	SPEC No. E L 1 1 X 0 7 5
	ISSUE: Oct. 14 1999
<u>T</u>	o;
	PRELIMINARY
	SPECIFICATIONS
	Product Type : 1/4-type lens-integrated CMOS Color Area Sensor for VGA
	Model No. LZOP3816
	<pre>Model No. LZOP3816 **This specifications contains 30 pages including the cover. If you have any objections, please contact us before issuing purchasing order. CUSTOMERS ACCEPTANCE</pre>
	☆This specifications contains <u>30</u> pages including the cover. If you have any objections, please contact us before issuing purchasing order.
	<pre>%This specifications contains <u>30</u> pages including the cover. If you have any objections, please contact us before issuing purchasing order. CUSTOMERS ACCEPTANCE <u>DATE:</u></pre>
	*This specifications contains <u>30</u> pages including the cover. If you have any objections, please contact us before issuing purchasing order. CUSTOMERS ACCEPTANCE
	**This specifications contains 30 pages including the cover. If you have any objections, please contact us before issuing purchasing order CUSTOMERS ACCEPTANCE DATE: BY: PRESENTED BY: PRESENTED BY: VKUSANO Dept. General Manager REVIEWED BY: PREPARED BY:
	**This specifications contains 30 pages including the cover. If you have any objections, please contact us before issuing purchasing order. CUSTOMERS ACCEPTANCE DATE: BY: PRESENTED BY: PRESENTED BY: PRESENTED BY: MAGE DEPICY REVIEWED BY: PREPARED BY:

LZ0P3816

- Handle this document carefully for it contains material protected by international copyright law. Any reproduction, full or in part, of this material is prohibited without the express written permission of the company.
- When using the products covered herein, please observe the conditions written herein and the precautions outlined in the following paragraphs. In no event shall the company be liable for any damages resulting from failure to strictly adhere to these conditions and precautions.
 - (1) The products covered herein are designed and manufactured for the following application areas. When using the products covered herein for the equipment listed in Paragraph (2), even for the following application areas, be sure to observe the precautions given in Paragraph (2). Never use the products for the equipment listed in Paragraph (3).

Office electronics
Instrumentation and measuring equipment
Machine tools
Audiovisual equipment
Home appliances
Communication equipment other than for trunk lines

(2) Those contemplating using the products covered herein for the following equipment which demands high reliability, should first contact a sales representative of the company and then accept responsibility for incorporating into the design fail-safe operation, redundancy, and other appropriate measures for ensuring reliability and safety of the equipment and the overall system.

•Control and safety devices for airplanes, trains, automobiles, and other transportation equipment

•Mainframe computers

•Traffic control systems

'Gas leak detectors and automatic cutoff devices

•Rescue and security equipment

Other safety devices and safety equipment, etc.

- (3) Do not use the products covered herein for the following equipment which demands extremely high performance in terms of functionality, reliability, or accuracy.
 - •Aerospace equipment

<u>.</u>

- ·Communications equipment for trunk lines
- ·Control equipment for the nuclear power industry
- Medical equipment related to life support, etc.
- (4) Please direct all queries and comments regarding the interpretation of the above three Paragraphs to a sales representative of the company.

Please direct all queries regarding the products covered herein to a sales representative of the company.

:

LZ0P3816

CONTENTS

1.	GENERAL DESCRIPTION	2
2.	ARRANGEMENT OF PIXELS AND COLOR FILTERS	3
3.	BLOCK DIAGAM ·····	4
4.	PIN CONFIGRATION ·····	5
5.	PIN DESCRIPTION ·····	6
6.	ELECTRIC CHARACTERISTICS	7
7.	IMAGING CHARACTERISTICS	8
8.	LENS SPECIFICATIONS	9
9.	TIMING DIAGAM	10
10.	TIMING DIAGAM ······ (MONITORING MODE)	13
11.	TIMING DIAGAM ······ (USB MODE)	16
12.	DESCRPTION OF SERIAL DATA	19
13.	STANDARD OPERATING CIRCUIT EXAMPLE	22
14.	SPECIFICATION FOR BLEMISH	23
15.	CAUTIONS FOR USE	24
16.	PACKAGE OUTLINE AND PACKING SPECIFICATION	26

LZ0P3816

1. <u>GENERAL DESCRIPTION</u>

LZOP3816 is a 1/4-type(4.5mm) lens-integrated image sensor consists of PN photodiodes and CMOS(complementary Metal-Oxide-Semiconductor) devices. The sensor further includes a timing generator(TG), a correlated double sampling(CDS) circuit, an auto gain control(AGC) circuit and an analog-todigital converter(ADC) circuit. All circuits of the sensor can be driven by 3.3V single power supply. Having approximately 350,000 pixels(horizontal 703 × vertical 499). Having small lens and LCC-type flat pakage, possible to make ultra-small color camera easily.

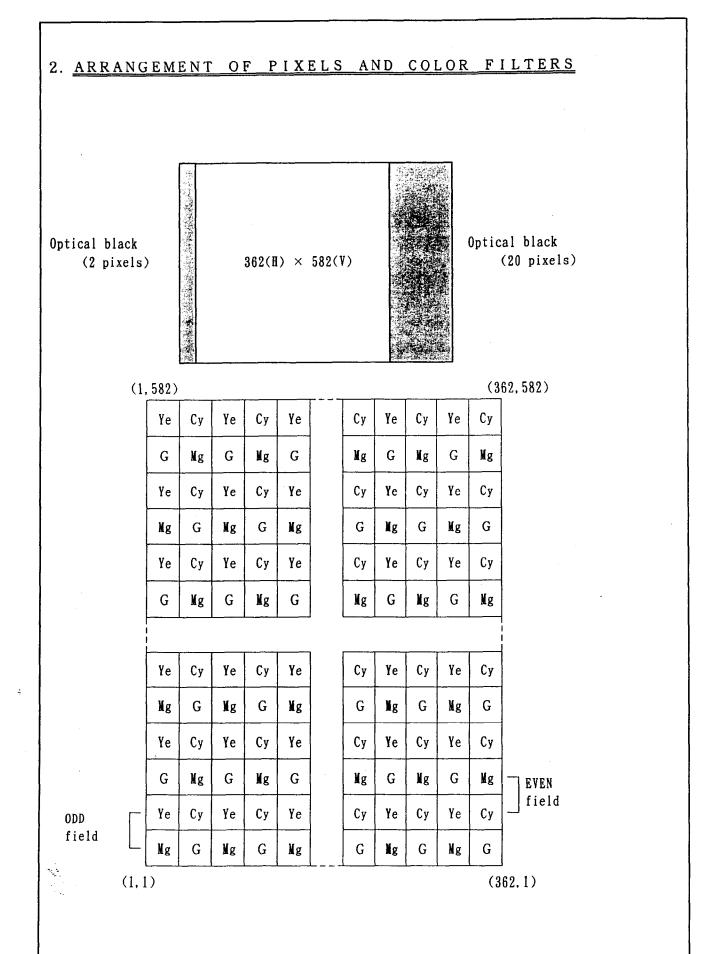
Features

1) Progressive scan 2) Compatible with VGA format 3) Number of image pixels : Horizontal 655 \times vertical 494 Pixel pitch : Horizontal 5.6 μ m \times vertical 5.6 μ m Number of optical black pixels : Horizontal; front 2 and rear 24 Vertical ; front 3 and rear 3 4) R, G and B primary color mosaic filters 5) Analog output and 8-bit digital output 6) Variable electronic shutter(1/30 to 1/10000 sec.) 7) Variable gain control(4 to 30 dB) 8) No burn-in and no image distortion 9) No smear and low blooming 10) Image inversion function (horizontally and/or vertically) 11) Monitoring mode (60 fields/sec) 12) 3.3V single power supply 13) Power save mode 14) 14-pin half-pitch WLCC-type pakage (Base section size:approx. $12mm \times 11 mm$) 15) Built-in optical Low-Pass-Filter 16) 50° (degrees) of horizontal view angle lens includes [F3.4] 17) Not designed or reted as radiation hardened Applications 1) Mobile Use (Telephone, PC, PDA Built-in), 2) Digital still camera 3) Pattern recognition %The circuit diagram and others included in this specification are intended for use to explain typical application examples. Therefore, we take no responsibility

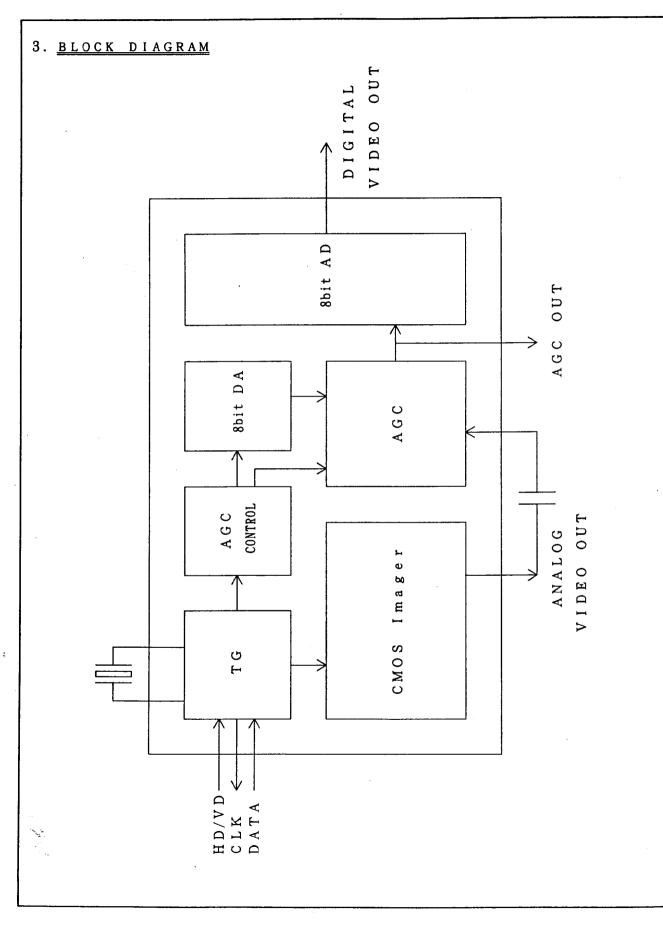
for any problem as may occur due to the use of the included circuit and for any

problem with industrial proprietary rights or other rights.

LZ0P3816



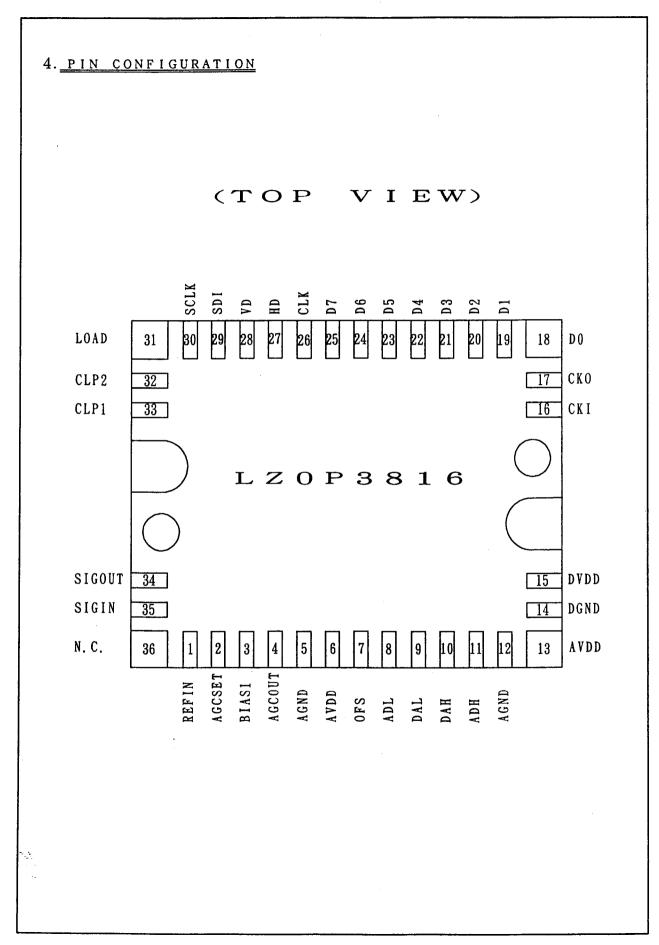
LZ0P3816



SHARP

4

LZ0P3816



5. <u>PIN DESCRIPTION</u>

Pin No.	Symbol	I/0	A/D	Description
1	REFIN	Ι	A	Reference Voltage for Analog Input
2	AGCSET		A	Resistor for AGC
3	BIAS1	_	A	Analog Bias Voltage 1 for Image Sensor
4	AGCOUT	0	· A	AGC Output
5	AGND		A	Analog Ground
6	AVDD		A	Analog Power Supply
7	OFS		A	Offset Bias Voltage for AGC
8	A D L		A	Bottom ADC Reference Voltage
9	DAL	—	A	Bottom DAC Reference Voltage
10	DAH		A	Top DAC Reference Voltage
11	A D H		A	Top ADC Reference Voltage
12	AGND	—	A	Analog Ground
13	AVDD		A	Analog Power Supply
14	DGND		D	Digital Ground
15	DVDD		D	Digital Power Supply
16	СКІ	Ι	D	Input for Oscillator (24.54MHz *)
17	СКО	0	D	Output for Oscillator
18	D 0	0	D	ADC Output (LSB)
19	D 1	0	D	ADC Output
2 0	D 2	0	D	ADC Output
21	D 3	0	D	ADC Output
22	D 4	0	D	ADC Output
23	D 5	0	D	ADC Output
24	D 6	0	D	ADC Output
2 5	D 7	0	D	ADC Output (MSB)
26	CLK	0	D	Clock output (12.27MHz *)
27	H D	Ι	D	Horizontal Drive Pulse Input
28	V D	Ι	D	Vertical Drive Pulse Input
29	S D I	I	D	Data Input (AGC Gain, Offset, Shutter
				control, Image Inversion, etc.)
30	SCLK	Ι	D	Shift Clock for Data
31	LOAD	Ι	D	Load Pulse for Data Input
32	CLP2		Α	Analog Bias Voltage 2 for Clamp Circuit
33	CLP1	_	A	Analog Bias Voltage 1 for Clamp Circuit
34	SIGOUT	0	A	Analog Image Signal Output
35	SIGIN	Ι	A	Analog Image Signal Input
36	BIAS2		A	Analog Bias Voltage 2 for Image Sensor

* : In the case of 'Normal Mode' and 'Monitoring Mode'. In the case of 'USB Mode', CKI is 24.00MHz and CLK is 12.00MHz.

۰.[.]

LZ0P3816

6. ELECTRIC CHARACTERISTICS

6-1. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Parameter	Symbol	Rating	Unit
Power Supply Voltage	VDD	$-0.3 \sim 4.6$	V
Input Signal Voltage	Vφ	$-0.3 \sim VDD + 0.3$	V
Storage Temperature	Tstr	$-20 \sim 70$	℃

6-2. RECOMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

÷

. .

Parameter			Symbol	MIN	ТҮР	MAX	Unit	Note
Power Suppl	ly V	/oltage	VDD	3. 0	3.3	3.6	V	
Operating 1	ſemŗ	perature	Topr	-10	25	60	°C	
Oscillator	No	ormal Mode	Fck		25. 54		MHz	
Frequency	Mc	onitoring Mode	-					
	US	SB Mode			24.00			
Digital Inp	out	Low Level	VøL	0		0. 2VDD	V	1
Volta	Voltage High Level		VøH	0. 8VDD		VDD	v	
Analog Input Voltage				(Connect to T		2		
Analog Bias Voltage				(Connect to Te	erminal throug	gh Capacitor)		3

Note1: Apply to input pins HD, VD, SDI, SCLK and LOAD.

Note 2: Apply to input pins SIGIN and REFIN. Do not connect to DC directly.

Note 3: Apply to pins BIAS1, BIAS2, OFS, ADL, DAL, DAH, ADH, CLP1 and CLP2. Do not connect to GND directly.

7

LZ0P3816

7. IMAGING CHARACTERISTICS

Readout mode : 1/30 sec, Normal mode Ambient temperature : $25~^{\circ}C$ Driving voltage : 3.3 V Color temperature of light source : 3200K

• Measurement point : Analog image signal output (pin no.34) before AGC and AD.

No.	Parameter	Symbol	Note	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
1	Standard output voltage	Vo	(a)		150		m V
2	Saturation output voltage	Vsat	(b)		700		mV
3	Dark output voltage	Vdark	(c)		2		m V
4	Sensitivity (Green channel)	R (G)	(d)		250		m V
5	Vertical line Fixed Pattern Noise	VFPN	(e)				m V p-p
6	Resolution (at centaer)		(f)	250	300		TV Line
7	Resolution (at corner)		(g)	150	200		TV Line
8	Shading		(h)	30			%
9	Difference of center		(i)			± 10	%
10	Current dissipation	IVDD	(j)		20		m A

[Note]

(Vco/Vce)X100[%]

- (a) Vo is the average output voltage of Green channel int the central area(H/10, V/10) under uniform illumination. The standard exposure condition is defined when Vo is 150 mV.
- (b) The image area is divided into 10 × 10 segments under 10 times exposure of the standard exposure condition. The segment's voltage is the average output voltages of all pixels whithin the segments. Vsat is the minimum segment's voltage of all the segments voltage.
- (c) Vdark is the difference between average output voltage of the effective area and that of the OB area, under non-exposure condition.
- (d) R(G) is the average output voltage of Green channel at central area(H/10, V/10) when a 1000 lux light source on a 90% reflector is image.
- (e) One mean horizontal line signal <bi> is obtained by adding all the horizontal line signals <aij> vertically and dividing them by the line number. <xi> is the deviation of the center pixel from the average of successive 5 pixels in <bi>. V-FPN is the maximum absolute value of <xi>.
- (f)The limited resolusion in the central area(H/10,V/10) whitch the image of TV resolusion chart(ex. EIAJ test chart:type-A) can be distinguished on the B/W video monitor when converted into composite video signal.
- (g)The limited resolusion in the perpheral area(image height:Y=0.7) under the conditions mentioned above.

(h)Defined following formura at the brightness of standard output voltage.

Vco:output voltage of edge of the image. (at Green channel)

- Vce:output voltage of center of the image. (at Green channel)
- (i)Difference of center between image and monitor. Ratio of horizontal underscaning monitor size.
- (j) IVDD is the total current of analog and digital power supply in the dark and on the standard load condition.

8. <u>LENS SPECIFICATIONS</u>

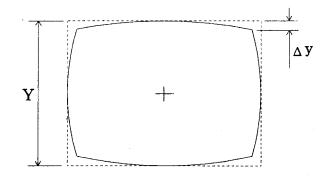
No	Parameter	Specifications	Note
1	Lens Structure	Prastic, Non-spherical, 2pcs.	
2	Focal Length	3.85mm ±5%	
3	F No.	3. $4 \pm 5\%$	
4	Angle of View	Horizontal:approx. 50° [typ. : Reference]	(a)
5	TV Distortion	-1.0%	(b)
6	Focus Adjustment Range	$\infty \sim 10$ cm	(c)
7	Torque of Focusing	0. 00005~0. 001 N·m	(d)

[Conditions]

(a) Effective Image Area : (H)3.67 \times (V)2.76mm

- (b) TV distortion is defined the formura, $(\triangle y / Y) \times 100$ [%]
 - at capturing rectangular pattern sized Horizontal by Vertcal as 4by 3.
 - "Y" is defined as the Vertical height of center of Horizontal line.

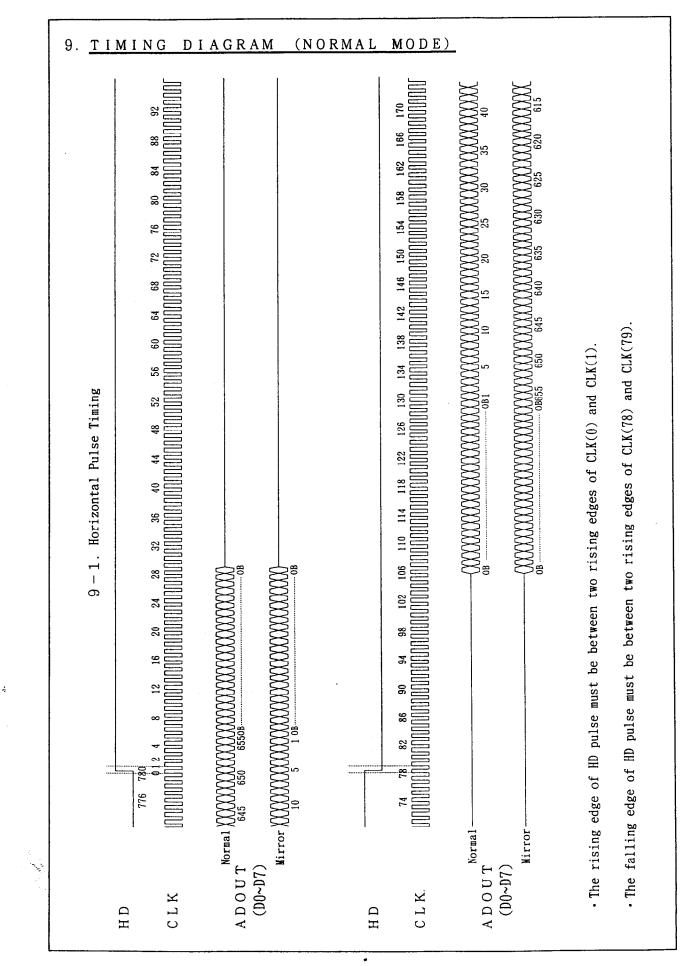
"y" is defined as the Vertical height of edge of Horizontal line.

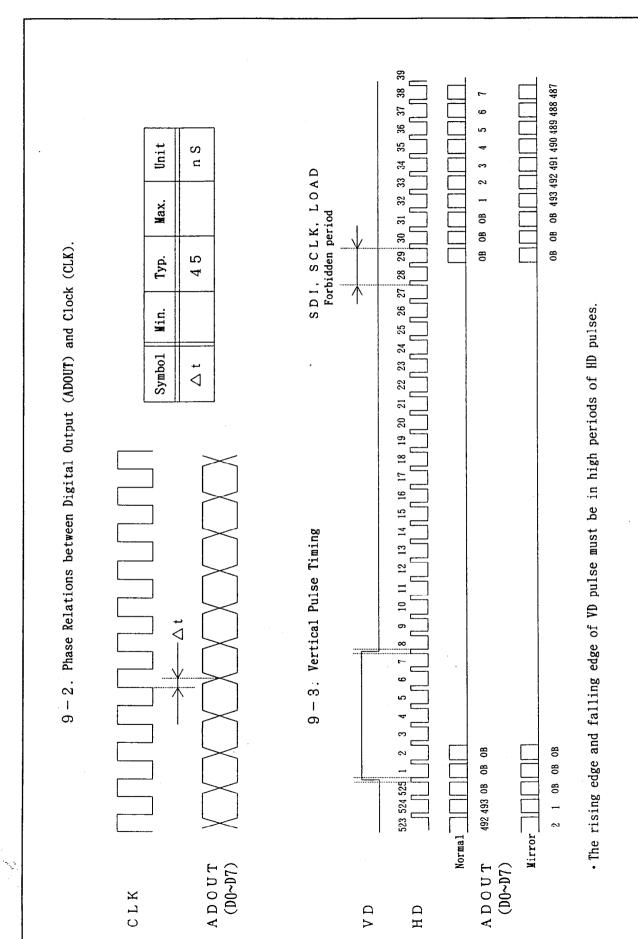


(c) The range is the best points by adjustment by screwing the lens head.

(d) Toruques which are necessary for turning the lens.(at shipping of products)

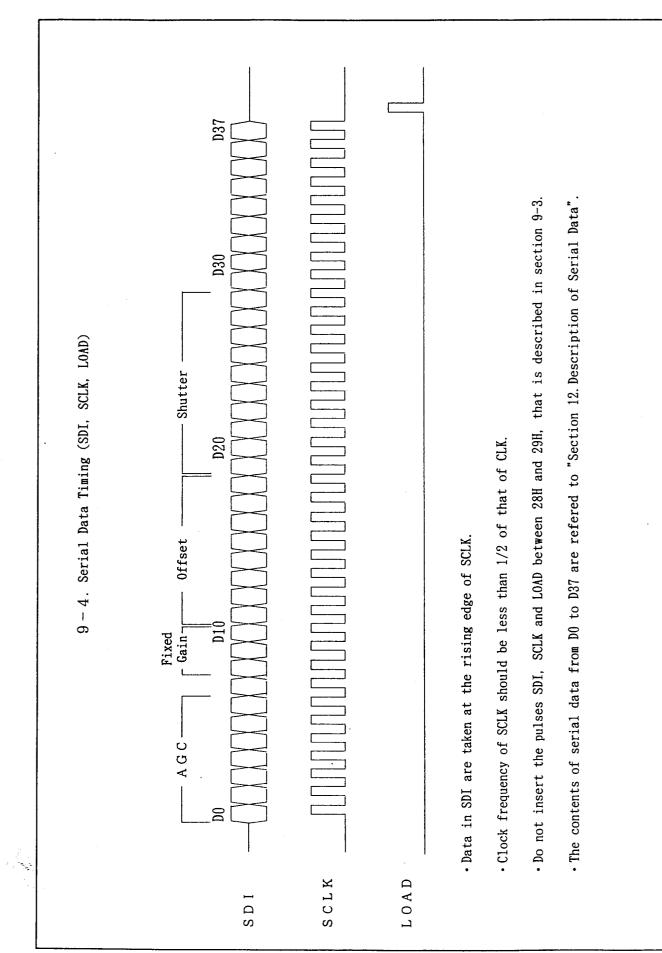
LZ0P3816





÷

LZ0P3816

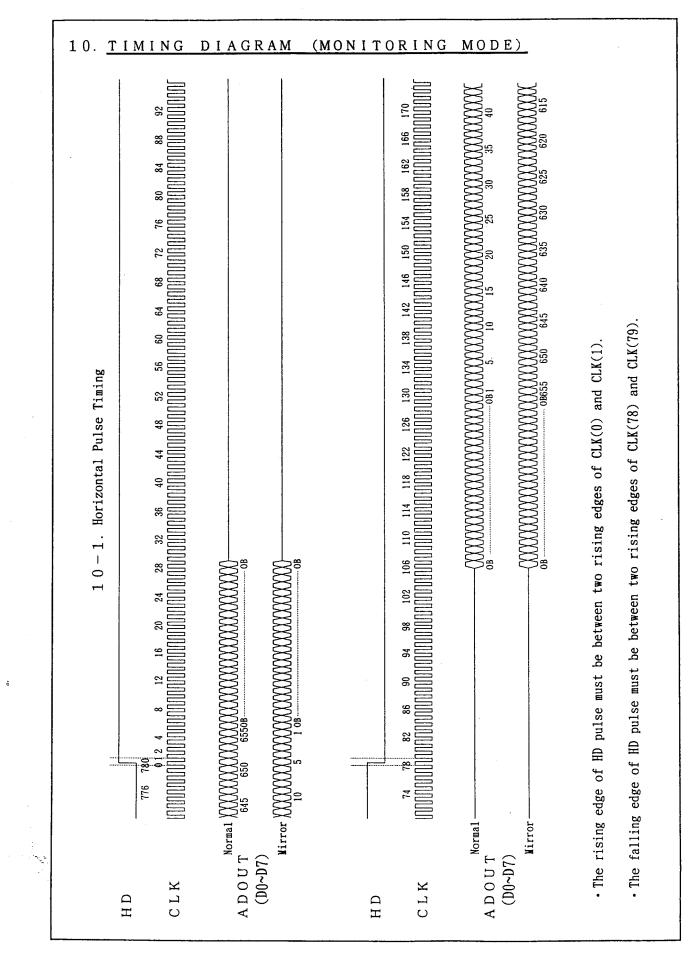


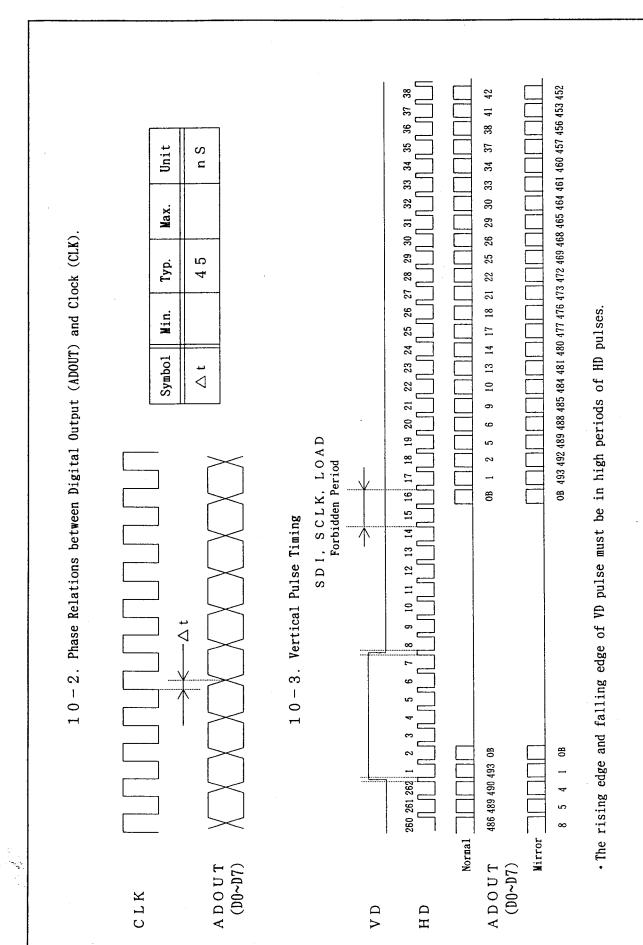
LZOP3816

SHARP

÷

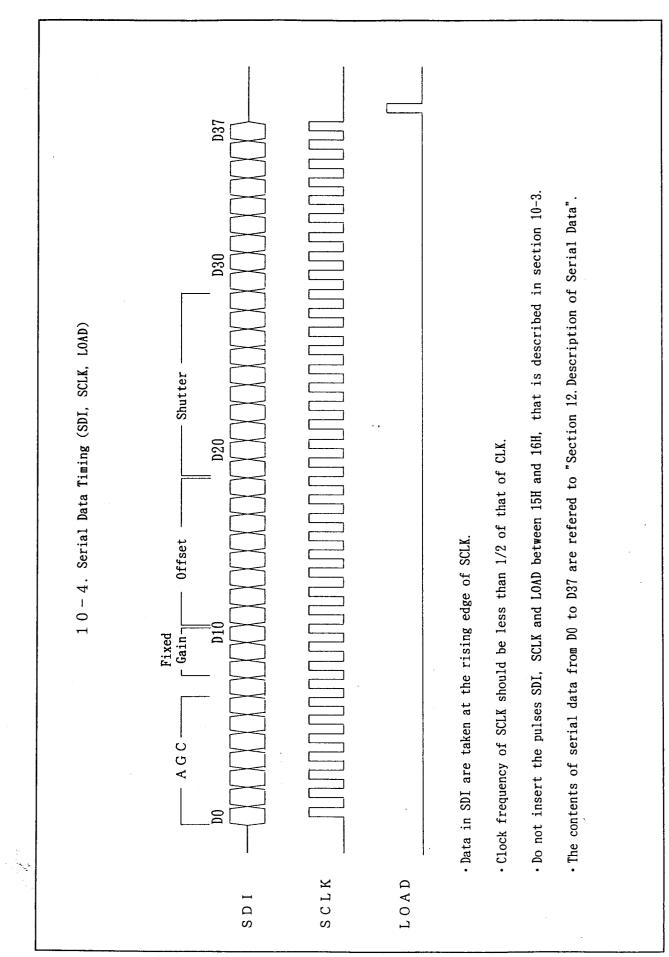
LZ0P3816

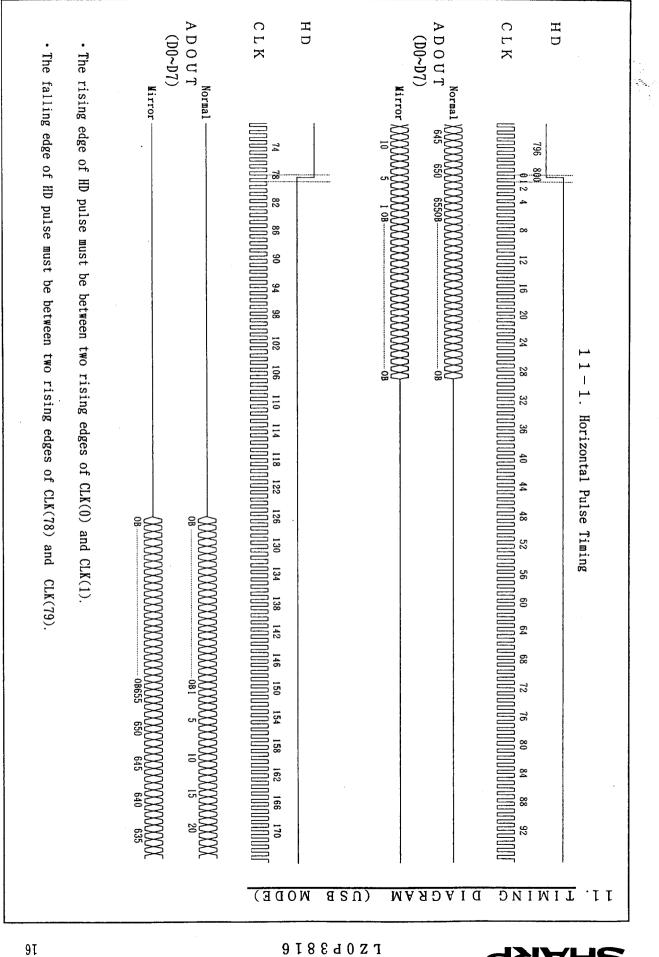




÷

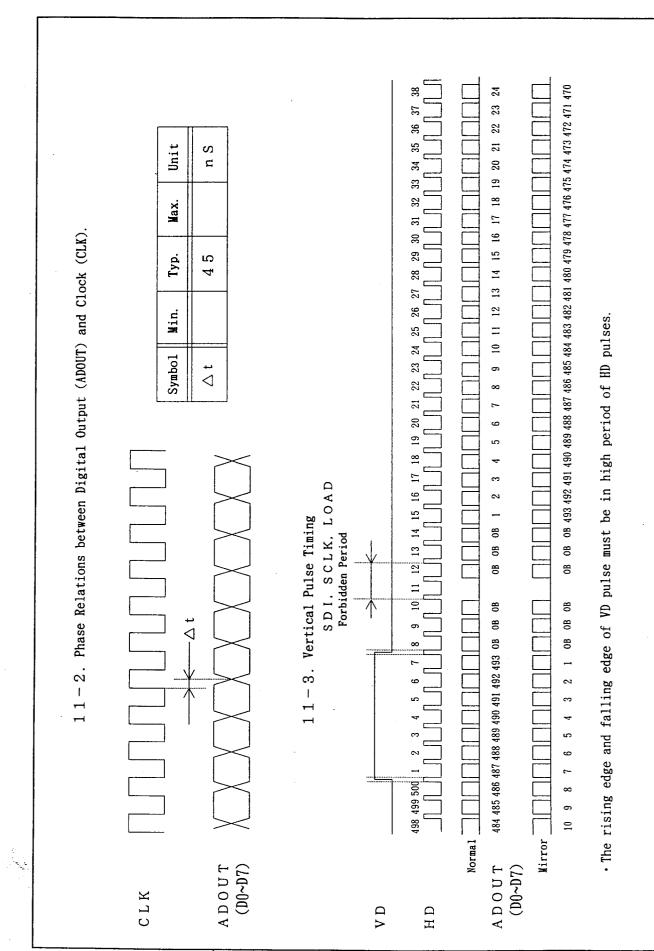
LZ0P3816





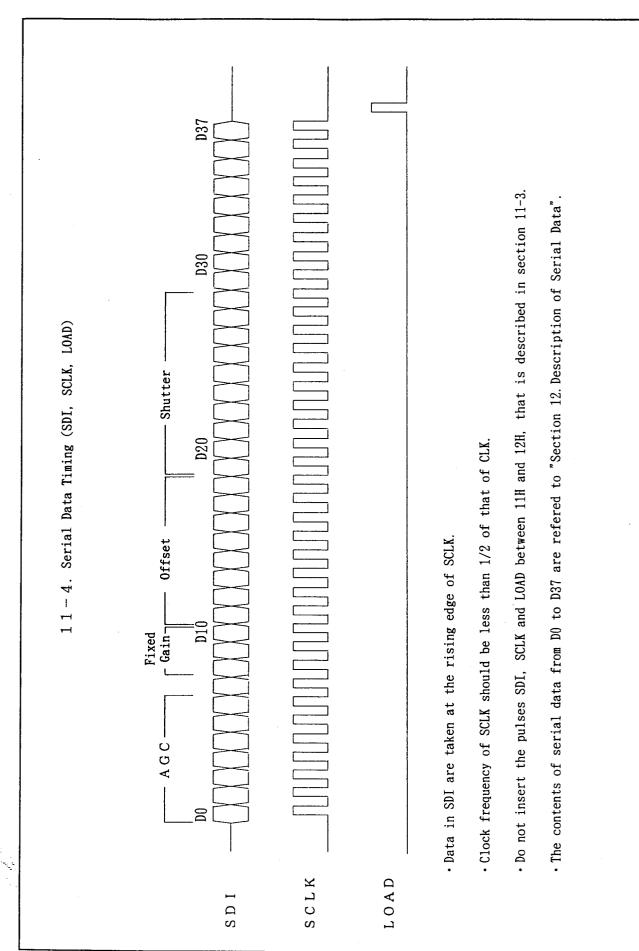
LZ0P3816

SHARP



÷

LZ0P3816



SHARP

LZP3816

		<u>F SERIAL DATA</u>
Address	Symbol	Function
D 0	AGC6 (MSB)	
D 1	AGC5	(0 to 20 dB)
D 2	AGC4	-
D 3	AGC3	
D 4	AGC2	
D 5	AGC1	
D 6	AGCO (LSB)	
D 7		No use (Fix to Low Level)
D 8	MAX2 (MSB)	Fixed gain select
D 9	MAX1	(3 to 10 dB)
D 1 0	MAX0 (LSB)	
D11	OFS7 (MSB)	Offset level control of AGC output
D 1 2	OFS6	(0.9 to 1.5 V)
D13	OFS5	
D14	OFS4	
D15	OFS3	
D16	OFS2	
D 1 7	OFS1	
D18	OFSO (LSB)	
D19	SHT9 (MSB)	Shutter speed control
D 2 0	SHT8	(Normal mode: exposure time is 1 to 1/525 frame period)
D 2 1	SHT7	(Monitoring mode
D22	SHT6	: exposure time is 1 to 1/262 frame period
D23	SHT5	(USB mode : exposure time is 1 to 1/500 frame period
D24	SHT4	1
D 2 5	SHT 3	
D 2 6	SHT2	
D 2 7	SHT1	
D28	SHTO (LSB)	1
D29	MIRH	H:Horizontal mirror inversion image, L:Normal image
D30	MIRV	H:Vertical mirror inversion image, L:Normal image
D31	MON	H:Monitoring mode(*1), L:Normal or USB mode
D32	SAD2 (MSB)	Phase select of AD clock
D33	SAD1	D32/D33/D34=L/L/L : -30' D32/D33/D34=L/L/H : -15'
D34	SADO (LSB)	D32/D33/D34=L/H/L : 0' D32/D33/D34=L/H/H : 15'
D35	LPMD1	Power save mode
D36	L P M D O	D35/D36=L/L:all active, D35/D36=H/L:AD off
		D35/D36=L/H: AD, AGC off, D35/D36=H/H: Inhibited mod
D37	USB	H:USB mode, L:Normal mode

(*1) Even if Monitoring mode is selected by D31, the sensor becomes USB mode when USB mode is selected by D37.

LZ0P3816

12-1. <u>SETTING OF AUTO GAIN CONTROL</u>										
• One LSB of the gain code represents approximately 0.156dB.										
	• Nominal gain values at typical codes are shown below.									
AutoGainControl	D 0	D 1	D 2	D 3	D 4	D 5	D 6			
(dB)										
0	L	L	L	L	L	L	L			
1	L	L	L	L	H	H	L			
2	L	L	L	H	H	L	H			
3	L	L	H	L	L	H	Н			
4	L	L	Н	H	L .	L	H			
5	L	H	L	L	L	L	L			
6	L	H	L	L	H	Н	L			
7	L	Н	L	Н	Н	L	L			
8	L	Н	Н	L	L	H	Н			
9	L	Н	H	Н	L	L	Н			
10	H	L	L	L	L	L	L			
11	Н	L	L	L	Н	Н	L			
1 2	Н	L	L	Н	Н	L	L			
13	H	L	H	L	L	Н	Н			
14	Н	L	H	Н	L	L	Н			
1 5	Н	L	Н	Н	Н	Н	Н			
16	Н	Н	L	L	Н	Н	L			
17	Н	Н	L	Н	Н	L	L			
18	H ⁺	Н	H	L	L	Н	Н			
19	Н	H	H	Н	L	L	Н			
2 0	H	H	H	Н	Н	Н	Н			

12-2. <u>SETTING OF FIXED GAIN</u>

• One LSB of the gain code represents 1dB.

4

<u>.</u>

Fixed Gain	D 8	D 9	D 1 0
(dB)			
3	L	L	L
4	L	L	H
5	Ĺ	Н	L
6	L	Н	H
7	Н	L	L
8	H	L	H
9	H	H	L
1 0	Н	Н	Н

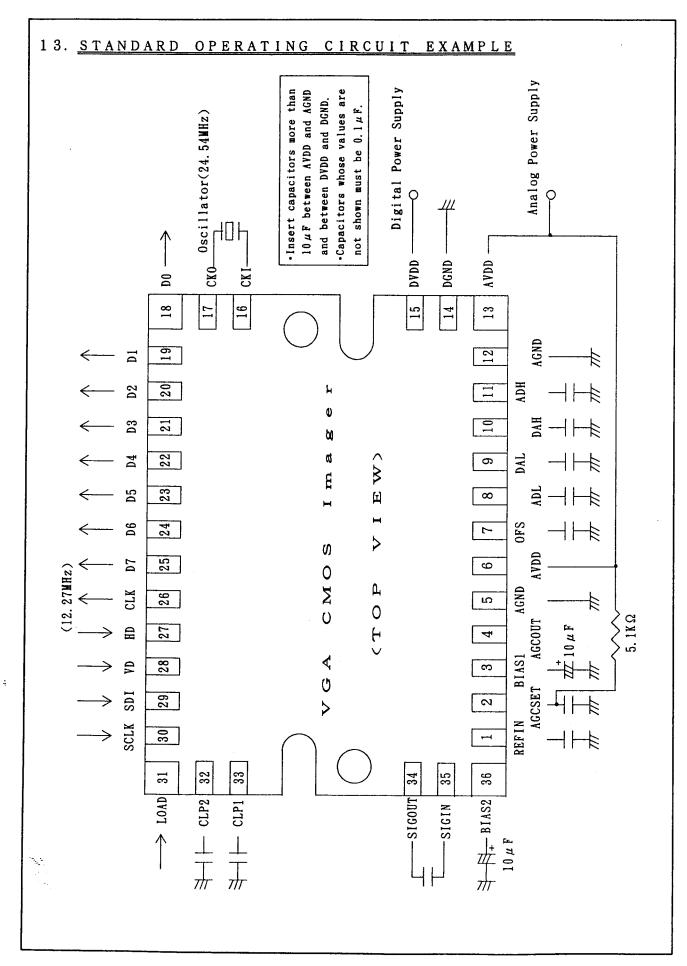
•

LZ0P3816

12 - 3	12-3. SETTING OF OFFSET LEVEL											
	• One LSB of the offset code represents approximately 0.002V.											
	inal offset					-						
	set Le			D11	D12	D13		4 D	15 I	D16	D17	D18
	0.9			L	L	L	L		L	L	L	L
	1.0			L	L	H	L		H	L	Н	Н
· · · · ·	1. 1			L	Н	L	H	-	L	H	L	Н
	1.2		-	Н	L	L	L		L	L	L	L
	1.3			Ĥ	L	H	L		H	L	Н	L
	1.4			H	Н	L	H		L	H	L	H
	1.5			Н	Н	Н	H		H	H	Н	Н
	SETTIN											
	LSB of the									-		
	tter speed			cal co	odes ai	re show	n belo	owin 1	the ca	se of	Norma	1,
	itoring and		es.			,r			·	·		
	Shutter Spe		DIA	Daa	Dat	Daa	Daa	Dat	Dar			
	sure Time Un		D19	D 20	D21	D 22	D23	D24	D 25	D26	3 D 27	D 28
Normal 525		-1	Ť	T		T		T	Ţ			+
523	202	500	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L
•	•	· ·										
265				H	L	L	L	L	т	H	L	L
264	_	240		H		L		 L		H H		H
263		239		H H		L L	L L			H		L
- 200	• 202	400					Г	L	L		11 -	
	•											
27	262	2	L	Н	H	Н	Н	H	L	L	Н	L
2 6		1	L	H	H	H	H	 H	L	L	H	H
2 5		500	L	H	H	H	H	H	L	H		L
•	•	•										
•	•	•						·····				
2	262	500	Н	L	L	L	L	L	H	L	H	H
1	262	500	Н	L	L.	L	L	L	H	H	L	L
525	262	500	H	L	L	L	L	L	H	H	L	H
•	•	•								1		
•	•	•										
525	262	500	H	H	H	Н	H	Н	H	H	H	Н
		ν.									-	
1.0 5	0.000.01.											
1 Z - 5.	SETTIN	GOF	DR	IVI	NG	MOD	<u>ES</u>					
	Function			D 0	1 1			-				
,	Function			D 3	1	<u> </u>	37	-				
1 1	Normal Mode L L											

Normal ModeLUSB ModeLMonitoring ModeHUSB ModeH

LZ0P3816





LZ0P3816

14. SPECIFICATION FOR BLEMISH [tentative]

1) Definition of blemish

	Level	Permitted number	
	of blemish (mV)	of blemish	Note
White blemish	50 ≦ B	0	\cdot Vout = Vstd
(Exposed)	B < 50	no count	(Green channel : 150mV)
Black blemish	$50 \leq B$	0	≫Refer to note below
(Exposed)	B < 50	no count	
	$100 \leq B$	0	
White blemish	$40 \leq B < 100$	10	
(Non_exposed)	$20 \leq B < 40$	20	
	B < 20	no count	

(note)

۰.-۲ • B : Blemish level defined in fig. below.

• Vout : Average output voltage at Green channel.

• Vstd :150 mV. The standard output voltage defined in the specification of "7. Imaging Characteristics"

2) Measureing conditions

• Operating temperature : Topr = 25° / Vdd = 3.3°

• Measureing point : Analog image signal output(Pin No. 34) before AGC and AD.

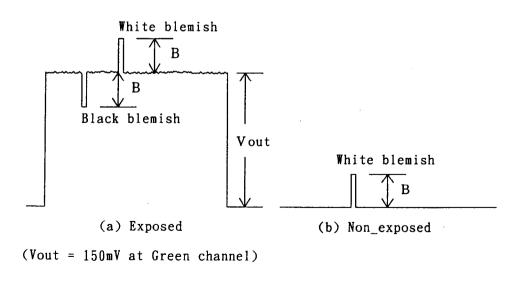


fig. Definition of blemish level

15. CAUTIONS FOR USE

1. Package breakage

In order to prevent the package, the lens holder and lens from being broken, follow the instructions below:

- 1) This CMOS image sensor is a precise optical component and the packaege-base material is ceramic. Therefore, please be careful about the following instructions.
 - Take care not to drop the device when mounting, handling, or transporting.
 - Avoid giving a shock to the package. Especially when leads are fixed to the shocks or the circuit board, a small shock could break the package more easily than when the package isn't fixed.
- 2) When adjusting focus, screw the lens holder to the circuits board before soldering the leads. At that time, make sure to use a circuit board with plenty of strength, and to avoid the packeage and lens holder from being broken, the following screw and clamp torque are recommended.
 - Recommended mounting screw :
 - No. 0(per JIS Standard) ϕ 1. 7mm pan head Tapping screws(B-tight, #3)
 - Length : L = 6.0 mm + the thicknesses of the circuit board
 - Recommended clamp Torque : 0.012 N•m
 - [however, when the thickness of the circuit board is thinner than t = 2.0 mm]
- 3) If any damage or breakage occur on the surface of the lens, its characteristics could deteriorate.

Therefore,

- Do not hit the Lens.
- Do not give a shock large enough to cause distortion.
- Do not scrub or scratch surface of the lens.
- --- Even a soft cloth or applicator, if dry, could cause dust to scratch the Lens.

2. Electrostatic Damage

÷

As compared with general MOS-LSI, CMOS image sensor has lower ESD. Therefore, take the following anti-static measures when handling the CMOS image sensor.

- 1) Always discharge static electricity by grounding the human body and the instrument to be used. To ground the human body, provide resistance of about $1M\Omega$ between the human body and the ground to be on the safe side.
- 2) When directly handling the device with the fingers, hold the lens holder and do not touth the lead.
- 3) To avoid generating static electricity,
 - a. do not scrub the body and lens surface with cloth etc.
 - b. do not attach any tape or labels.
- 4) When storing or transporting the device, put it in a container of conductive material.

SHARP

3. Dust and contamination

Dust or contamination on the surface of lens and the inside of the lens holder could deteriorate the output characteristic or cause a scar. In order to minimize dust or contamination on the device, take the following precautions:

 Do not remove the lens from the body. Especially when adjusting macro, be careful not to remove the lens by turning it counterclockwise too much.

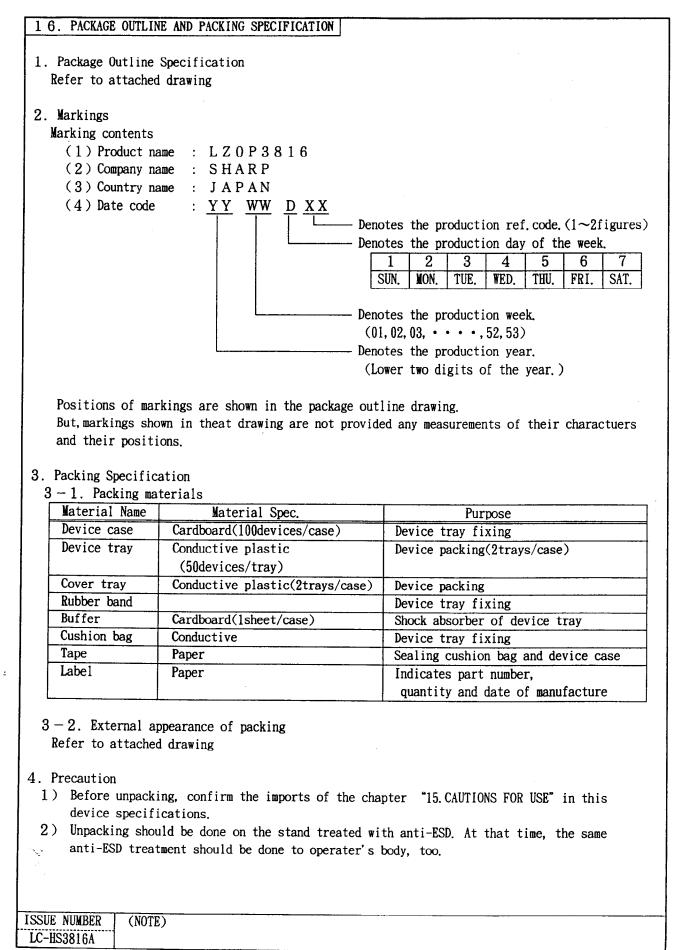
2) Do not touch the surface of the lens with the fingers. If dust or contamination gets on the surface of the lens, the following cleaning method is recommended:

- Hnadle the built-in lens CMOS image sensor in a clean environment such as a cleaned booth.
 - (The cleanliness level should be, if possible, if possible class 1000 at least.)
- Dust from static electricity should be blown off with an ionized air blower. For anti-electrostatic measures, however, ground all the leads on the device before blowing off the dust.
- The contamination on the surface of the lens should be wiped off with a clean applicator soaked in isopropyl alcohol. Wipe slowly and gently in one direction only.
 - --- Frequently replace the applicator and do not use the same applicator to clean more than one device.
- Make sure there is no dust or contamination on the lens and screw it on the lens holder.

4. Other

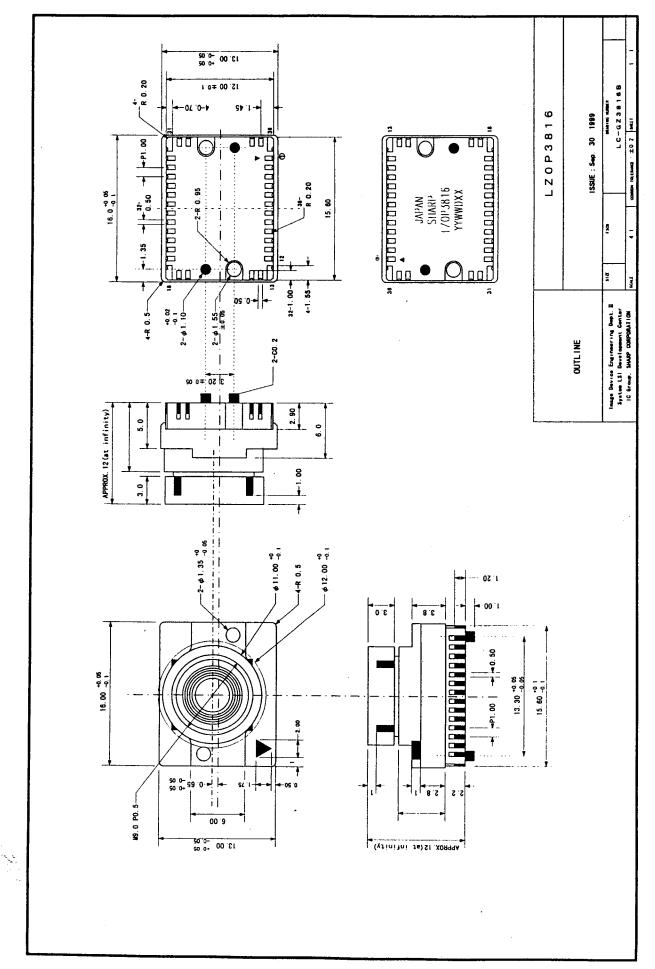
- 1) Soldering should be manually performed within 2 seconds per pin at 400°C maximum at soldering iron.
 - Use ESD-measured soldering iron.
 - The conditions of the soldering time in which the soldering iron touches the package.
 - --- In case where the soldering may exceed 2 seconds per pin, resume the work after the device returns to normal temperature.
 - Do not put too much force onto the lens and the lens holder while soldering.
 - Be careful not to let the soldering iron touch the lens holder.
 - ---- Soldering can be quickly/neatly done by laying the soldering iron so it lightly touches the border between the package and the circuit board and sliding it in sideways.
- 2) There is no guarantee of the performance of the device which has been removed or resoldered after being soldered once under the conditions mentioned above.
- 3) Avoid using or storing the CMOS image sensor at high temperature or high humidity as it is a precise optical component. Do not give a mechanical shock to the CMOS image sensor.
- 4) Do not expose the device to strong light. For the color device, long exposure to strong light will fade the color of the color filters.

LZOP3816





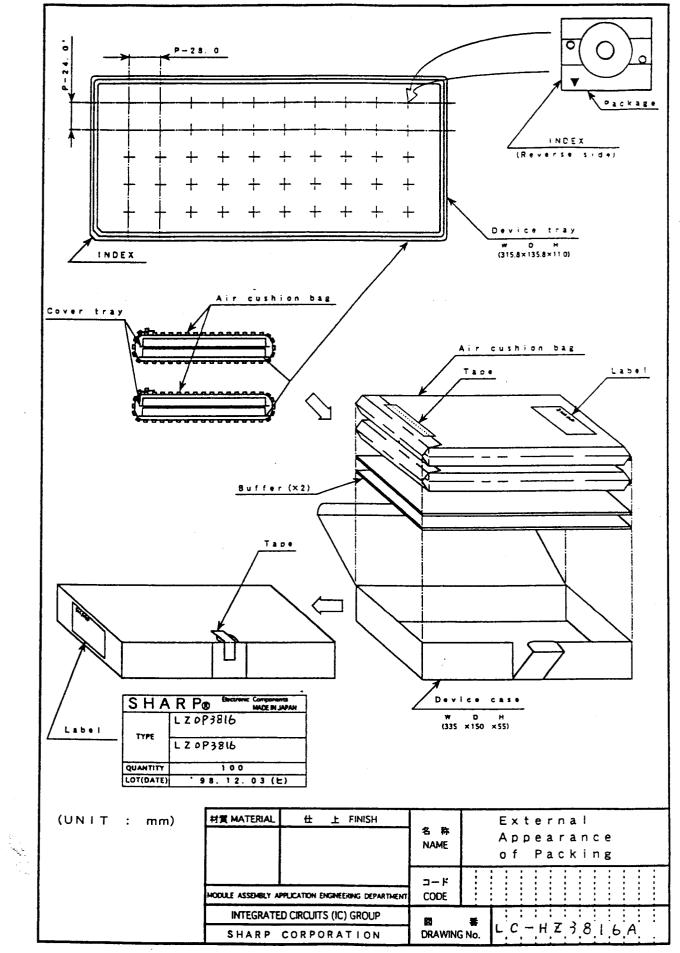
LZ0P3816



SHARP

:





SPECIFICATIONS ARE SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE.

Suggested applications (if any) are for standard use; See Important Restrictions for limitations on special applications. See Limited Warranty for SHARP's product warranty. The Limited Warranty is in lieu, and exclusive of, all other warranties, express or implied. ALL EXPRESS AND IMPLIED WARRANTIES, INCLUDING THE WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY, FITNESS FOR USE AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, ARE SPECIFICALLY EXCLUDED. In no event will SHARP be liable, or in any way responsible, for any incidental or consequential economic or property damage.



NORTH AMERICA

SHARP Microelectronics of the Americas 5700 NW Pacific Rim Blvd. Camas, WA 98607, U.S.A. Phone: (360) 834-2500 Fax: (360) 834-8903 http://www.sharpsma.com

EUROPE

SHARP Microelectronics Europe Sonninstraße 3 20097 Hamburg, Germany Phone: (49) 40 2376-2286 Fax: (49) 40 2376-2232 http://www.sharpsme.com

ASIA

SHARP Corporation Integrated Circuits Group 2613-1 Ichinomoto-Cho Tenri-City, Nara, 632, Japan Phone: +81-743-65-1321 Fax: +81-743-65-1532 http://www.sharp.co.jp