

LM9074

System Voltage Regulator with Keep-Alive ON/OFF Control

General Description

The LM9074 is a 5V, 3% accurate, 180 mA NPN voltage regulator. The regulator features an active low delayed reset output flag which can be used to reset a microprocessor system on turn-ON and in the event that the regulator output falls out of regulation for any reason. An external capacitor programs a delay time interval before the reset output can return high.

Designed for automotive application the LM9074 contains a variety of protection features such as reverse battery, over-voltage shutdown, thermal shutdown, input transient protection and a wide operating temperature range.

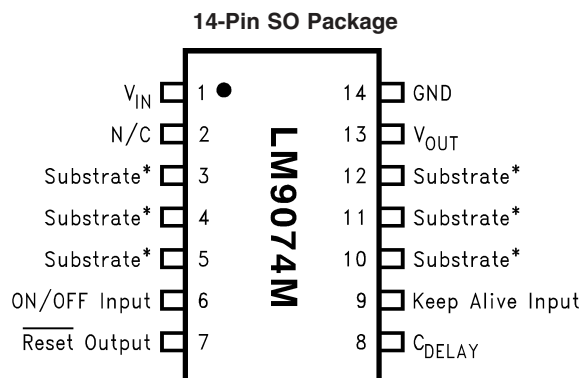
A unique two-input logic control scheme is used to enable or disable the regulator output. An ON/OFF input can be provided by an ignition switch derived signal while a second, Keep-Alive input, is generated by a system controller. This allows for a system to remain ON after ignition has been switched OFF. The system controller can then execute a power-down routine and after which command the regulator OFF to a low quiescent current state (60 μ A max).

Design techniques have been employed to allow the regulator to remain operational and not generate false reset signals when subjected to high levels of RF energy (300V/m from 2 MHz to 400 MHz).

Features

- Automotive application reliability
- 3% output voltage tolerance
- Insensitive to radiated RFI
- Dropout voltage less than 2.5V with 180mA output current
- Externally programmed reset delay interval
- Keep-alive feature with 2 logic control inputs
- +40V Load dump transient protection
- Thermal shutdown
- Short circuit protection and disable safety features
- Reverse battery protection
- Low OFF quiescent current, 60 μ A maximum
- Wide operating temperature range -40°C to $+125^{\circ}\text{C}$

Connection Diagram and Ordering Information (Top View)



* Substrate pins must be connected to Ground Pin

10130502

Order Number LM9074M
See NS Package Number M14A

Absolute Maximum Ratings (Note 1)

Input Voltage	
ON/OFF, Keep-Alive Inputs (through 1 k Ω)	
DC Input Voltage	–26V to +26V
Positive Input Transient (t<100 ms)	40V
Negative Input Transient (t<1 ms)	–50V
Reset Output Sink Current	5 mA
Power Dissipation	Internally Limited
Junction Temperature	150°C
ESD Susceptibility (Note 2)	12 kV, 2 kV

Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10 seconds)	260°C
Storage Temperature	–50°C to +150°C

Operating Ratings (Note 1)

Input Voltage	7.5V to 16.5V
Ambient Temperature	–40°C to +125°C
θ_{JA} , M14A Package	88°C/W
θ_{JC} , M14A Package	34°C/W

Electrical Characteristics

The following specifications apply for $V_{CC} = 7.5V$ to $16.5V$, $-40^\circ C \leq T_A \leq 125^\circ C$, unless otherwise specified. $C_{OUT} = 0.1\mu F$.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Max	Units
REGULATOR OUTPUT					
V_{OUT}	Output Voltage	$20\text{ mA} \leq I_{OUT} \leq 180\text{ mA}$	4.85	5.15	V
ΔV_{OUT} Line	Line Regulation	$I_{OUT} = 20\text{ mA}$, $9V \leq V_{IN} \leq 16.5V$ $I_{OUT} = 20\text{ mA}$, $7.5V \leq V_{IN} \leq 16.5V$		25 50	mV mV
ΔV_{OUT} Load	Load Regulation	$V_{IN} = 14.4V$, $20\text{ mA} \leq I_{OUT} \leq 180\text{ mA}$		50	mV
I_q	Quiescent Current	$4V \leq V_{ON/OFF} \leq V_{IN}$ $20\text{ mA} \leq I_{OUT} \leq 180\text{ mA}$		25	mA
I_{off}	OFF Quiescent Current	$V_{IN} \leq 16.5V$, Regulator OFF $-40^\circ C \leq T_J \leq 60^\circ C$ $60^\circ C \leq T_J \leq 135^\circ C$		20 60	μA μA
V_{do}	Dropout Voltage	$I_{OUT} = 20\text{ mA}$ $I_{OUT} = 180\text{ mA}$		2.0 2.5	V V
I_{sc}	Short Circuit Current	$R_L = 1\Omega$	0.4	1.0	A
PSRR	Ripple Rejection	$V_{IN} = (14V_{DC}) + (1V_{RMS} @ 120Hz)$ $I_{OUT} = 50\text{ mA}$	60		dB
V_{othOFF}	Safety V_{OUT} Latch-OFF Threshold	In Keep-Alive mode $V_{ON/OFF} = 0V$, $V_{KA} = 0V$	4	4.5	V
V_o Transient	V_{OUT} during Transients	V_{IN} Peak $\leq 40V$, $R_L = 100\Omega$, $\tau = 100\text{ ms}$		5.5	V
RESET OUTPUT					
V_{th}	Threshold Voltage	ΔV_{OUT} Required to Generate a Reset Output $4.85V \leq V_{OUT} \leq 5.15V$	–300	–500	mV
V_{low}	Reset Output Low Voltage	$I_{sink} = 1.6\text{ mA}$, $V_{OUT} > 3.2V$ $1.4V \leq V_{OUT} \leq 3.2V$		0.4 0.8	V V
V_{high}	Reset Output High Voltage		$0.9 V_{OUT}$	V_{OUT}	V
t_{delay}	Delay Time	$C_{delay} = 0.1\mu F$	7	45	ms
I_{delay}	Charging Current for C_{delay}		–7	25	μA
R_{pu}	Internal Pull-up Resistance		12	80	k Ω
CONTROL LOGIC					
V_{KAlow}	Low Input Threshold Voltage, Keep-Alive Input	$3.5V \leq V_{OUT} \leq 5.25V$	$0.3 V_{OUT}$	$0.5 V_{OUT}$	V
V_{KAhigh}	High Input Threshold Voltage, Keep-Alive Input	$3.5V \leq V_{OUT} \leq 5.25V$	$0.6 V_{OUT}$	$0.8 V_{OUT}$	V
$V_{ON/OFF low}$	Low Input Voltage, ON/OFF Input	$R_{series} = 1\text{ k}\Omega$	–2	2	V
$V_{ON/OFF high}$	High Input Voltage, ON/OFF Input	$R_{series} = 1\text{ k}\Omega$	4	V_{IN}	V

Electrical Characteristics (Continued)

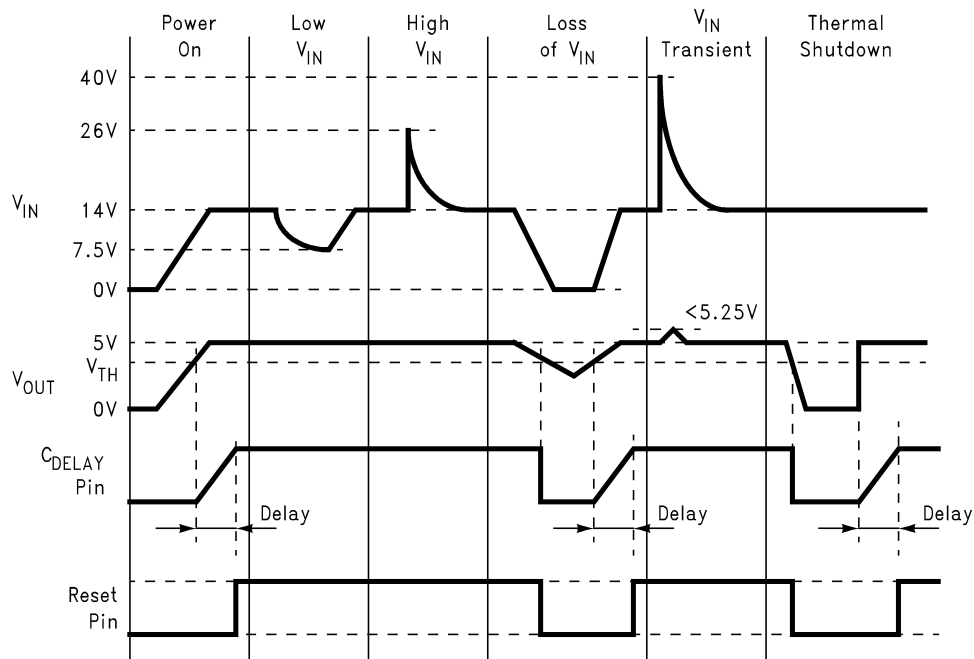
The following specifications apply for $V_{CC} = 7.5V$ to $16.5V$, $-40^{\circ}C \leq T_A \leq 125^{\circ}C$, unless otherwise specified. $C_{OUT} = 0.1\mu F$.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Max	Units
CONTROL LOGIC					
$I_{ON/OFF}$	Input Current, ON/OFF Input	$V_{ON/OFF} \leq 4V$ $4V < V_{ON/OFF} < 7V$ $V_{ON/OFF} \geq 7V$		330 670 10	μA μA mA
$R_{pu_{KA}}$	Internal Pull-up Resistance, Keep-Alive Input		20	100	$k\Omega$
$R_{pd_{ON/OFF}}$	Internal Pull-down Resistance ON/OFF Input		50	210	$k\Omega$

Note 1: Absolute Maximum Ratings indicate limits beyond which damage to the device may occur. **Operating Ratings** indicate conditions for which the device is intended to be functional, but do not guarantee specific performance limits. For guaranteed specifications and conditions, see the **Electrical Characteristics**.

Note 2: All pins will survive an ESD impulse of $\pm 2000V$ using the human body model of $100 pF$ discharged through a $1.5 k\Omega$ resistor. In addition, input pins V_{IN} and the ON/OFF input will withstand ten pulses of $\pm 12 kV$ from a $150 pF$ capacitor discharged through a 560Ω resistor with each pin bypassed with a $22 nF$, $100V$ capacitor.

Reset Operation and Protection Features

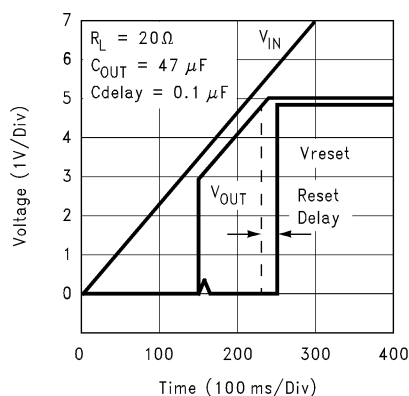


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Typical Performance Characteristics

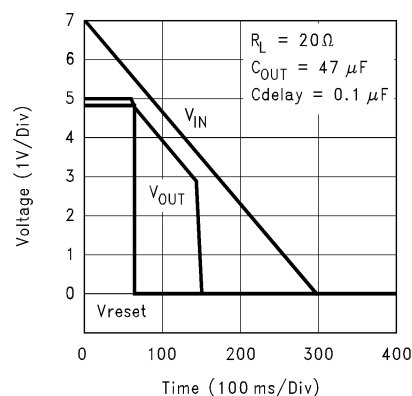
($T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless indicated otherwise)

Turn ON Characteristics



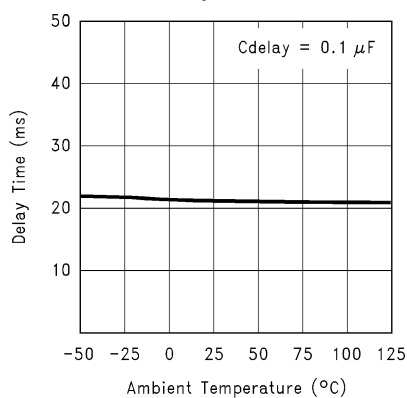
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Turn OFF Characteristics



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Reset Delay Time vs Temperature

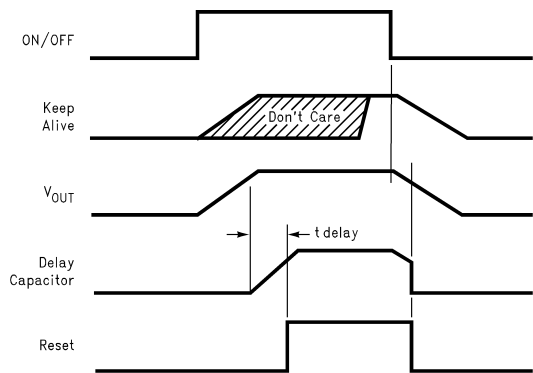


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ON/OFF, Keep-Alive and Safety Latch-Off Control Diagrams

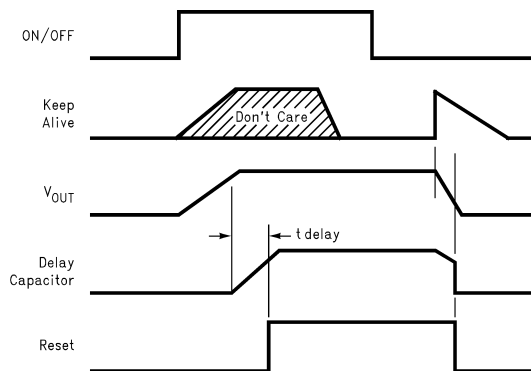
Note: If Keep-Alive is provided by a microprocessor powered by the output voltage of the LM9074, the logic "1" voltage level will track V_{OUT} as the regulator turns OFF.

Simple ON/OFF control (Keep-Alive input must be high to turn OFF output)



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Keep-Alive Mode; Turn ON with ON/OFF control, Keep output biased with Keep-Alive input, Turn OFF with Keep-Alive (Keep-Alive low keeps output ON, Keep-Alive going high turns output OFF)

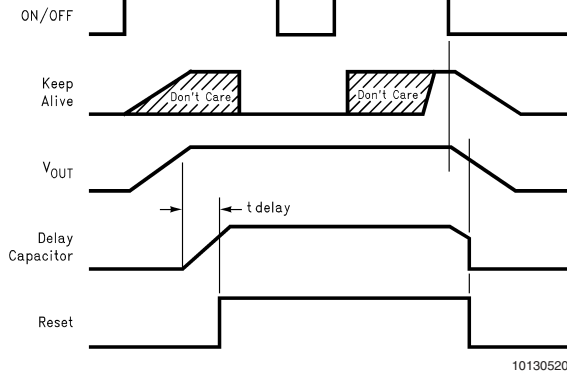


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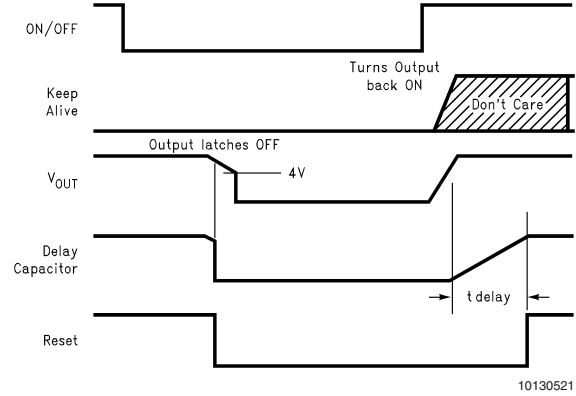
ON/OFF, Keep-Alive and Safety Latch-Off Control Diagrams

(Continued)

Switch ON with ON/OFF input; Keep output biased with Keep-Alive; Hold output ON with ON/OFF; Turn OFF with ON/OFF input.
(Temporary Keep-Alive Mode)



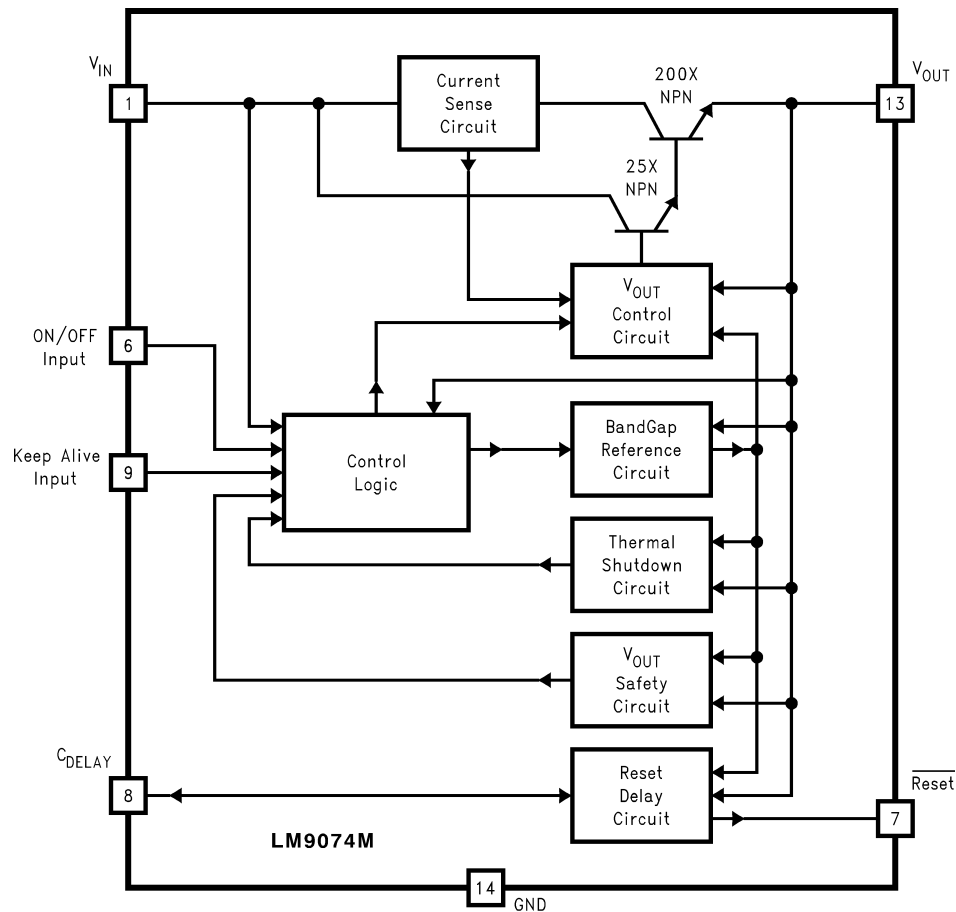
Safety Latch OFF of V_{OUT} when in Keep-Alive Mode (ON/OFF going high required to turn Output back ON)



Control Logic Truth Table

ON/OFF Input	Keep-Alive Input	Output Voltage	Reset Output	Operating Condition
L	X	0V	L	Low quiescent current standby (OFF) condition
↑	X	5V	↑ after delay	Output turns ON
H	X	5V	H	Normal ON condition
↓	H	0V	L	Output turns OFF
↓	L	5V	H	Output kept ON by Keep-Alive Input
↑	L	5V	H	Output remains ON (or turns ON)
H	X	$\Delta V_{\text{OUT}} \geq -300 \text{ mV}$	L	Output pulled out of regulation, reset flag generated
L	L	$V_{\text{OUT}} \leq 4\text{V}$	L	Output latches OFF

Block Diagram



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Application Information

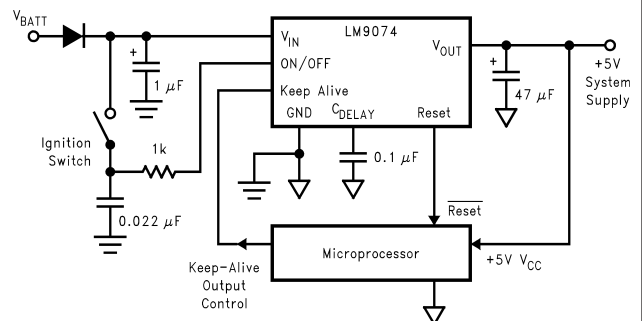
The LM9074 voltage regulator has been optimized for use in microprocessor based automotive systems. Several unique design features have been incorporated to address many FMEA (Failure Mode Effects Analysis) concerns for fail-safe system performance.

FAULT TOLERANT FEATURES

While not specifically guaranteed due to production testing limitations, the LM9074 has been tested and shown to continue to provide a regulated output and, not generate an erroneous system reset signal while subjected to high levels of RF electric field energy (up to 300 V/m signal strength over a 2 MHz to 400 MHz frequency range). This is very important in vehicle safety related applications where the system must continue to operate normally. To maintain this immunity to RFI the output bypass capacitor is important (47 μ F is recommended).

This regulator is suitable for applications where continuous connection to the battery is required (*Refer to the Typical Application Circuit*). ON/OFF control of the regulator and system can be accomplished by switching the ON/OFF input to the battery or ignition supply V_{IN} supply through a SPST switch. If this input becomes open circuited, an internal pull-down resistor ensures that the regulator turns OFF. When the regulator is switched OFF the current load on the battery drops to less than 60 μ A. With the possibility in many applications for V_{IN} and the ON/OFF input pins to be con-

nected in a system through long lengths of wire, the ESD protection of these pins has been increased to 12 kV with the addition of small input bypass capacitors.



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FIGURE 1. Typical Application Circuit

An output bypass capacitor of at least 0.1 μ F is required for stability (47 μ F is recommended). An input capacitor of 1 μ F or larger is recommended to improve line transient and noise performance.

With the Keep-Alive input, a system microprocessor has the ability to keep the regulator ON (with a logic "0" on Keep-Alive) after the ON/OFF input has been commanded OFF. A power-down sequence, when system variables are typically stored in programmable memory, can be executed and take

Application Information (Continued)

as much time as necessary. At the end of the operation the micro then pulls Keep-Alive high and the regulator and system turn OFF and revert to the low quiescent current standby mode.

For additional system reliability, consideration has been made for the possibility of a short circuited load at the output of the regulator. When the regulator is switched ON, conventional current limiting and thermal shutdown protect the regulator. When the regulator is switched OFF however, a grounded V_{CC} supply to the micro (due to the shorted regulator output) will force the Keep-Alive input to be low and thus try to maintain the Keep-Alive mode of operation. With a shorted load, the drain on the battery could be as high as 1.5A. A separate internal circuit monitors the output voltage of the regulator. If V_{OUT} is less than 4V, as would be the case with a shorted load, the Keep-Alive function is logically disabled to ensure that the regulator turns OFF and reverts to less than a 60 μ A load on the battery.

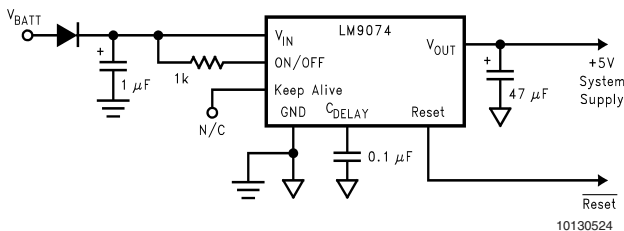
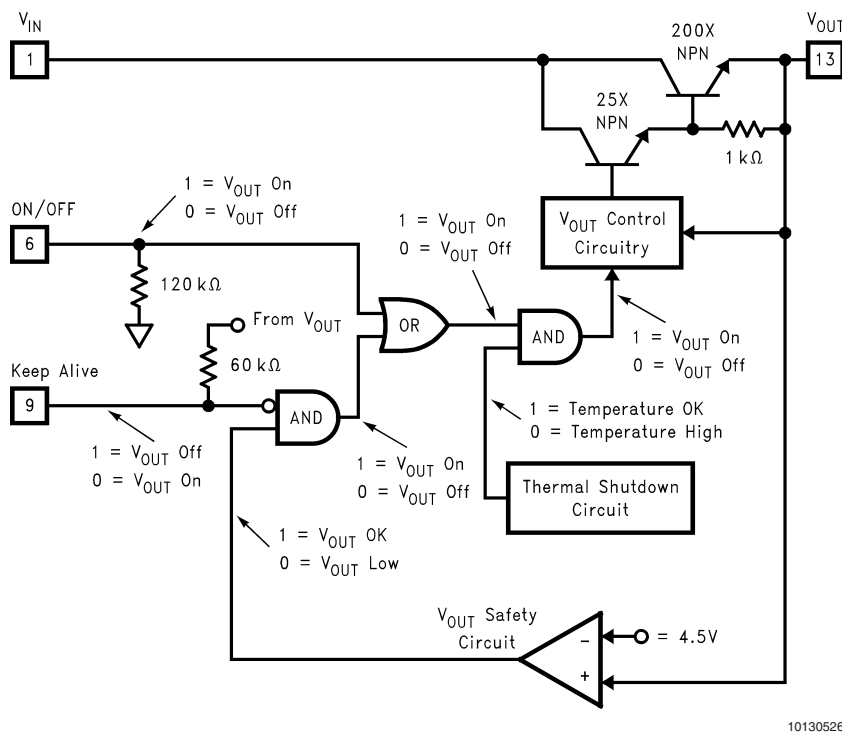


FIGURE 2. Control Logic Not Used



Conventional load dump protection is built in to withstand up to +60V and -50V transients. A 1 k Ω resistor in series with the ON/OFF and Keep-Alive inputs are recommended to provide the same level of transient protection for these pins if required. Protection against reverse polarity battery connections is also built in. With a reversed battery the output of the LM9074 will not go more negative than one diode drop below ground. This will prevent damage to any of the 5V load circuits.

For applications where the control logic is not required the logic pins should be configured as shown in Figure 2. A separate device, called the LM9071, can be used. The LM9071 is available in a 5-lead TO-220 package and does not provide control logic functions, but still retains all of the protection features of the LM9074.

RESET FLAG

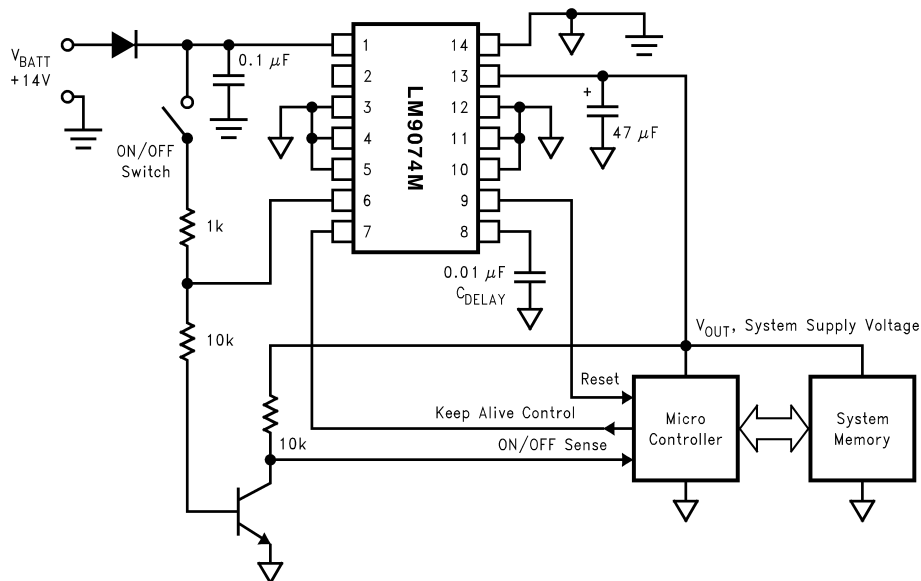
Excessive loading of the output to the point where the output voltage drops by 300 mV to 500 mV will signal a reset flag to the micro. This will warn of a V_{CC} supply that may produce unpredictable operation of the system. On power-up and recovery from a fault condition the delay capacitor is used to hold the micro in a reset condition for a programmable time interval to allow the system operating voltages and clock to stabilize before executing code. The typical delay time interval can be estimated using the following equation:

Application Information (Continued)

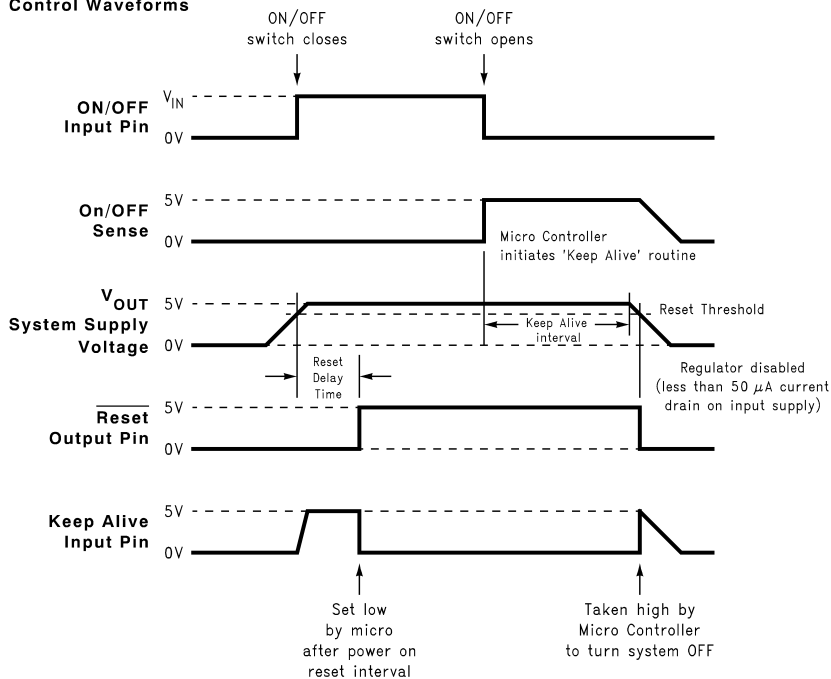
MICROPROCESSOR SYSTEM REGULATOR WITH KEEP-ALIVE INTERVAL AT TURN-OFF

The following circuit illustrates a system application utilizing both of the logic control inputs of the LM9074. Closing the ON/OFF switch powers ON the system. Once powered, the system controller sets the Keep-Alive line low. The NPN

transistor is used only to signal the controller that the ON/OFF switch has been opened and the system is to be turned OFF. Upon detecting this high level at the ON/OFF Sense input line, the controller can then perform a power down routine. The system will remain fully powered until the controller commands total shut down by taking the Keep-Alive line high. The system then shuts OFF and reverts to a very low current drain standby condition until switched back on.



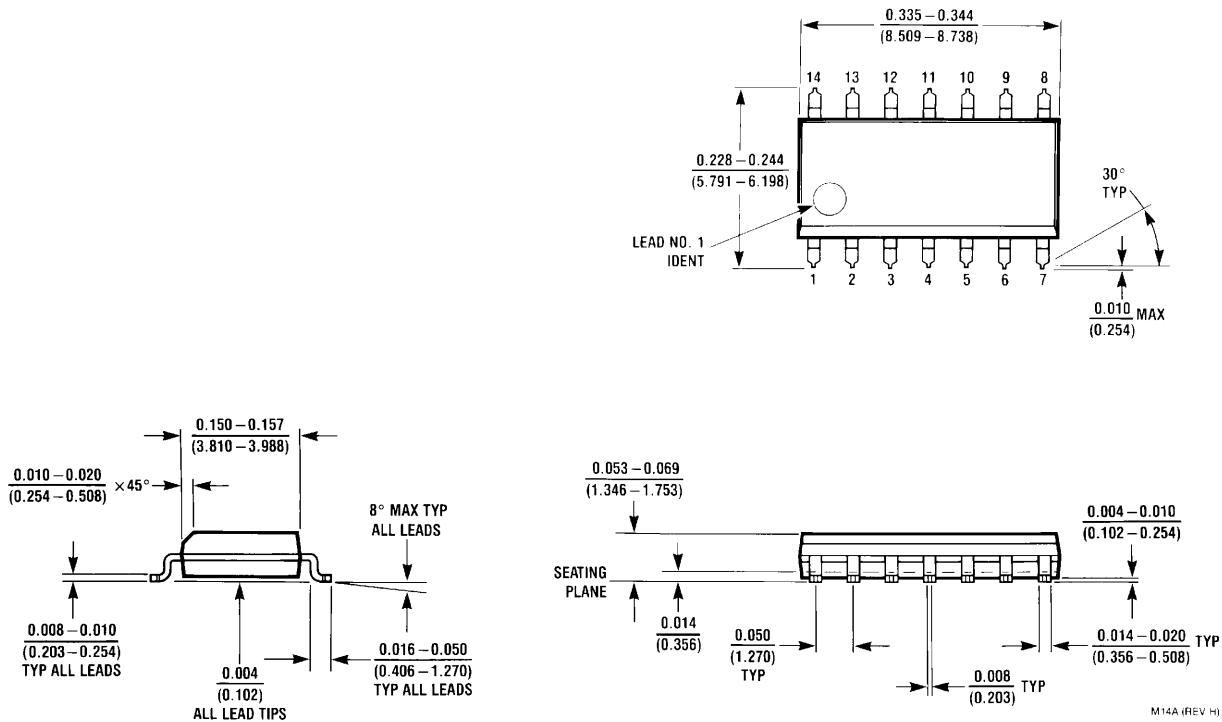
Control Waveforms



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Physical Dimensions

inches (millimeters) unless otherwise noted



14-Lead (0.150" Wide) Molded SO Package
Order Number LM9074M
NS Package Number M14A

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