

## W-band Multi-function: Multiplier / MPA

### GaAs Monolithic Microwave IC

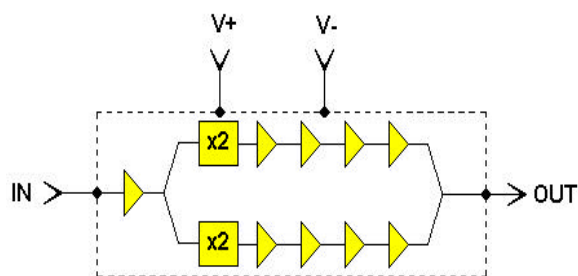
#### Description

The CHU3277 is a W-band monolithic multifunction, which integrates an input buffer/power divider and two Wband chains in parallel combined at the output. Each one includes a frequency multiplier and a four-stages medium power amplifier. The frequency multipliers are based on active transistors and allow operation at low input level with reduced power consumption.

All the active devices are internally self-biased to ease bias configuration. This chip is compatible with automatic equipment for assembly.

The circuit is manufactured with the P-HEMT process: 0.15 $\mu$ m gate length, via holes through the substrate, air bridges and electron beam gate lithography.

It is available in chip form.



*W-band multifunction block-diagram*

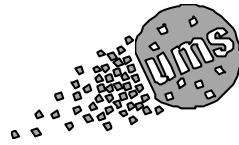
#### Main Features

- Wide operating frequency range
- Low input power: 5dBm typical
- High output power
- Low AM noise
- Wide temperature range
- On-chip self biasing
- Very simple bias configuration
- Low DC power consumption
- Automatic assembly oriented
- BCB layer protection
- Chip size: 3.9 x 1.66 x 0.1mm

#### Main Typical Characteristics

Tamb = +25°C

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
F_in	Input frequency	38		38.5	GHz
P_in	Input power		5		dBm
F_out	Output frequency	76		77	GHz
Pout	Output power		18		dBm



ESD Protections: Electrostatic discharge sensitive device observe handling precautions!

## Electrical Characteristics

Full operating temperature range, used according to section "Typical assembly and bias configuration"

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
F_in	Input frequency	38		38.5	GHz
F_out	Output frequency	76		77	GHz
P_in	Input power	3	5	10	dBm
Pout	Output power (1)	15.5	18	20.5	dBm
Pout_Flat	Output power flatness			<1	dB
AM_noise	Amplitude noise @ 1kHz (SSB)		-137	-132	dBc/Hz
	Amplitude noise @ 10kHz (SSB)		-145	-140	
	Amplitude noise @ 100kHz (SSB)		-151	-146	
	Amplitude noise @ 200kHz (SSB)		-153	-148	
	Amplitude noise @ 1MHz (SSB)		-157	-152	
VSWR_in	VSWR at input port (50Ω)		2:1	2.5:1	
+V	Positive supply voltage (2)	4.25	4.5	4.75	V
+I	Positive supply current		280	400	mA
-V	Negative supply voltage (2)	-4.75	-4.5	-4.25	V
-I	Negative supply current		8	12	mA
Top	Operating temperature range	-40	25	100	°C
Tstg	Storage temperature range	-40	25	120	°C

(1) Defined on load VSWR  $\leq 1.5:1$ .

(2) Negative supply voltage must be applied at least 1us before positive supply voltage.

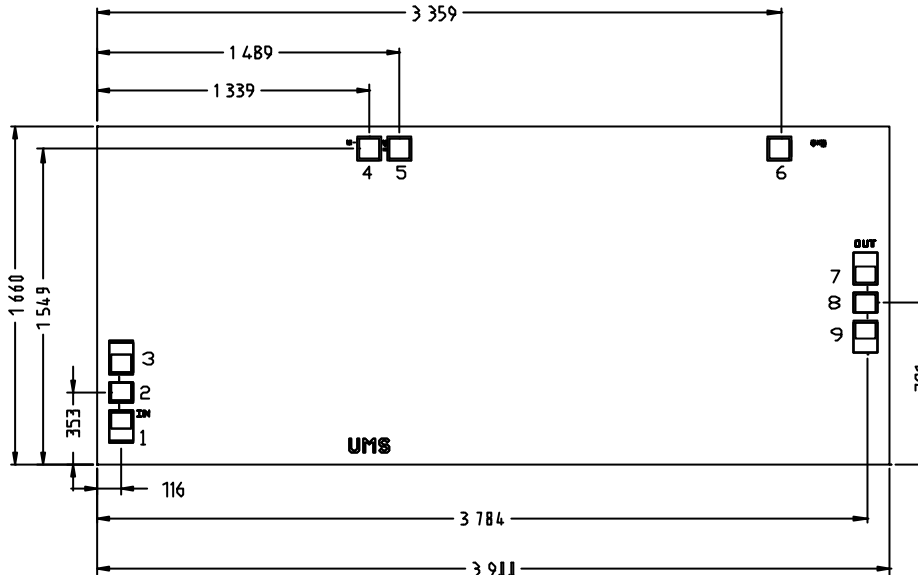
## Absolute Maximum Ratings (3)

Symbol	Parameter	Values	Unit
P_in	Input power (4)	12	dBm
+V	Positive supply voltage	5	V
-V	Negative supply voltage	-5	V
+I	Positive supply current	450	mA
-I	Negative supply current	15	mA
Tstg	Storage temperature range	-55 to +155	°C

(3) Operation of this device above anyone of these parameters may cause permanent damage.

(4) Duration < 1s.

## Chip Mechanical Data and Pin References

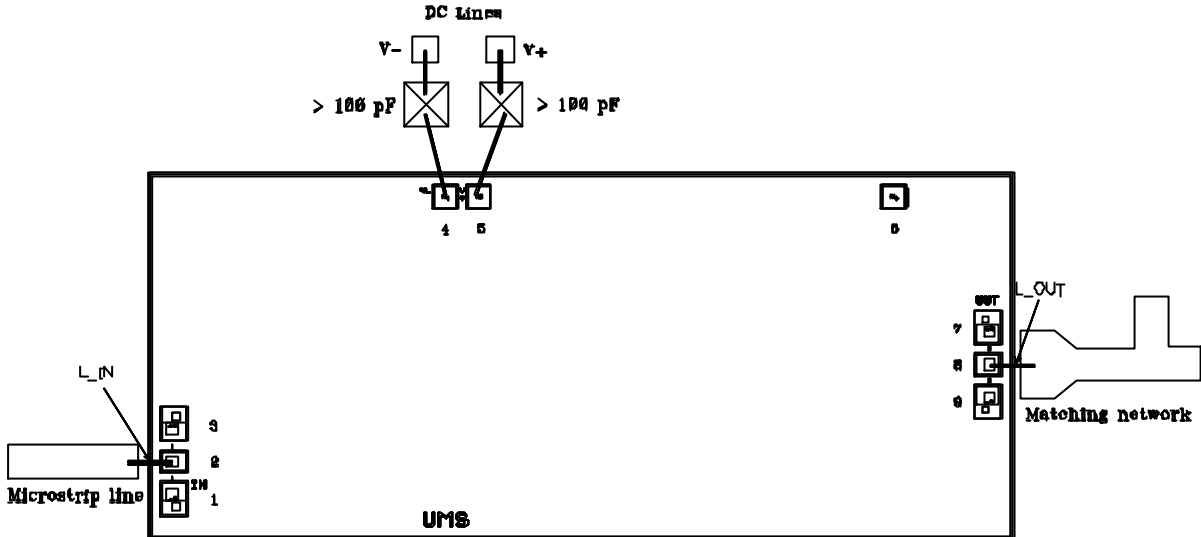


UNITS :  $\mu\text{m}$   
Tol. :  $\pm 35\mu\text{m}$

Units =  $\mu\text{m}$   
 Chip size =  $3900 \times 1660 \pm 35$   
 Chip thickness =  $100 \pm 10$   
 HF Pads (2,8) =  $90 \times 110$  (BCB opening)  
 DC Pads (4,5,6) =  $100 \times 100$  (BCB opening)

Pin number	Pin name	Description
1,3,7,9		Ground: should not be bonded. If required, please ask for more information.
6	<b>GND</b>	Ground (optional)
2	<b>IN</b>	Input port
8	<b>OUT</b>	Output port
5	<b>+V</b>	Positive supply voltage
4	<b>-V</b>	Negative supply voltage

Typical Assembly and Bias Configuration



This drawing shows an example of assembly and bias configuration. All the transistors are internally self-biased. An external capacitor is recommended for the positive and negative supply voltages.

For the RF pads the equivalent wire bonding inductance (diameter=25µm) has to be according to the following recommendation.

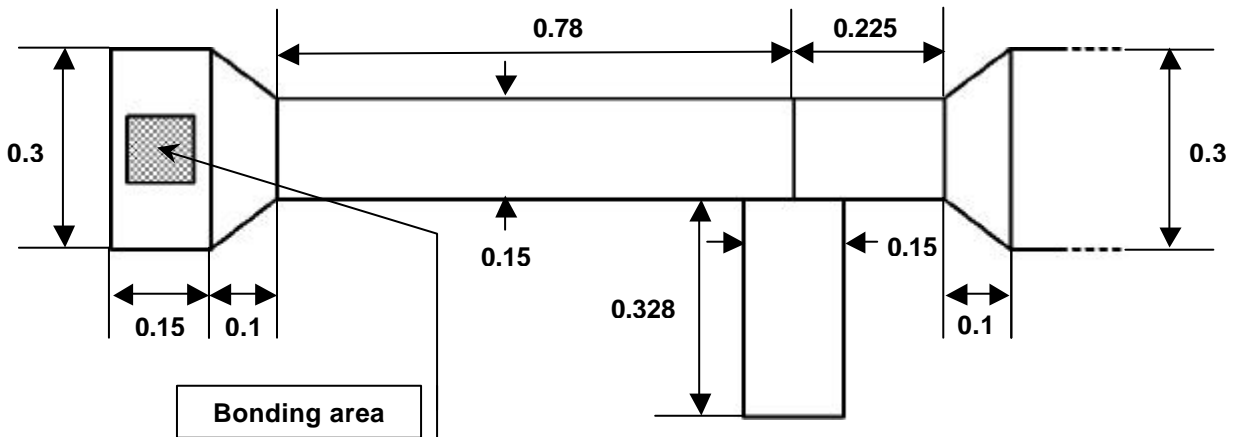
Port	Equivalent inductance (nH)	Wire length (mm) (1)
IN (2)	$L_{in} = 0.27$	0.34
OUT (8)	$L_{out} = 0.27$	0.34

(1) This value is the total length including the necessary loop from pad to pad.

For a microstrip configuration a hole in the substrate is necessary for chip assembly.

As the connection at 77GHz (between MMIC and external substrate) is critical, the transition matching network is split into two parts: one on MMIC and one on the external substrate. The following drawing gives the dimensions for a RO3003 substrate.

RO3003 thickness = 0.127 mm,  $\epsilon_r=3$ .



Proposed matching network for a transition between MMIC Output port and a 50Ω microstrip line on RO3003 substrate.

## Ordering Information

Chip form : CHU3277-98F/00

Information furnished is believed to be accurate and reliable. However **United Monolithic Semiconductors S.A.S.** assumes no responsibility for the consequences of use of such information nor for any infringement of patents or other rights of third parties which may result from its use. No license is granted by implication or otherwise under any patent or patent rights of **United Monolithic Semiconductors S.A.S.**. Specifications mentioned in this publication are subject to change without notice. This publication supersedes and replaces all information previously supplied. **United Monolithic Semiconductors S.A.S.** products are not authorised for use as critical components in life support devices or systems without express written approval from **United Monolithic Semiconductors S.A.S.**