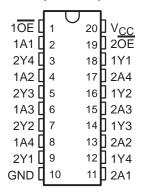
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- EPIC<sup>™</sup> (Enhanced-Performance Implanted CMOS) Submicron Process
- Typical V<sub>OLP</sub> (Output Ground Bounce)
   <0.8 V at V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V, T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C
- Typical V<sub>OHV</sub> (Output V<sub>OH</sub> Undershoot)
   >2 V at V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V, T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C
- Supports Mixed-Mode Signal Operation on All Ports (5-V Input/Output Voltage With 3.3-V V<sub>CC</sub>)
- I<sub>off</sub> Supports Partial-Power-Down-Mode Operation
- ESD Protection Exceeds 2000 V Per MIL-STD-883, Method 3015; Exceeds 200 V Using Machine Model (C = 200 pF, R = 0)
- Latch-Up Performance Exceeds 250 mA Per JESD 17
- Package Options Include Plastic Small-Outline (DW), Shrink Small-Outline (DB), Thin Very Small-Outline (DGV), and Thin Shrink Small-Outline (PW) Packages

### DB, DGV, DW, OR PW PACKAGE (TOP VIEW)



#### description

This octal buffer/driver is designed for 1.65-V to 3.6-V V<sub>CC</sub> operation.

The SN74LVC240A is designed specifically to improve the performance and density of 3-state memory address drivers, clock drivers, and bus-oriented receivers and transmitters.

This device is organized as two 4-bit buffers/drivers with separate output-enable  $(\overline{OE})$  inputs. When  $\overline{OE}$  is low, the device passes data from the A inputs to the Y outputs. When  $\overline{OE}$  is high, the outputs are in the high-impedance state.

Inputs can be driven from either 3.3-V or 5-V devices. This feature allows the use of these devices as translators in a mixed 3.3-V/5-V system environment.

To ensure the high-impedance state during power up or power down,  $\overline{OE}$  should be tied to  $V_{CC}$  through a pullup resistor; the minimum value of the resistor is determined by the current-sinking capability of the driver.

This device is fully specified for partial-power-down applications using  $I_{off}$ . The  $I_{off}$  circuitry disables the outputs, preventing damaging current backflow through the device when it is powered down.

The SN74LVC240A is characterized for operation from -40°C to 85°C.

### FUNCTION TABLE (each 4-bit buffer)

INPUTS		OUTPUT
OE	Α	Y
L	Н	L
L	L	Н
Н	Χ	Z

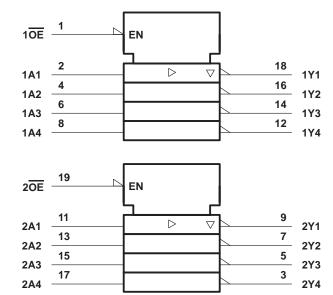


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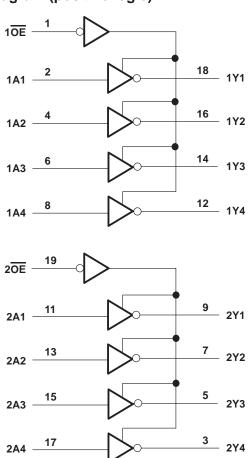
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#### logic symbol†



 $\ensuremath{^{\dagger}}$  This symbol is in accordance with ANSI/IEEE Std 91-1984 and IEC Publication 617-12.

#### logic diagram (positive logic)





#### absolute maximum ratings over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)†

Supply voltage range, V <sub>CC</sub>	–0.5 V to 6.5 V
Input voltage range, V <sub>I</sub> (see Note 1)	–0.5 V to 6.5 V
Voltage range applied to any output in the high-impedance or power-off state, VO	
(see Note 1)	–0.5 V to 6.5 V
Voltage range applied to any output in the high or low state, VO	
(see Notes 1 and 2)	$\dots$ -0.5 V to V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.5 V
Input clamp current, I <sub>IK</sub> (V <sub>I</sub> < 0)	–50 mA
Output clamp current, I <sub>OK</sub> (V <sub>O</sub> < 0)	–50 mA
Continuous output current, IO	±50 mA
Continuous current through V <sub>CC</sub> or GND	±100 mA
Package thermal impedance, θ <sub>JA</sub> (see Note 3): DB package	70°C/W
DGV package	92°C/W
DW package	58°C/W
PW package	83°C/W
Storage temperature range, T <sub>stq</sub>	–65°C to 150°C

<sup>†</sup> Stresses beyond those listed under "absolute maximum ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

- NOTES: 1. The input negative-voltage and output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output current ratings are observed.
  - 2. The value of V<sub>CC</sub> is provided in the recommended operating conditions table.
  - 3. The package thermal impedance is calculated in accordance with JESD 51.

#### recommended operating conditions (see Note 4)

			MIN	MAX	UNIT	
VCC	Supply voltage	Operating	1.65	3.6	V	
		Data retention only	1.5		V	
	High-level input voltage	$V_{CC} = 1.65 \text{ V to } 1.95 \text{ V}$	0.65 × V <sub>CC</sub>			
$\vee_{IH}$		$V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V to } 2.7 \text{ V}$	1.7		V	
		$V_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$	2			
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 V to 1.95 V		0.35 × V <sub>CC</sub>		
$V_{IL}$	Low-level input voltage	$V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V to } 2.7 \text{ V}$		0.7	V	
		$V_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$		0.8		
٧ <sub>I</sub>	Input voltage		0	5.5	V	
\/o	Output voltage	High or low state	0	Vcc	V	
VO		3 state	0	5.5	V	
	High-level output current	V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 V		-4		
lou		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V		-8	mA	
ЮН		$V_{CC} = 2.7 V$		-12		
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3 V		-24		
	Low-level output current	V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 V		4		
lOL		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V		8	mA	
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.7 V		12	IIIA	
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3 V		24		
Δt/Δν	Input transition rise or fall rate		0	6	ns/V	
TA	Operating free-air temperature		-40	85	°C	

NOTE 4: All unused inputs of the device must be held at V<sub>CC</sub> or GND to ensure proper device operation. Refer to the TI application report, Implications of Slow or Floating CMOS Inputs, literature number SCBA004.



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#### electrical characteristics over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS		VCC	MIN	TYP†	MAX	UNIT
	I <sub>OH</sub> = -100 μA	1.65 V to 3.6 V	V <sub>CC</sub> -0.2				
	$I_{OH} = -4 \text{ mA}$	1.65 V	1.2				
\/o	I <sub>OH</sub> = -8 mA		2.3 V	1.7			v
VOH	I <sub>OH</sub> = -12 mA	2.7 V	2.2			V	
	IOH = -12 IIIA	3 V	2.4				
	I <sub>OH</sub> = -24 mA		3 V	2.2			
	I <sub>OL</sub> = 100 μA	1.65 V to 3.6 V			0.2		
	I <sub>OL</sub> = 4 mA	1.65 V			0.45	V	
VOL	$I_{OL} = 8 \text{ mA}$	2.3 V			0.7		
	I <sub>OL</sub> = 12 mA	2.7 V			0.4		
	I <sub>OL</sub> = 24 mA	3 V			0.55		
lį	V <sub>I</sub> = 0 to 5.5 V		3.6 V			±5	μΑ
l <sub>off</sub>	$V_I$ or $V_O = 5.5 V$		0			±10	μΑ
I <sub>OZ</sub>	V <sub>O</sub> = 0 to 5.5 V	$V_{O} = 0 \text{ to } 5.5 \text{ V}$				±10	μΑ
	$V_I = V_{CC}$ or GND	la 0	261/			10	^
lcc	$3.6 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{\text{I}} \le 5.5 \text{ V}^{\ddagger}$	IO = 0	3.6 V			10	μΑ
ΔlCC	One input at V <sub>CC</sub> – 0.6 V,	Other inputs at V <sub>CC</sub> or GND	2.7 V to 3.6 V			500	μΑ
Ci	$V_I = V_{CC}$ or GND		3.3 V		4		pF
Co	$V_O = V_{CC}$ or GND		3.3 V		5.5		pF

<sup>†</sup> All typical values are at  $V_{CC}$  = 3.3 V,  $T_A$  = 25°C. ‡ This applies in the disabled state only.

# switching characteristics over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted) (see Figures 1 through 3)

PARAMETER	FROM TO (INPUT)		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.8 V ± 0.15 V		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.5 V ± 0.2 V		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.7 V		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V		UNIT
	(INFOT)	(0011-01)	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
<sup>t</sup> pd	А	Υ	§	§	§	§		7.5	1.3	6.5	ns
t <sub>en</sub>	ŌĒ	Y	§	§	§	§		9	1.1	8	ns
<sup>t</sup> dis	ŌĒ	Υ	§	§	§	§		8	1.4	7	ns
t <sub>sk(o)</sub> ¶						·				1	ns

<sup>§</sup> This information was not available at the time of publication.

### operating characteristics, $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$

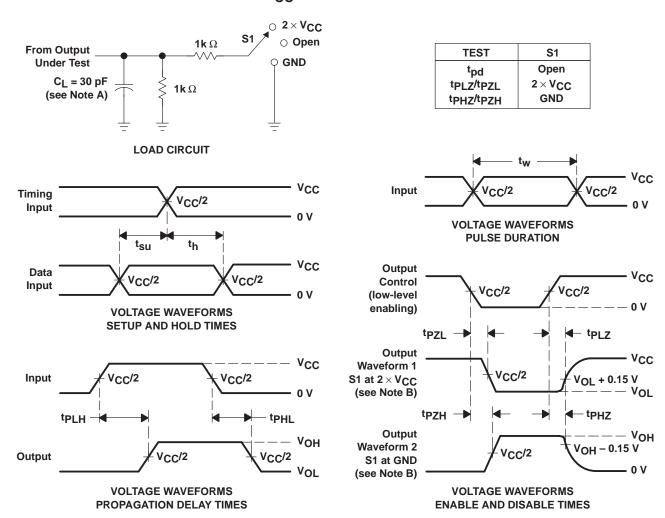
PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.8 V ± 0.15 V	V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.5 V ± 0.2 V	V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V	UNIT		
		CONDITIONS	TYP	TYP	TYP			
C . Bours discination consistence		Outputs enabled	f 40 MH=	§	§	32	pF	
Popo	C <sub>pd</sub> Power dissipation capacitance	Outputs disabled	f = 10 MHz	§	§	3	pr	

<sup>§</sup> This information was not available at the time of publication.



 $<sup>\</sup>P$  Skew between any two outputs of the same package switching in the same direction

## PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION $V_{CC} = 1.8 \text{ V} \pm 0.15 \text{ V}$

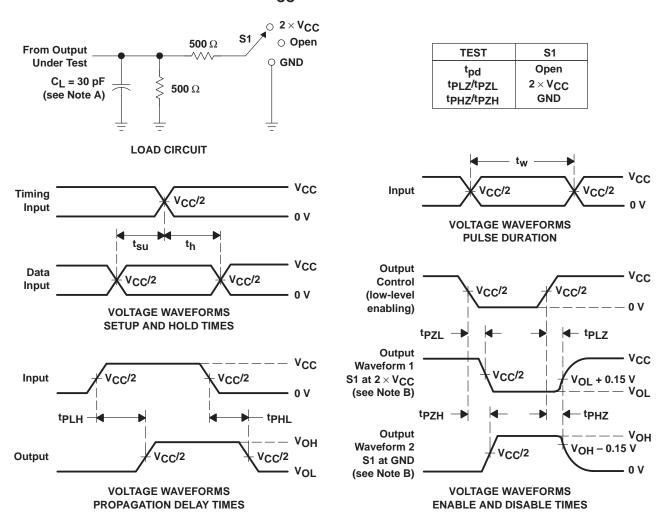


NOTES: A. C<sub>L</sub> includes probe and jig capacitance.

- B. Waveform 1 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is low except when disabled by the output control. Waveform 2 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is high except when disabled by the output control.
- C. All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics: PRR  $\leq$  10 MHz, Z<sub>O</sub> = 50  $\Omega$ ,  $t_f \leq$  2 ns,  $t_f \leq$  2 ns.
- D. The outputs are measured one at a time with one transition per measurement.
- E. tpLz and tpHz are the same as tdis.
- F. tpzL and tpzH are the same as ten.
- G. tpLH and tpHL are the same as tpd.

Figure 1. Load Circuit and Voltage Waveforms

## PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION $V_{CC} = 2.5 \text{ V} \pm 0.2 \text{ V}$



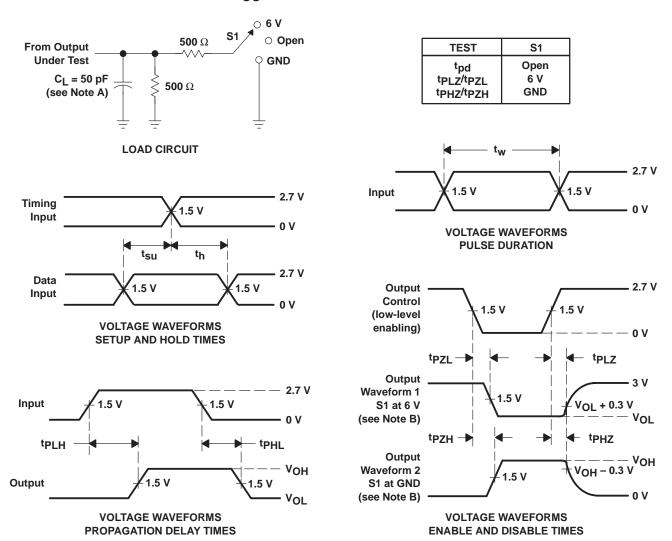
NOTES: A. C<sub>L</sub> includes probe and jig capacitance.

- B. Waveform 1 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is low except when disabled by the output control. Waveform 2 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is high except when disabled by the output control.
- C. All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics: PRR  $\leq$  10 MHz, Z  $_{O}$  = 50  $\Omega$ ,  $t_{f} \leq$  2 ns,  $t_{f} \leq$  2 ns,  $t_{f} \leq$  2 ns,  $t_{f} \leq$  10 mHz, Z  $_{O}$  = 50  $\Omega$ ,  $t_{f} \leq$  10 mHz, Z  $_{O}$
- D. The outputs are measured one at a time with one transition per measurement.
- E. tpLZ and tpHZ are the same as tdis.
- F. tpzL and tpzH are the same as ten.
- G.  $t_{PLH}$  and  $t_{PHL}$  are the same as  $t_{pd}$ .

Figure 2. Load Circuit and Voltage Waveforms



## PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION $V_{CC}$ = 2.7 V AND 3.3 V $\pm$ 0.3 V



NOTES: A.  $C_L$  includes probe and jig capacitance.

- B. Waveform 1 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is low except when disabled by the output control. Waveform 2 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is high except when disabled by the output control.
- C. All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics: PRR  $\leq$  10 MHz,  $Z_O = 50 \ \Omega$ ,  $t_f \leq$  2 ns.  $t_f \leq$  2 ns.
- D. The outputs are measured one at a time with one transition per measurement.
- E. tpLZ and tpHZ are the same as tdis.
- F. tpzL and tpzH are the same as ten.
- G. tpLH and tpHL are the same as tpd.

Figure 3. Load Circuit and Voltage Waveforms



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