EC}	5	V
Power Dissipation ⁽¹⁾	P _D	100	mW

1. Derate power dissipation linearly 1.33 mW/°C above 25°C.
2. RMA flux is recommended.
3. Methanol or isopropyl alcohols are recommended as cleaning agents.
4. Soldering iron 1/16" (1.6mm) minimum from housing.
5. λ = 880 nm, AlGaAs.

ELECTRICAL / OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS (T_A = 25°C)

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	SYMBOL	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Peak Sensitivity Wavelength		λ _{PS}	—	880	—	nm
Reception Angle		θ	—	±20	—	Deg.
Collector-Emitter Dark Current	V _{CE} = 10 V, E _e = 0	I _{CEO}	—	—	100	nA
Collector-Emitter Breakdown	I _C = 1 mA	BV _{CEO}	30	—	—	V
Emitter-Collector Breakdown	I _E = 100 μA	BV _{ECO}	5	—	—	V
On-State Collector Current ⁽⁵⁾	E _e = 0.125 mW/cm ² , V _{CE} = 5 V	I _{C(ON)}	5.0	—	—	mA
Saturation Voltage ⁽⁵⁾	E _e = 0.125 mW/cm ² , I _C = 2.0 mA	V _{CE(sat)}	—	—	1.0	V
Rise Time	V _{CC} = 5 V, R _L = 100 Ω, I _C = 0.15 mA	t _r	—	20	—	μs
Fall Time		t _f	—	50	—	

Figure 1. Light Current vs. Radiant Intensity

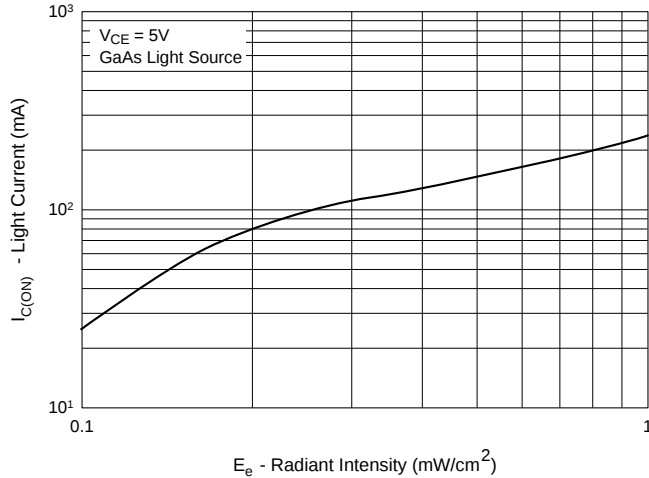


Figure 2. Angular Response Curve

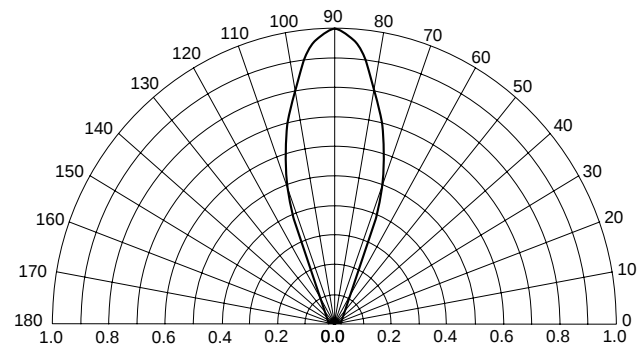


Figure 3. Dark Current vs. Collector - Emitter Voltage

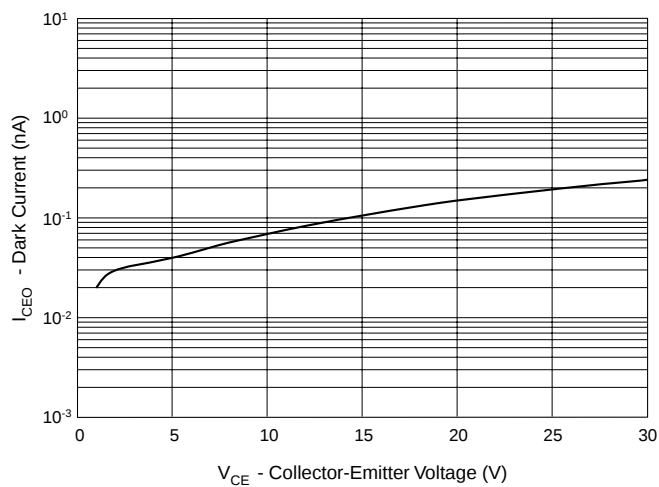


Figure 4. Light Current vs. Collector - Emitter Voltage

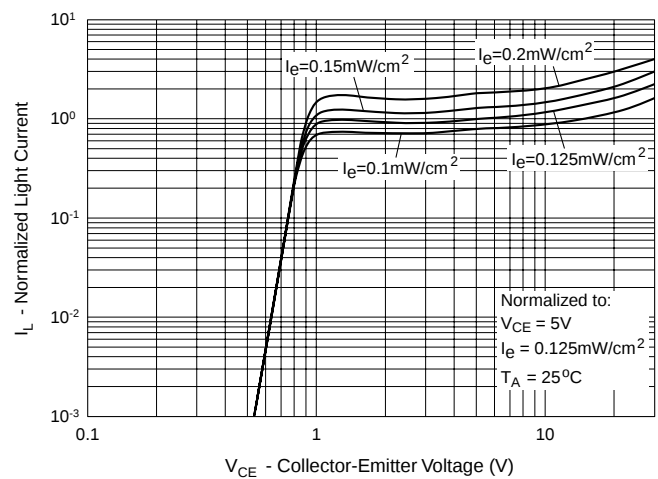
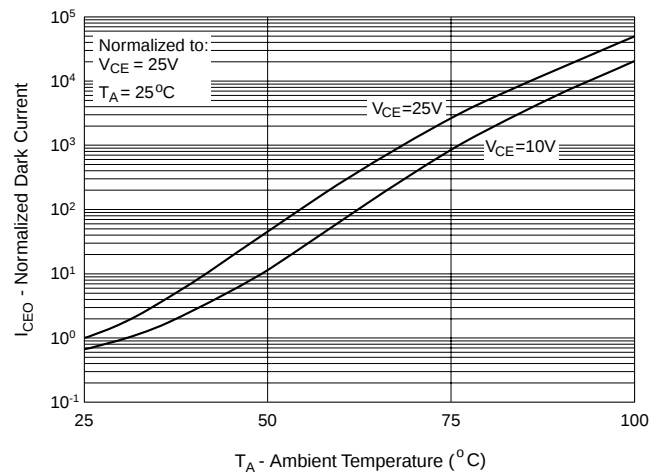


Figure 5. Dark Current vs. Ambient Temperature



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2. A critical component in any component of a life support device or system whose failure to perform can be reasonably expected to cause the failure of the life support device or system, or to affect its safety or effectiveness.