

LP3939

Power Amplifier Driver for Dual Band CDMA Handsets

General Description

Designed specifically for Qualcomm's MSM3xxx and MSM5xxx series, the LP3939 is an integrated device that provides interface to the baseband processor to power-switch two independent power amplifiers in dual band applications. By integrating the discrete components necessary to achieve the same functions, the LP3939 drastically reduces board space and component cost.

Features

■ Power-switch for dual band CDMA power amplifier

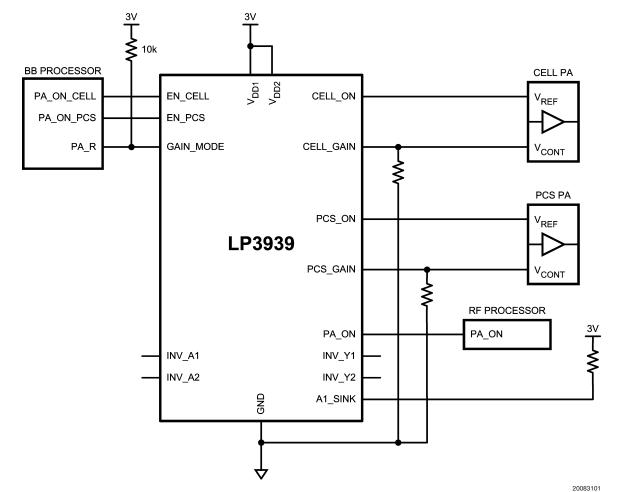
Key Specifications

- 0.002 µA Quiescent Current (typ)
- LLP16 Package

Applications

■ Dual-band CDMA phones with MSM3xxx or MSM5xxx platform

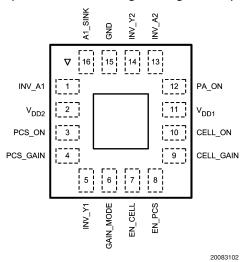
LP3939 Application Circuit



Note: This application circuit shows the connection interface to a typical Skyworks PA. Connections to other PA vendors may vary slightly.

Connection Diagram

(LLP16: NSC Marketing Drawing LQA16A)



Top View See NS Package Number LQA16A

Pin Description

Pin	Name	Functional Description	
1	INV_A1	Input	
2	V_{DD2}	Supply. V _{DD1} and V _{DD2} must be	
		tied together externally.	
3	PCS_ON	Output, open drain	
4	PCS_GAIN	Output, open drain	
5	INV_Y1	Output	
6	GAIN_MODE	Input	
7	EN_CELL	Input	
8	EN_PCS	Input	
9	CELL_GAIN	Output, open drain	
10	CELL_ON	Output, open drain	
11	V_{DD1}	Supply. V _{DD1} and V _{DD2} must be	
		tied together externally.	
12	PA_ON	Output	
13	INV_A2	Input	
14	INV_Y2	Output, open drain	
15	GND	GND	
16	A1_SINK	Output, open drain	

Ordering Information

LP3939 Supplied as 1k Units, Tape and Reel	LP3939 Supplied as 4.5k Units, Tape and Reel	Package Marking
LP3939ILQ	LP3939ILQX	National Logo
		UZXYTT
		LP3939

U-wafer fab code Z-assembly plant code XY-date code

TT-die run traceability

Absolute Maximum Ratings (Notes 1,

2)

If Military/Aerospace specified devices are required, please contact the National Semiconductor Sales Office/ Distributors for availability and specifications.

 V_{DD1}, V_{DD2} -0.3V to +6.0V

EN_CELL, EN_PCS, GAIN_MODE, INV_A1, INV_A2, PA_ON, INV_Y1, CELL_ON, CELL_GAIN, PCS_ON, PCS_GAIN, INV_Y2

and A1_SINK -0.3V to $(V_{DD} + 0.3V)$ GND to GND SLUG $\pm 0.3V$ Junction Temperature 150° C

Maximum Power Dissipation

(Note 3) 2.0W

Storage Temperature -65°C to $+150^{\circ}\text{C}$

ESD (Note 4):

Human Body Model 2 kV Machine Model 200V

Operating Ratings (Notes 1, 2)

 V_{DD1}, V_{DD2} 1.8V to 5.5V Junction Temperature -40° C to $+125^{\circ}$ C Operating Temperature -40° C to $+85^{\circ}$ C Thermal Resistance 39.8°C/W

 θ_{JA} (LLP16)

Maximum Power Dissipation

(Note 5) 1.38W

DC Electrical Characteristics

Unless otherwise noted, $V_{DD1} = V_{DD2} = 3V$. Typical values and limits appearing in normal type apply for $T_J = 25$ °C. Limits appearing in **boldface type** apply over the entire junction temperature range for operation, -40°C to +85°C. (Note 6)

Symbol	Parameter	O a maliki a ma	Тур	Limit			
		Conditions		Min	Max	Units	
I _{IN}	Input Current	All Input Pins	0.05		5	μΑ	
I _Q	Quiescent Current	All inputs tied to V _{DD} or ground. No load at the outputs.	0.002		5	μA	
LEAKAGE	Output Leakage Current	CELL_ON, PCS_ON CELL_GAIN, PCS_GAIN			10	μΑ	
		A1_SINK			5		
R _{DS-ON}	MOSFET's ON Resistance	P-Ch, V _{DD} = 3V CELL_ON, PCS_ON CELL_GAIN, PCS_GAIN	275		500	mΩ	
		P-Ch, V _{DD} = 2V CELL_ON, PCS_ON CELL_GAIN, PCS_GAIN	430		650		
V _{IH}	Logic High Input	$1.8V \le V_{DD} < 2.5V$ EN_CELL, EN_PCS, INV_A1, GAIN_MODE, INV_A2		1.4		.,	
		$2.5V \le V_{DD} \le 3.5V$ EN_CELL, EN_PCS, INV_A1, GAIN_MODE, INV_A2		2.0		V	
V _{IL}	Logic Low Input	$1.8V \le V_{DD} \le 3.5V$ EN_CELL, EN_PCS, INV_A1, GAIN_MODE, INV_A2			0.4	V	
V _{OH}	Logic High Output	pic High Output PA_ON, INV_Y1, I _{SOURCE} = 1 mA	2.8		V		
		INV_Y2, I _{SOURCE} = 1 mA	2.74	2.5		v	
V _{OL}	Logic Low Output	PA_ON, INV_Y1, I _{SINK} = 1 mA	80		200		
		INV_Y2, A1_SINK I _{SINK} = 1 mA	16		55	mV	

AC Electrical Characteristics

Unless otherwise noted, $V_{DD1} = V_{DD2} = 3V$, $C_{LOAD} = 50$ pF. Typical values and limits appearing in normal type apply for $T_J = 25^{\circ}C$. Limits appearing in **boldface type** apply over the entire junction temperature range for operation, $-40^{\circ}C$ to $+85^{\circ}C$. (Note 7)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	True	Limit		Units
Symbol			Тур	Min	Max	Units
t _{PLH}	Propagations Delay Low to High	EN_CELL to PA_ON or EN_PCS to PA_ON	10		80	ns
		EN_CELL to CELL_ON or EN_PCS to PCS_ON R _{PD} = 100Ω	7		56	ns
		GAIN_MODE to CELL_GAIN or GAIN_MODE to PCS_GAIN $R_{PD} = 100\Omega$	7		56	ns
		INV_A1 to INV_Y1	10		80	ns
		INV_A2 to INV_Y2	25		200	ns
t _{PHL}	Propagations Delay High to Low	EN_CELL to PA_ON or EN_PCS to PA_ON	10		80	ns
		EN_CELL to CELL_ON or EN_PCS to PCS_ON R _{PD} = 100Ω	25		200	ns
		GAIN_MODE to CELL_GAIN or GAIN_MODE to PCS_GAIN $R_{PD} = 100\Omega$	20		160	ns
		INV_A1 to INV_Y1	10		80	ns
		INV_A1 to A1_SINK $R_{PU} = 10 \text{ k}\Omega$	5		40	ns
		INV_A2 to INV_Y2	5		40	ns
t _{RISE}	Rise Time	PA_ON	15		120	
		INV_Y2	50		400	ns
		INV_Y1	20		160	
T _{FALL}	Fall Time	PA_ON	15		120	
		INV_Y2	10		80	ns
		INV_Y1	20		160	

Note 1: Absolute Maximum Ratings are limits beyond which damage to the device may occur. Operating Ratings are conditions under which operation of the device is guaranteed. Operating Ratings do not imply guaranteed performance limits. For guaranteed performance limits and associated test conditions, see the Electrical Characteristics tables.

Note 2: All voltages are with respect to the potential at the GND pin.

Note 3: The Absolute Maximum power dissipation depends on the ambient temperature and can be calculated using the formula:

$$PD = \frac{T_J - T_A}{\theta_{JA}}$$

where T_J is the junction temperature, T_A is the ambient temperature, and θ_{JA} is the junction-to-ambient temperature. The 2.0W rating appearing under Absolute Maximum Ratings results from substituting the Absolute Maximum junction temperature, 150°C for T_J , 70°C for T_A and 39.8°C/W for θ_{JA} . More power can be dissipated safely at ambient temperatures below 70°C. Less power can be dissipated safely at ambient temperatures above 70°C. The Absolute Maximum power dissipation can be increased by 25 mW for each degree below 70°C, and it must be derated by 25 mW for each degree above 70°C.

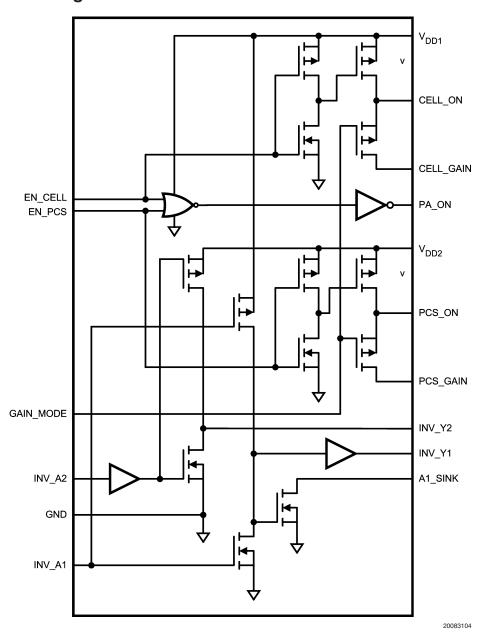
Note 4: The human body model is 100 pF discharged through a 1.5 k Ω resistor into each pin. The machine model is a 200 pF capacitor discharged directly into each pin.

Note 5: Like the Absolute Maximum power dissipation, the maximum power dissipation depends on the ambient temperature. The 1.38W rating appearing under Absolute Maximum Ratings results from substituting the Maximum junction temperature, 125°C for T_J , 70°C for T_A and 39.8°C/W for θ_{JA} . More power can be dissipated safely at ambient temperatures above 70°C. The Absolute Maximum power dissipation can be increased by 25 mW for each degree below 70°C, and it must be derated by 25 mW for each degree above 70°C.

Note 6: All limits are guaranteed by testing or statistical analysis.

Note 7: All AC parameters are guaranteed by design, not production tested.

LP3939 Block Diagram



Truth Tables

TABLE 1. PA Enables

INPUTS		OUTPUTS			
EN_CELL	EN_PCS	CELL_ON	PCS_ON	PA_ON	
0	0	0	0	0	
1	0	1	0	1	
0	1	0	1	1	
1	1	Not Valid			

Note: Measured with a 10 $k\Omega$ pull down resistor on CELL_ON and PCS_ON.

Truth Tables (Continued)

TABLE 2. PA Gain Mode

	INPUTS	OUTPUTS			
GAIN_MODE	EN_CELL	EN_PCS	CELL_GAIN	PCS_GAIN	
0	0	0	0	0	
0	1	0	1	0	
1	1	0	0	0	
0	0	1	0	1	
1	0	1	0	0	
X	1	1	Not Valid		

Note: Measured with a 10 k Ω pull down resistor on CELL_GAIN and PCS_GAIN.

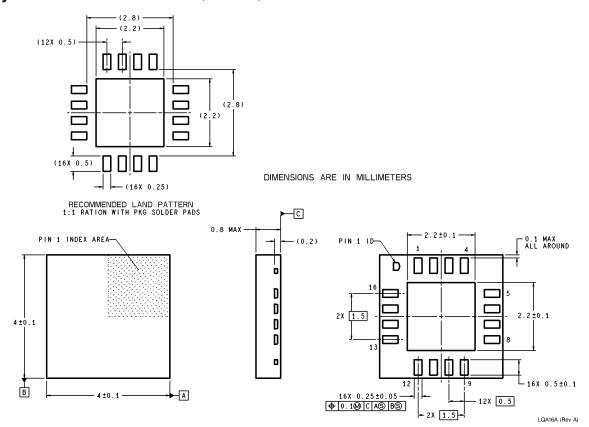
TABLE 3. Current Sink Control

INPUTS	OUTPUTS		
INV_A1	INV_Y1	A1_SINK	
0	1	0	
1	0	1	
INV_A2	INV_Y2		
0	1		
1	0		

Note: Measured with a 10 k Ω pull up resistor on A1_SINK.

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Physical Dimensions inches (millimeters) unless otherwise noted



NOTES: UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED

- 1. STANDARD LEAD FINISH TO BE 5.08 MICROMETERS MINIMUM LEAD/TIN (SOLDER) ON COPPER.
- 2. NO JEDEC REGISTRATION AS OF APRIL 2000.

16-Lead Plastic Quad Package
Order Number LP3939ILQ or LP3939ILQX
NS Package Number LQA16A

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