

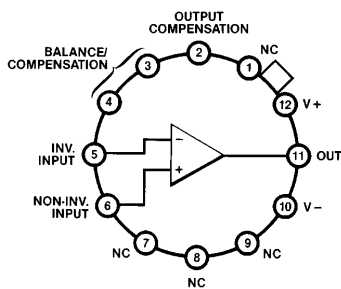
## Features

- 500 V/ $\mu$ s slew rate
- 70 MHz bandwidth
- $10^{12}\Omega$  input impedance
- 5 mV max. input offset voltage
- FET input
- Offset nulls with single pot
- No compensation required for gains above 50
- Peak output current to 100 mA
- MIL-STD-883 devices 100% manufactured in U.S.A.

## Ordering Information

Part No.	Temp. Range	Pkg. Outline #
ELH0032G/883B	-55°C to +125°C	TO-8 MDP0002
8001301ZX is the SMD version of this device.		

## Connection Diagram



Top View

Case is electrically isolated.

0032-1

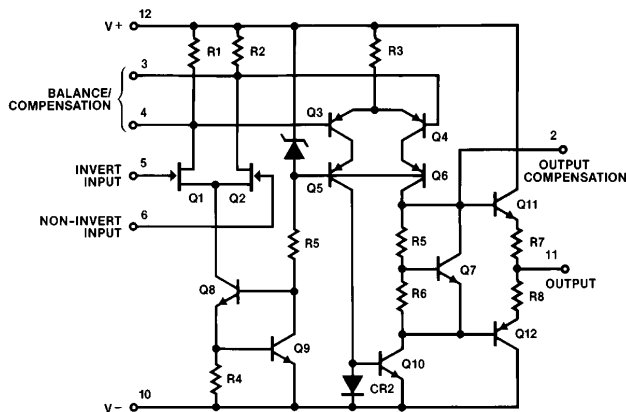
## General Description

The ELH0032 is a high slew rate, high input impedance differential operational amplifier suitable for diverse application in fast signal handling. The high allowable differential input voltage, ease of output clamping, and high output drive capability make the ELH0032 particularly suitable for comparator applications. It may be used in applications normally reserved for video amplifiers allowing the use of operational gain setting and frequency response shaping into the megahertz region.

The ELH0032's wide bandwidth, high input impedance and high output drive capability make it an ideal choice for applications such as summing amplifiers in high-speed D to A's, buffers in data acquisition systems, and sample and hold circuits. Additional applications include high-speed integrators and video amplifiers. The ELH0032 is guaranteed over the temperature range -55°C to +125°C.

Elantec facilities comply with MIL-I-45208A and other applicable quality specifications. Elantec's Military devices are 100% fabricated and assembled in our rigidly controlled, ultra-clean facilities in Milpitas, California. For additional information on Elantec's Quality and Reliability Assurance policy and procedures request brochure QRA-1.

## Simplified Schematic



0032-2

Manufactured under U.S. Patent No. 4,746,877

Note: All information contained in this data sheet has been carefully checked and is believed to be accurate as of the date of publication; however, this data sheet cannot be a "controlled document". Current revisions, if any, to these specifications are maintained at the factory and are available upon your request. We recommend checking the revision level before finalization of your design documentation.

CMS # 0032DS

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# ELH0032G/883/8001301ZX

## Fast Operational Amplifier

### Absolute Maximum Ratings

V <sub>S</sub>	Supply Voltage	±18V	T <sub>A</sub>	Operating Temperature Range:	
V <sub>IN</sub>	Input Voltage	±15 V <sub>S</sub>		ELH0032	−55°C to +125°C
	Differential Input Voltage	±30V or ±2 V <sub>S</sub>	T <sub>J</sub>	Operating Junction Temperature	175°C
P <sub>D</sub>	Power Dissipation (Note 1)		T <sub>ST</sub>	Storage Temperature	−65°C to +150°C
	T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C	1.5W, derate 100°C/W to +125°C		Lead Temperature	
	T <sub>C</sub> = 25°C	2.2W, derate 70°C/W to +125°C		(Soldering, 10 seconds)	300°C

#### Important Note:

All parameters having Min/Max specifications are guaranteed. The Test Level column indicates the specific device testing actually performed during production and Quality inspection. Elantec performs most electrical tests using modern high-speed automatic test equipment, specifically the LTX77 Series system. Unless otherwise noted, all tests are pulsed tests, therefore T<sub>J</sub> = T<sub>C</sub> = T<sub>A</sub>.

Test Level	Test Procedure
I	100% production tested and QA sample tested per QA test plan QCX0002.
II	100% production tested at T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C and QA sample tested at T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C, T <sub>MAX</sub> and T <sub>MIN</sub> per QA test plan QCX0002.
III	QA sample tested per QA test plan QCX0002.
IV	Parameter is guaranteed (but not tested) by Design and Characterization Data.
V	Parameter is typical value at T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C for information purposes only.

### DC Electrical Characteristics V<sub>S</sub> = ±15V, T<sub>MIN</sub> ≤ T<sub>A</sub> ≤ T<sub>MAX</sub>, V<sub>IN</sub> = 0V

Parameter	Description	Test Conditions	ELH0032				Units
			Min	Typ	Max	Test Level	
V <sub>OS</sub>	Input Offset Voltage	T <sub>J</sub> = 25°C (Note 2)		2	5	I	mV
					10	I	mV
ΔV <sub>OS</sub> /ΔT	Average Offset Voltage Drift			25	150	I	μV/°C
I <sub>OS</sub>	Input Offset Current	T <sub>J</sub> = 25°C (Note 2)			25	I	pA
		T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C (Note 3)			250	IV	pA
		T <sub>J</sub> = Max			25	I	nA
I <sub>B</sub>	Input Bias Current	T <sub>J</sub> = 25°C (Note 2)			100	I	pA
		T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C (Note 3)			1	IV	nA
		T <sub>J</sub> = T <sub>MAX</sub>			50	I	nA
V <sub>INCM</sub>	Input Voltage Range		±10	±12		I	V
CMRR	Common-Mode Rejection Ratio	V <sub>IN</sub> = ±10V	50	60		I	dB
A <sub>VOL</sub>	Open-Loop Voltage Gain	V <sub>O</sub> = ±10V, R <sub>L</sub> = 1 kΩ, T <sub>J</sub> = 25°C	48	60		I	dB
		V <sub>O</sub> = ±10V, R <sub>L</sub> = 1 kΩ	45			I	dB
		V <sub>O</sub> = ±10V, f = 1 kHz, R <sub>L</sub> = 1 kΩ, T <sub>J</sub> = 25°C	60	70		I	dB
		V <sub>O</sub> = ±10V, f = 1 kHz, R <sub>L</sub> = 1 kΩ	57			I	dB

# ***ELH0032G/883/8001301ZX***

## ***Fast Operational Amplifier***

### DC Electrical Characteristics $V_S = \pm 15V$ , $T_{MIN} \leq T_A \leq T_{MAX}$ , $V_{IN} = 0V$ — Contd.

Parameter	Description	Test Conditions	ELH0032				Units
			Min	Typ	Max	Test Level	
$V_O$	Output Voltage Swing	$R_L = 1\text{ k}\Omega$	$\pm 10$	$\pm 13.5$		I	V
$I_S$	Power Supply Current	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , $I_O = 0\text{ mA}$		21	23	I	mA
		$T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , $I_O = 0\text{ mA}$ (Note 3)		18	20	IV	mA
PSRR	Power Supply Rejection Ratio	$\pm 5V \leq V_S \leq 15V$	50	60		I	dB
		$+5V \leq V_S(+) \leq +20V$ , $V_S(-) = -15V$	50			I	dB
		$-5V \geq V_S(-) \geq -20V$ , $V_S(+) = +15V$	50			I	dB

### AC Electrical Characteristics $V_S = \pm 15V$ , $R_L = 1\text{ k}\Omega$ , $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$

Parameter	Description	Test Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Test Level	Units
SR	Slew Rate	$A_V = +1$ , $\Delta V_{IN} = 20V$	350	500		I	$V/\mu s$
$t_S$	Settling Time to 1% of Final Value	$A_V = -1$ , $\Delta V_{IN} = 20V$		100	500	IV	ns
$t_S$	Settling Time to 0.1% of Final Value	$A_V = -1$ , $\Delta V_{IN} = 20V$		300		V	ns
$t_R$	Small Signal Rise Time	$A_V = +1$ , $\Delta V_{IN} = 1V$		8	20	I	ns
$t_D$	Small Signal Delay Time	$A_V = +1$ , $\Delta V_{IN} = 1V$		10	25	I	ns

Note 1: In order to limit maximum junction temperature to  $+175^\circ\text{C}$ , it may be necessary to operate with  $V_S < \pm 15V$  when  $T_A$  or  $T_C$  exceeds specific values depending on the  $P_D$  within the device package. Total  $P_D$  is the sum of quiescent and load-related dissipation.

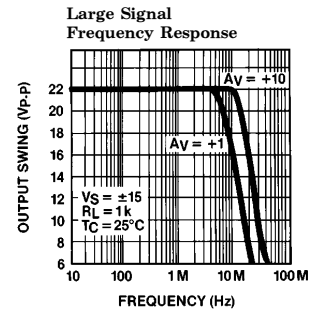
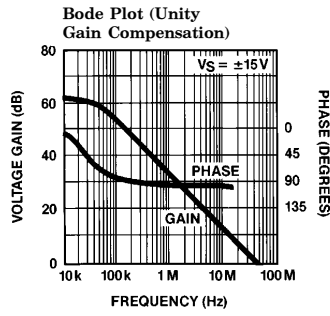
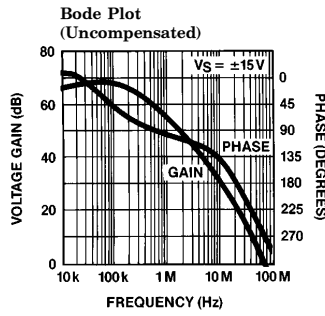
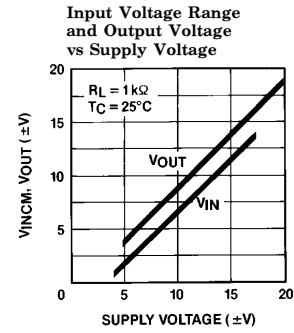
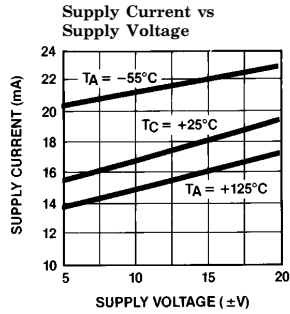
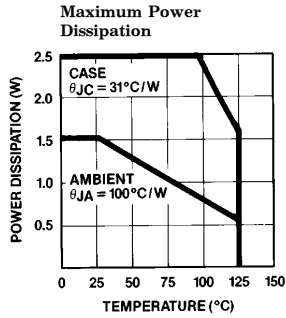
Note 2: Specification is at  $25^\circ\text{C}$  junction temperature due to requirements of high-speed automatic testing. Actual values at operating temperature will exceed the value at  $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ . When supply voltage are  $\pm 15V$ , no-load operating junction temperature may rise  $40^\circ\text{C}$ – $60^\circ\text{C}$  above ambient and more under load conditions. Accordingly,  $V_{OS}$  may change one to several mV, and  $I_B$  and  $I_{OS}$  will change significantly during warm-up. Refer to  $I_B$  and  $I_{OS}$  vs temperature graph for expected values.

Note 3: Measured in still air 7 minutes after application of power.

# ELH0032G/883/8001301ZX

## Fast Operational Amplifier

### Typical Performance Curves

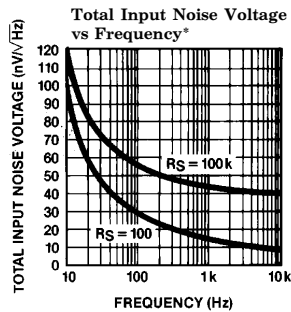
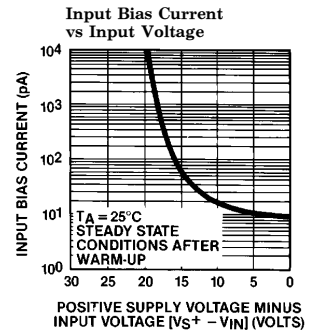
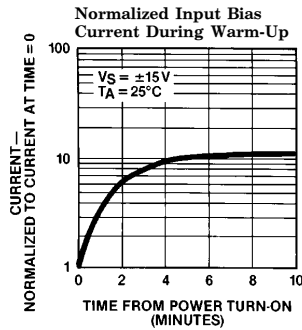
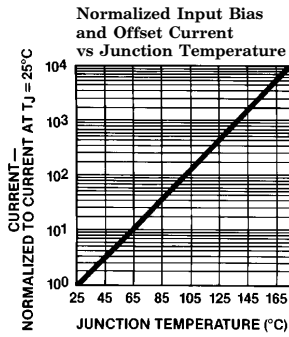
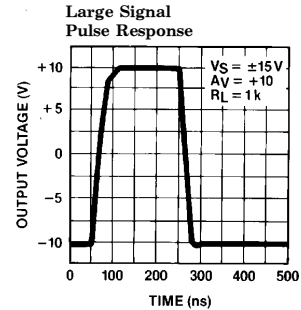
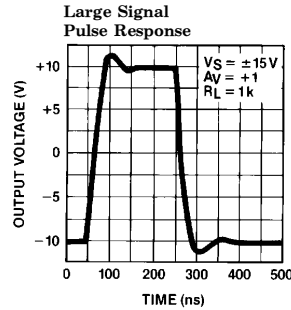
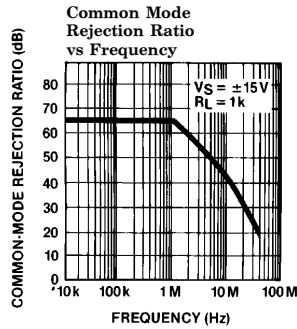


0032-3

# ELH0032G/883/8001301ZX

## Fast Operational Amplifier

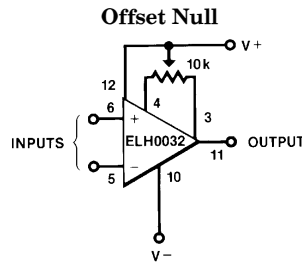
### Typical Performance Curves — Contd.



0032-5

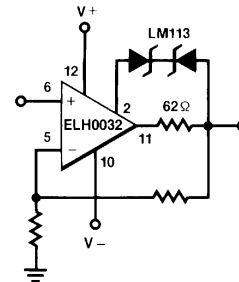
\*Noise voltage includes contribution from source resistance.

### Auxiliary Circuits



0032-6

### Output Short Circuit Protection



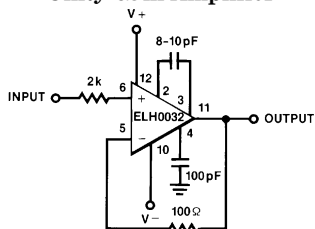
0032-7

# ***ELH0032G/883/8001301ZX***

## ***Fast Operational Amplifier***

## Typical Applications

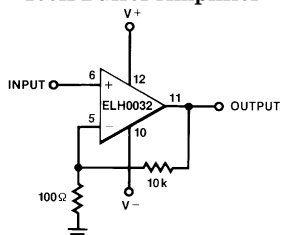
### Unity Gain Amplifier



0032-8

TYP BW<sub>3 dB</sub> = 45 MHz

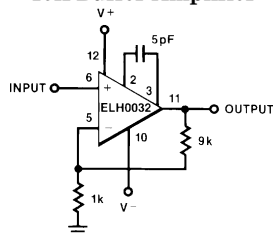
### 100X Buffer Amplifier



0032-9

TYP BW<sub>3</sub> dB = 10 MHz

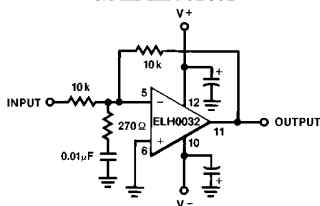
### 10X Buffer Amplifier



0032-10

TYP BW<sub>3</sub> dB = 5 MHz

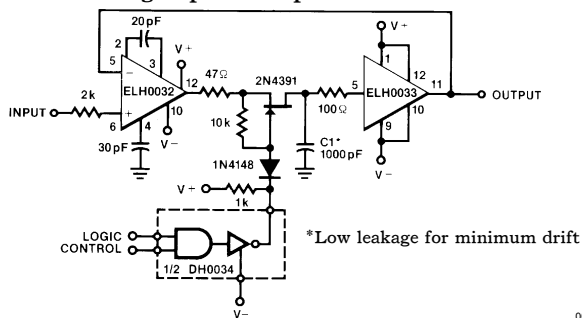
### Non-Compensated Unity Gain Inverter



0032-11

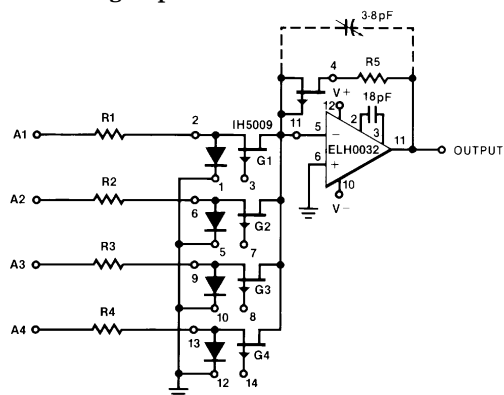
TYP BW<sub>3 dB</sub> = 70 MHz

## High-Speed Sample and Hold



0032-12

## High-Speed Current Mode MUX



0032-13

# ELH0032G/883/8001301ZX

## Fast Operational Amplifier

### Applications Information

#### Power Supply Decoupling

The ELH0032, like most high-speed circuits, is sensitive to layout and stray capacitance. Power supplies should be bypassed as near to pins 10 and 12 as possible with low inductance capacitors such as 0.01  $\mu\text{F}$  disc ceramics. Compensation components should also be located close to the appropriate pins to minimize stray reactances.

#### Input Current

Because the input devices are FETs, the input bias current may be expected to double for each 11°C junction temperature rise. This characteristic is plotted in the typical performance characteristics graphs. The device will self-heat due to internal power dissipation after application of power, thus raising the FET junction temperature 40°C–60°C above the free-air ambient temperature when supplies are  $\pm 15\text{V}$ . The device temperature will stabilize within 5–10 minutes after application of power, and the input bias currents measured at the time will be indicative of normal operating currents. An additional rise will occur as power is delivered to a load due to additional internal power dissipation.

There is an additional effect on input bias current as the input voltage is changed. The effect, common to all FETs, is an avalanche-like increase in gate current as the FET gate-to-drain voltage is increased above a critical value, depending on FET geometry and doping levels. This effect will be noted as the input voltage of the ELH0032 is taken below ground potential when the supplies are  $\pm 15\text{V}$ . All of the effects described here may be minimized by operating the device with  $V_S \leq \pm 15\text{V}$ .

These effects are indicated in the typical performance curves.

#### Input Capacitance

The input capacitance to the ELH0032 is typically 5 pF and thus may form a significant time constant with high value resistors. For optimum performance, the input capacitance to the inverting input should be compensated by a small capacitor across the feedback resistor. The value is strongly dependent on layout and closed loop gain, but will typically be in the neighborhood of several picofarads.

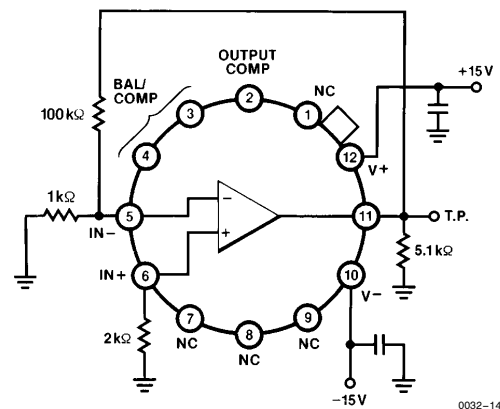
In the non-inverting configuration, it may be advantageous to bootstrap the case and/or a guard conductor to the inverting input. This serves both to divert leakage currents away from the non-inverting input and to reduce the effective input capacitance. A unity gain follower so treated will have an input capacitance under a 1 pF.

#### Heatsinking

While the ELH0032 is specified for operation without any explicit heatsink, internal power dissipation does cause a significant temperature rise. Improved bias current performance can thus be obtained by limiting this temperature rise with a small heat sink such as the Thermalloy No. 2241 or equivalent. The case of the device has no internal connection, so it may be electrically connected to the sink if this is advantageous. Be aware, however, that this will affect the stray capacitances to all pins and may thus require adjustment of circuit compensation values.

#### Burn-In Circuit

(Functional Diagram)



0032-14

TAB WIDE

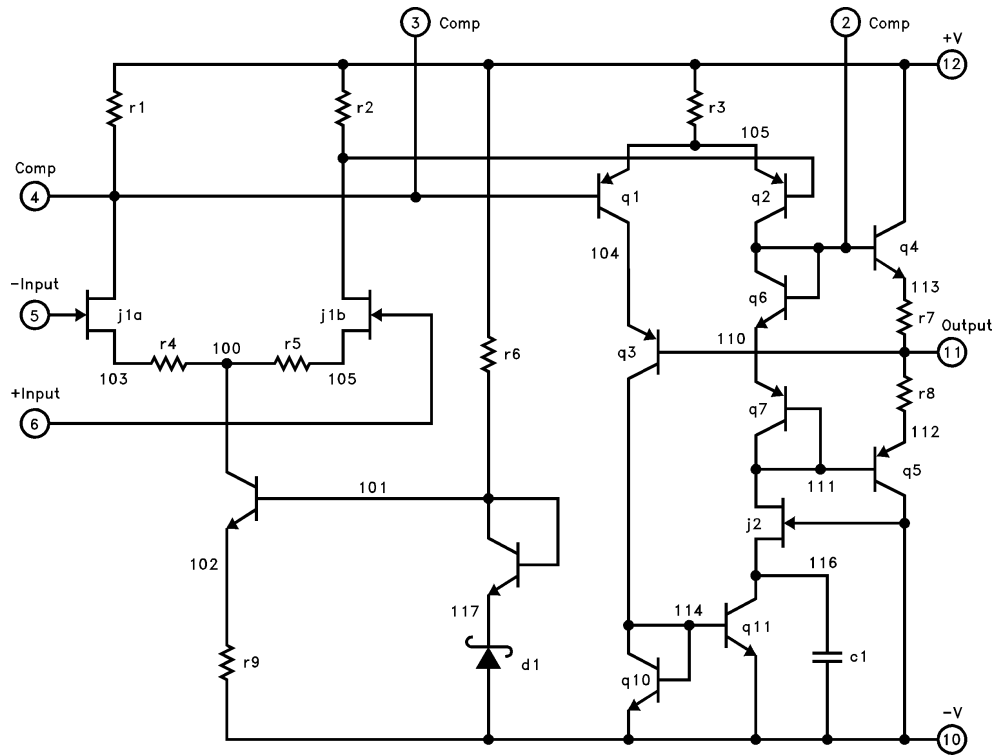
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8

# ELH0032G/883/8001301ZX

## Fast Operational Amplifier

### ELH0032 Macromodel — Contd.



0032-15

BLANK

BLANK

# ***ELH0032G/883/8001301ZX***

## ***Fast Operational Amplifier***

### **General Disclaimer**

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