LH4012/LH4012C Wideband Buffer

General Description

The LH4012 is a very high speed buffer designed to provide high current drive at frequencies from DC to over 400 MHz. The LH4012/LH4012C will provide ± 200 mA into 50Ω loads at slew rates of 11500 V/µs. In addition, it exhibits excellent phase linearity.

The LH4012 is intended to fulfill a wide range of buffer applications. Due to its high speed it does not degrade the system performance. Its high output current makes it adequate for most loads. Only a single +10V supply is needed for a 5 Vpp video signal.

These devices are constructed using specially selected bipolar transistors to achieve guaranteed performance specifications. The LH4012K is specified for operation from -55°C to +125°C; the LH4012CK is specified from -25°C to +85°C. Both devices are available in an 8-pin TO-3 pack-

Features

- Internal supply bypass capacitors
- Ultra fast slewing

11500 V/µs

- Wide range single or dual supply operation
- Wide bandwidth

 $\pm 10V$ with 50Ω load

High output drive

DC to 490 MHz

■ Low phase non-linearity

1 deg.

■ Fast rise times

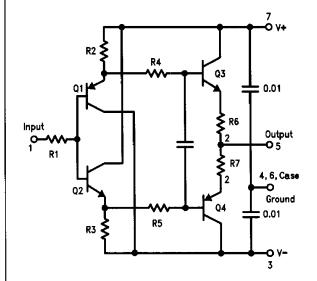
1.2 ns

Applications

- High speed line drivers
- Video impedance transformation
- Op amp isolation buffers
- Yoke driver for high resolution CRT

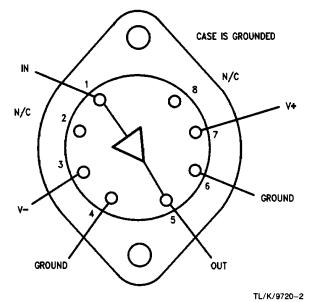
Schematic Diagram

LH4012



TL/K/9720-1

Metal Can Package (TO-3)



Top View

Case is Electrically Tied to Pins 4 and 6 (Ground)

Order Number LH4012K or LH4012CK See NS Package Number K08A

Absolute Maximum Ratings

If Military/Aerospace specified devices are required, please contact the National Semiconductor Sales Office/Distributors for availability and specifications.

Supply Voltage (V+, -V-)

Maximum Power Dissipation (See Curves)

3W

Maximum Junction Temperature

Input Voltage

175°C

 $|V_{OUT} \pm V_{IN}| < 3V$

Output Current, Continuous

Peak

 $\pm\,200~\text{mA}$ $\pm\,400~\text{mA}$

Operating Temperature Range

LH4012 LH4012C -55°C to +125°C -25°C to +85°C

Storage Temperature Range

Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10 sec.)

-65°C to +150°C 300°C

TBD

DC Electrical Characteristics

 $V_S = \pm 15V$, $R_S = R_L = 50\Omega$, $T_A = +25$ °C, unless otherwise specified (Note 1)

Symbol	Parameter		LH4012			Units (Max	
		Conditions	Typical	Tested Limit (Note 2)	Design Limit (Note 3)	unless Otherwise Noted)	
Vos	Output Offset		±20	±50		mV	
				± 55			
ΔV _{OS} /ΔT	Aver. Temp. Coeffic. of Output Offset Voltage	$T_{MIN} < T_A < T_{MAX}$	30		-	μV/°C	
1 _B	Input Bias Current (Note 4)		0.2	0.7		mA	
A _V	Voltage Gain	$V_{IN} = \pm 10V, R_L = 1 k\Omega$	0.98	0.95	- 1:-	V/V (Min)	
A _V	Voltage Gain	$V_{IN} = \pm 10V$	0.93	0.9		V/V (Min	
			0.00	0.9		V V (IVIHI	
CIN	Input Capacitance		7			рF	
Rout	Output Impedance	V _{OUT} = ±10V	2.3	4.5		Ω	
V _O	Output Voltage Swing		11.4	10		V (Min)	
			, , , , ,	9		v (min)	
PSRR	Power Supply Rejection Ratio		70			dB	
LSA _V	Low Supply	$V_S = \pm 5V, V_{IN} = \pm 2.5V$	0.92	0.85		V/V (Min)	
	Voltage Gain			0.85			
LSV _O	Low Supply Output Voltage Swing	$V_S = \pm 5V$	3.4	2.5	·	V (Min)	
I _S	Supply Current	$R_L = \infty, V_S = \pm 15V$	65	75		mA	
				80		111/5	
LVIS	Low Voltage Supply Current	V _S = ±5V	21	30		mA	
P _D	Power Consumption	$R_L = \infty, V_S = \pm 15V$	1.95	2.25		W	
P_{D}	Power Consumption	$R_L = \infty, V_S = \pm 5.0V$	0.21	0.3		W	

DC Electrical Characteristics

 $V_S = \pm 15 V$, $R_S = R_L = 50 \Omega$, $T_A = \pm 25 ^{\circ} C$, unless otherwise specified (Note 1)

Symbol			LH4012C			Units (Max
	Parameter	Conditions	Typical	Tested Limit (Note 2)	Design Limit (Note 3)	unless Otherwise Noted)
Vos	Output Offset		±20	± 50		mV
ΔV _{OS} /ΔT	Aver. Temp. Coeffic. of Output Offset Voltage				μV/°C	
l _B	Input Bias Current (Note 4)		0.2	0.7		mA
Av	Voltage Gain	$V_{\rm iN}=\pm 10 { m V}, { m R_L}=1 { m k}\Omega$	0.98	0.95		V/V (Min)
Av	Voltage Gain			0.9		V/V (Min)
C _{IN}	Input Capacitance		7			pF
Rout	Output Impedance	$V_{OUT} = \pm 10V$	2.3	4.5		Ω
Vo	Output Voltage Swing		11.4	10		V (Min)
PSRR	Power Supply Rejection Ratio		70			db (Min)
LSA _V	Low Supply Voltage Gain	$V_{S} = \pm 5V, V_{IN} = \pm 2.5V$	0.92	0.85		V/V (Min
LSVO	Low Supply Output Voltage Swing	V _S = ±5V	3.4	2.5		V (Min)
Is	Supply Current	$R_L = \infty, V_S = \pm 15V$	65	75		mA
LVIS	Low Voltage Supply Current	V _S = ±5V	21	30		mA
PD	Power Consumption	$R_L = \infty, V_S = \pm 15V$	1.95	2.25		W_
P _D	Power Consumption	$V_{S} = \pm 5.0V$	0.21	0.3		W

AC Electrical Characteristics $T_J = +25^{\circ}C$, $V_S = \pm 15V$, $R_S = 50\Omega$, $R_L = 50\Omega$ (Note 5)

Symbol	Parameter		L	Units (Max		
		Conditions	Typical	Tested Limit (Note 2)	Design Limit (Note 3)	unless Otherwise Noted) V/μs MHz (Min) MHz Degrees ns
SR	Slew Rate	$V_{1N} = 20 V_{P-P}$	11500			V/μs
SSBW	Small Signal Bandwidth	V _{IN} = 0.223 Vrms	460	400		MHz (Min
PBW	Power Bandwidth	$R_L = 50\Omega$, $V_{IN} = 10 V_{P-P}$	230	200		MHz
	Phase Non-Linearity	BW = 1.0 MHz to 100 MHz	1			Degrees
	Rise Time	$V_{IN} = 20 V_{P-P}, t_r = 500 ps$	1.2			ns
	Propagation Delay	V _{IN} = 20 V _{P-P}	11			ns
	Harmonic Distortion	V _{IN} = 10 V _{P-P} f = 100 MHz	0.5			%

Note 1: Boldface limits are guaranteed over full temperature range. Operating ambient temperature range of LH4012C is -25°C to +85°C, and LH4012 is -55°C

Note 2: Tested limits are guaranteed and 100% production tested.

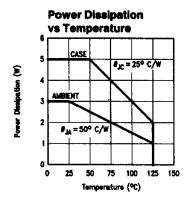
Note 3: Design limits are guaranteed (but not production tested) over the indicated temperature or temperature range. These limits are not used to calculate outgoing quality level.

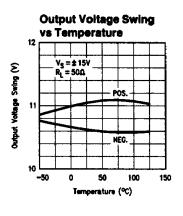
Note 4: Specifications is at 25°C junction temperature due to requirements of high speed automatic testing. Actual values at operating temperature will exceed value at $T_J = 25^{\circ}C$.

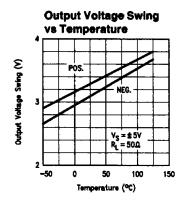
Note 5: For test circuits see Figures 1, 2.

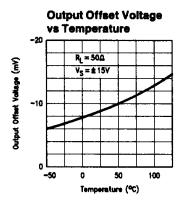
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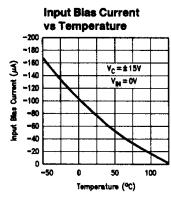
Typical Performance Characteristics

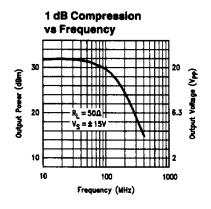


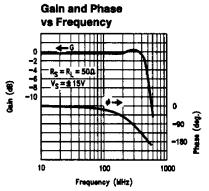


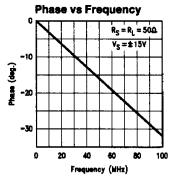


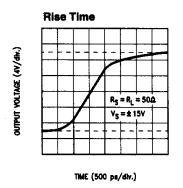


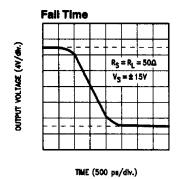












Typical S Parameters $v_S = \pm 15 V, R_L = R_S = 50 \Omega$

f MHz	S11		S21		S12		S22	
	Mag	Ang	dB	Ang	dB	Ang	Mag	Ang
10	0.99	-3	5.27	-3.7	-60	54	0.87	176
100	0.99	-26	5.20	-33	-32	129	0.92	167
250	1.0	-82	5.15	-94	-14	69	0.94	138
500	0.80	-170	1.20	-182	-10	-22	0.60	96

Small Signal Bandwidth Test Circuit

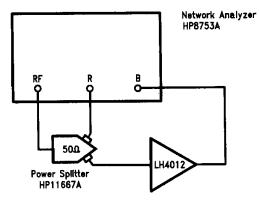


FIGURE 1. Small Signal Bandwidth Test Circuit

Power Bandwidth Test Circuit

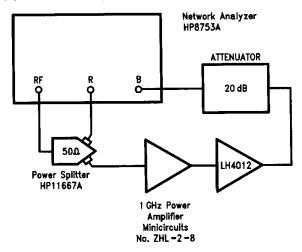


FIGURE 2. Power Bandwidth Test Circuit

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Application Information

LAYOUT: Breadboards should have a solid ground plane and short point-to-point wiring. Do not use wire wrap boards or techniques. PC boards should have short connections and as much ground plane as possible.

It is best to have a layout without sockets, but sockets with shortpins and receptacles do not significantly degrade the performance.

The LH4012 has built-in 0.01 μF power supply bypass capacitors, but additional 4.7 μF tantalum capacitors are needed a maximum of 1" distant from the pins.

Input and output signals should be fed by coax or microstrip if the distances are more than a few inches to avoid impedance mismatches and resulting reflections. However, inside a feedback loop all connections should be short to avoid time delays and the associated phase shifts.

SOURCE RESISTANCE: The LH4012 is designed to work from a 50Ω or higher source impedance. If driven from a low source impedance, especially if it is inductive, a series input resistor is recommended that brings the source impedance to 50Ω , or instabilities could result.

CAPACITIVE LOADING: As with all buffers, capacitive loading can lead to instabilities. This can be minimized by reducing the phase angle of the load with a resistor either in series or in parallel with the capacitor or with a combination of both.

The charge current of the load capacitor,

C Load
$$\times \frac{dV}{dT}$$

should be considered when the load current is checked against its absolute maximum limit.

In addition, power dissipation resulting from driving capacitive loads plus standby power should be kept below the package power rating.

$$\begin{split} &\mathsf{P}_{\mathsf{AC}} + \mathsf{P}_{\mathsf{DC}} < \mathsf{P}_{\mathsf{Pkg.\,Diss.}} \\ &\mathsf{P}_{\mathsf{AC}} = (\mathsf{V}_{\mathsf{PP}})^2 \times \mathsf{f} \times \mathsf{C} \; \mathsf{load} \\ &\mathsf{P}_{\mathsf{DC}} = (\mathsf{V}^+ - \mathsf{V}^-) \times \mathsf{I}_{\mathsf{S}} \\ &\mathsf{where} \; \mathsf{V}_{\mathsf{PP}} = \; \mathsf{output} \; \mathsf{voltage} \; \mathsf{swing} \\ &\mathsf{f} = \mathsf{Frequency} \end{split}$$

OPERATION WITHIN AN OP AMP LOOP: The device may be used as a current booster or isolation buffer within a closed loop with op amps such as LH0032, LM6161, or LM118. An isolation resistor of 47Ω should be used between the op amp output and the input of the LH4012. The wide bandwidth and high slew rate of the LH4012 assures that the loop has the characteristics of the op amp and that additional frequency compensation is not required.

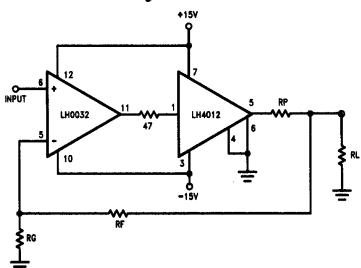
HEATSINK: In order to utilize the full drive capabilities of both the LH4012K or the LH4012CK, the device should be mounted with a heatsink, particularly for extended temperature operation.

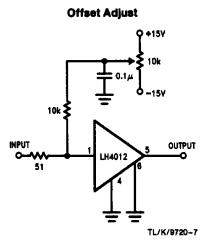
VOLTAGE SWING: Input voltage is allowed to swing between positive and negative supply voltage levels, but it must be within $\pm 3V$ of the output voltage. If the voltage differential from input to output is greater than $\pm 3V$ the base-to-emitter diode of one of the input transistors will be broken down in reverse and the transistor will be degraded and could be destroyed.

SHORT CIRCUIT PROTECTION: In the interest of high performance the LH4012 has been designed without built-in protection. The simplest protection is a series resistor in the output. This approach has the advantage that input and output voltage of the buffer stay close together even during a shorted load. The main disadvantage is that the output voltage swing is reduced. Accuracy is normally not a problem, since the voltage drop across the protection resistor can be compensated for by more gain somewhere else in the circuit. This is especially true if the buffer is used within the feedback loop of an opamp.

Application Information (Continued)

Output Short Circuit Protection Using a Series Resistor





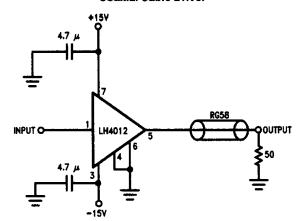
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Isolation Buffer

NPUT 1 LH4012 5 REACTIVE LOAD C

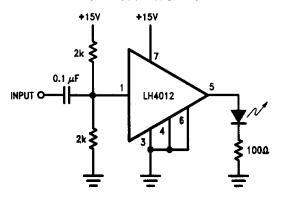
TL/K/9720~8

Coaxial Cable Driver



Application Information (Continued)

Laser Diode Transmitter



TL/K/9720-12

VHF Power Oscillator 100 MHz 1W

