



## 3.3V PROGRAMMABLE SKEW PLL CLOCK DRIVER TURBOCLOCK™ PLUS

**IDT5V994**

### FEATURES:

- Ref input is 5V tolerant
- 4 pairs of programmable skew outputs
- Low skew: 200ps same pair, 250ps all outputs
- Selectable positive or negative edge synchronization:  
Excellent for DSP applications
- Synchronous output enable
- Input frequency: 17.5MHz to 133MHz
- Output frequency: 17.5MHz to 133MHz
- 2x, 4x, 1/2, and 1/4 outputs (of VCO frequency)
- 3-level inputs for skew control
- PLL bypass for DC testing
- External feedback, internal loop filter
- 12mA balanced drive outputs
- Low Jitter: <200ps cycle-to-cycle
- Available in PLCC and TQFP packages

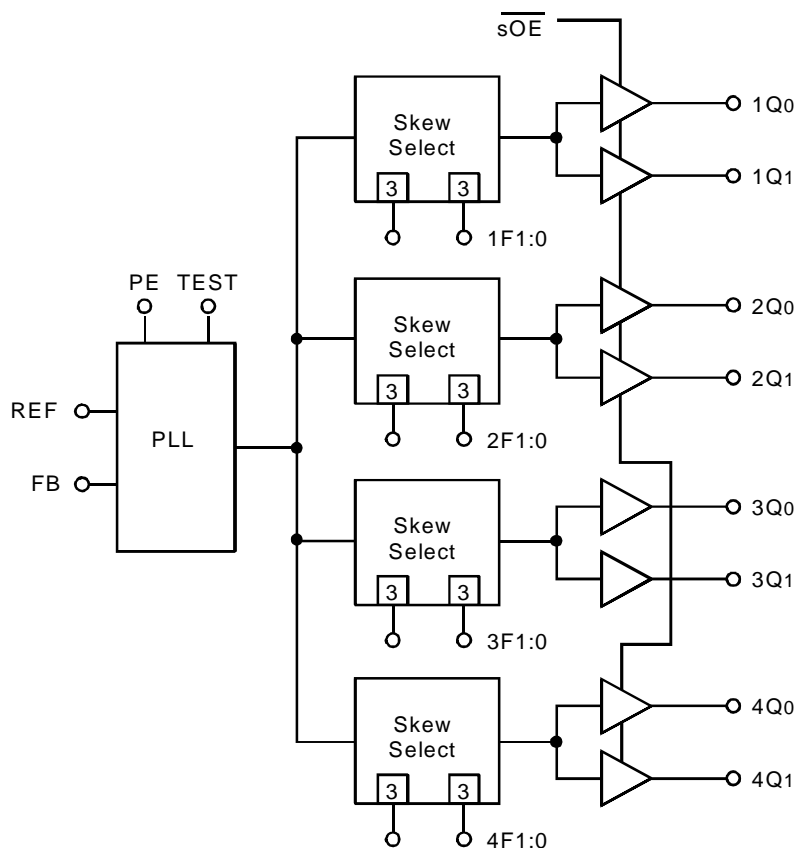
### DESCRIPTION

The IDT5V994 is a high fanout 3.3V PLL based clock driver intended for high performance computing and data-communications applications. A key feature of the programmable skew is the ability of outputs to lead or lag the REF input signal. The IDT5V994 has eight programmable skew outputs in four banks of 2. Skew is controlled by 3-level input signals that may be hard-wired to appropriate HIGH-MID-LOW levels.

When the  $\overline{\text{sOE}}$  pin is held low, all the outputs are synchronously enabled. However, if  $\overline{\text{sOE}}$  is held high, all the outputs except 3Q0 and 3Q1 are synchronously disabled.

Furthermore, when the PE is held high, all the outputs are synchronized with the positive edge of the REF clock input. When PE is held low, all the outputs are synchronized with the negative edge of REF. The IDT5V994 has LVTTTL outputs with 12mA balanced drive outputs.

### FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DIAGRAM

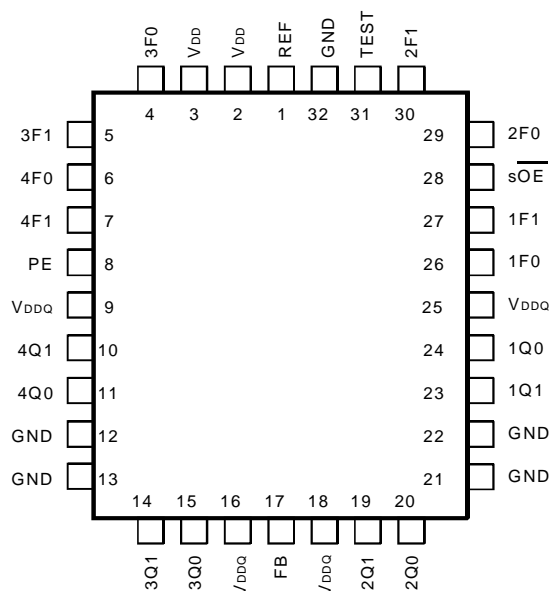


The IDT logo is a registered trademark of Integrated Device Technology, Inc.

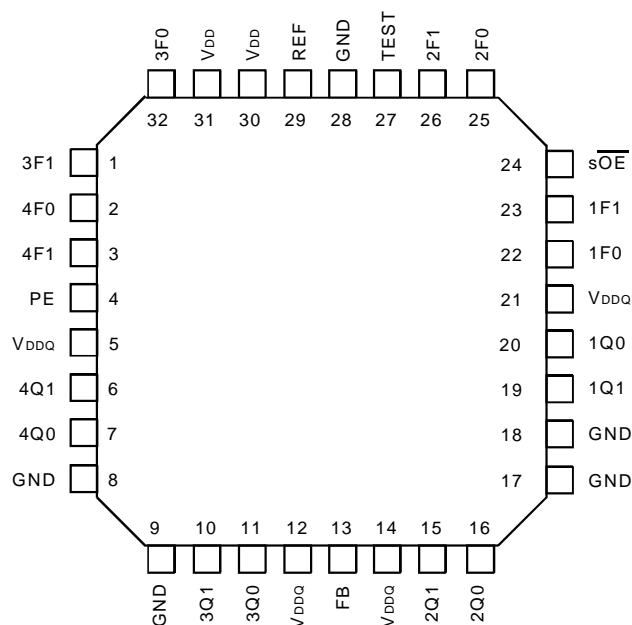
INDUSTRIAL TEMPERATURE RANGE

AUGUST 2002

## PIN CONFIGURATIONS



PLCC  
TOP VIEW



TQFP  
TOP VIEW

## ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS<sup>(1)</sup>

Symbol	Description	Max	Unit
$V_{DDQ}, V_{DD}$	Supply Voltage to Ground	-0.5 to +4.6	V
$V_I$	DC Input Voltage	-0.5 to $V_{DD}+0.5$	V
	REF Input Voltage	-0.5 to +5.5	V
	Maximum Power Dissipation, $T_A = 85^\circ\text{C}$	0.8	W
$T_{STG}$	Storage Temperature Range	-65 to +150	$^\circ\text{C}$

### NOTE:

- Stresses beyond those listed under ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational sections of this specification is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

## CAPACITANCE ( $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$ , $f = 1\text{MHz}$ , $V_{IN} = 0\text{V}$ )

Parameter	Description	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$C_{IN}$	Input Capacitance	5	7	pF

### NOTE:

- Capacitance applies to all inputs except TEST, FS, and  $nF_{1:0}$ .

## PROGRAMMABLE SKEW

Output skew with respect to the REF input is adjustable to compensate for PCB trace delays, backplane propagation delays or to accommodate requirements for special timing relationships between clocked components. Skew is selectable as a multiple of a time unit  $t_u$  which is of the order of a nanosecond (see PLL Programmable Skew Range and Resolution Table). There are nine skew configurations available for each output pair. These configurations are chosen by the  $nF_{1:0}$  control pins. In order to minimize the number of control pins, 3-level inputs (HIGH-MID-LOW) are used, they are intended for but not restricted to hard-wiring. Undriven 3-level inputs default to the MID level. Where programmable skew is not a requirement, the control pins can be left open for the zero skew default setting. The Control Summary Table shows how to select specific skew taps by using the  $nF_{1:0}$  control pins.

## PIN DESCRIPTION

Pin Name	Type	Description
REF	IN	Reference Clock Input
FB	IN	Feedback Input
TEST <sup>(1)</sup>	IN	When MID or HIGH, disables PLL (except for conditions of Note 1). REF goes to all outputs. Skew Selections (See Control Summary Table) remain in effect. Set LOW for normal operation.
$\overline{\text{sOE}}^{(1)}$	IN	Synchronous Output Enable. When HIGH, it stops clock outputs (except 3Q0 and 3Q1) in a LOW state - 3Q0 and 3Q1 may be used as the feedback signal to maintain phase lock. When TEST is held at MID level and $\overline{\text{sOE}}$ is HIGH, the nF[1:0] pins act as output disable controls for individual banks when nF[1:0] = LL. Set $\overline{\text{sOE}}$ LOW for normal operation.
PE	IN	Selectable positive or negative edge control. When LOW/HIGH the outputs are synchronized with the negative/positive edge of the reference clock.
nF[1:0]	IN	3-level inputs for selecting 1 of 9 skew taps or frequency functions
nQ[1:0]	OUT	Four banks of two outputs with programmable skew
VDDQ	PWR	Power supply for output buffers
VDD	PWR	Power supply for phase locked loop and other internal circuitry
GND	PWR	Ground

### NOTE:

1. When TEST = MID and  $\overline{\text{sOE}}$  = HIGH, PLL remains active with nF[1:0] = LL functioning as an output disable control for individual output banks. Skew selections remain in effect unless nF[1:0] = LL.

## EXTERNAL FEEDBACK

By providing external feedback, the IDT5V994 gives users flexibility with regard to skew adjustment. The FB signal is compared with the input REF signal at the phase detector in order to drive the VCO. Phase differences cause the VCO of the PLL to adjust upwards or downwards accordingly.

An internal loop filter moderates the response of the VCO to the phase detector. The loop filter transfer function has been chosen to provide minimal jitter (or frequency variation) while still providing accurate responses to input frequency changes.

## PROGRAMMABLE SKEW RANGE AND RESOLUTION TABLE

		Comments
Timing Unit Calculation (tu)	$1/(16 \times F_{\text{NOM}})$	
VCO Frequency Range ( $F_{\text{NOM}}^{(1,2)}$ )	70 to 133MHz	
Skew Adjustment Range <sup>(2)</sup>		
Max Adjustment:	$\pm 5.36\text{ns}$	ns
	$\pm 135^\circ$	Phase Degrees
	$\pm 37.5\%$	% of Cycle Time
Example 1, $F_{\text{NOM}} = 80\text{MHz}$	tu = 0.78ns	
Example 2, $F_{\text{NOM}} = 100\text{MHz}$	tu = 0.63ns	
Example 3, $F_{\text{NOM}} = 133\text{MHz}$	tu = 0.47ns	

### NOTES:

1. The VCO frequency always appears at 1Q1:0, 2Q1:0, and the higher outputs when they are operated in their undivided modes. The frequency appearing at the REF and FB inputs will be  $F_{\text{NOM}}$  when the output connected to FB is undivided. The frequency of the REF and FB inputs will be  $F_{\text{NOM}}/2$  or  $F_{\text{NOM}}/4$  when the part is configured for frequency multiplication by using a divided output as the FB input. Using the nF[1:0] inputs allows a different method for frequency multiplication (see Control Summary Table for Feedback Signals).
2. Skew adjustment range assumes that a zero skew output is used for feedback. If a skewed Q output is used for feedback, then adjustment range will be greater. For example if a 4tu skewed output is used for feedback, all other outputs will be skewed  $-4\text{tu}$  in addition to whatever skew value is programmed for those outputs. 'Max adjustment' range applies to output pairs 3 and 4 where  $\pm 6\text{tu}$  skew adjustment is possible and at the lowest  $F_{\text{NOM}}$  value.

## CONTROL SUMMARY TABLE FOR FEEDBACK SIGNALS

nF1:0	Skew (Pair #1, #2)	Skew (Pair #3)	Skew (Pair #4)
LL <sup>(1)</sup>	-4t <sub>u</sub>	Divide by 2	Divide by 2
LM	-3t <sub>u</sub>	-6t <sub>u</sub>	-6t <sub>u</sub>
LH	-2t <sub>u</sub>	-4t <sub>u</sub>	-4t <sub>u</sub>
ML	-1t <sub>u</sub>	-2t <sub>u</sub>	-2t <sub>u</sub>
MM	Zero Skew	Zero Skew	Zero Skew
MH	1t <sub>u</sub>	2t <sub>u</sub>	2t <sub>u</sub>
HL	2t <sub>u</sub>	4t <sub>u</sub>	4t <sub>u</sub>
HM	3t <sub>u</sub>	6t <sub>u</sub>	6t <sub>u</sub>
HH	4t <sub>u</sub>	Divide by 4	Inverted <sup>(2)</sup>

### NOTES:

1. LL disables outputs if TEST = MID and  $\overline{sOE}$  = HIGH.
2. When pair #4 is set to HH (inverted),  $\overline{sOE}$  disables pair #4 HIGH when PE = HIGH,  $\overline{sOE}$  disables pair #4 LOW when PE = LOW.

## RECOMMENDED OPERATING RANGE

Symbol	Description	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
V <sub>DD</sub> /V <sub>DDQ</sub>	Power Supply Voltage	3	3.3	3.6	V
T <sub>A</sub>	Ambient Operating Temperature	-40	+25	+85	°C

## DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS OVER OPERATING RANGE

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Max.	Unit
V <sub>IH</sub>	Input HIGH Voltage	Guaranteed Logic HIGH (REF, FB Inputs Only)	2	—	V
V <sub>IL</sub>	Input LOW Voltage	Guaranteed Logic LOW (REF, FB Inputs Only)	—	0.8	V
V <sub>IHH</sub>	Input HIGH Voltage <sup>(1)</sup>	3-Level Inputs Only	V <sub>DD</sub> -0.6	—	V
V <sub>IMM</sub>	Input MID Voltage <sup>(1)</sup>	3-Level Inputs Only	V <sub>DD</sub> /2-0.3	V <sub>DD</sub> /2+0.3	V
V <sub>ILL</sub>	Input LOW Voltage <sup>(1)</sup>	3-Level Inputs Only	—	0.6	V
I <sub>IN</sub>	Input Leakage Current (REF, FB Inputs Only)	V <sub>IN</sub> = V <sub>DD</sub> or GND V <sub>DD</sub> = Max.	-5	+5	μA
I <sub>3</sub>	3-Level Input DC Current (TEST, FS, nF[1:0], DS[1:0])	V <sub>IN</sub> = V <sub>DD</sub> HIGH Level	—	+200	μA
		V <sub>IN</sub> = V <sub>DD</sub> /2      MID Level	-50	+50	
		V <sub>IN</sub> = GND      LOW Level	-200	—	
I <sub>PU</sub>	Input Pull-Up Current (PE)	V <sub>DD</sub> = Max., V <sub>IN</sub> = GND	-100	—	μA
I <sub>PD</sub>	Input Pull-Down Current ( $\overline{sOE}$ )	V <sub>DD</sub> = Max., V <sub>IN</sub> = V <sub>DD</sub>	—	+100	μA
V <sub>OH</sub>	Output HIGH Voltage	V <sub>DDQ</sub> = Min., I <sub>OH</sub> = -12mA	2.4	—	V
V <sub>OL</sub>	Output LOW Voltage	V <sub>DDQ</sub> = Min., I <sub>OL</sub> = 12mA	—	0.4	V

### NOTE:

1. These inputs are normally wired to V<sub>DD</sub>, GND, or unconnected. Internal termination resistors bias unconnected inputs to V<sub>DD</sub>/2. If these inputs are switched, the function and timing of the outputs may be glitched, and the PLL may require an additional t<sub>LOCK</sub> time before all datasheet limits are achieved.

## POWER SUPPLY CHARACTERISTICS

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions <sup>(1)</sup>	Typ.	Max.	Unit
I <sub>DDQ</sub>	Quiescent Power Supply Current	V <sub>DD</sub> = Max., TEST = MID, REF = LOW, PE = LOW, $\overline{\text{SOE}}$ = LOW All outputs unloaded	8	25	mA
$\Delta$ I <sub>DD</sub>	Power Supply Current per Input HIGH	V <sub>DD</sub> = Max., V <sub>IN</sub> = 3V,	1	30	μA
I <sub>DD</sub>	Dynamic Power Supply Current per Output	V <sub>DD</sub> /V <sub>DDQ</sub> = Max., C <sub>L</sub> = 0pF	55	90	μA/MHz
I <sub>TOT</sub>	Total Power Supply Current	V <sub>DD</sub> /V <sub>DDQ</sub> = 3.3V, F <sub>REF</sub> = 83MHz, C <sub>L</sub> = 160pF <sup>(1)</sup>	31	—	mA
		V <sub>DD</sub> /V <sub>DDQ</sub> = 3.3V, F <sub>REF</sub> = 100MHz, C <sub>L</sub> = 160pF <sup>(1)</sup>	34	—	
		V <sub>DD</sub> /V <sub>DDQ</sub> = 3.3V, F <sub>REF</sub> = 133MHz, C <sub>L</sub> = 160pF <sup>(1)</sup>	39	—	

**NOTE:**

1. For eight outputs, each loaded with 20pF.

## INPUT TIMING REQUIREMENTS

Symbol	Description <sup>(1)</sup>	Min.	Max.	Unit
t <sub>R</sub> , t <sub>F</sub>	Maximum input rise and fall times, 0.8V to 2V	—	10	ns/V
t <sub>PWC</sub>	Input clock pulse, HIGH or LOW	2	—	ns
D <sub>H</sub>	Input duty cycle	10	90	%
F <sub>REF</sub>	Reference clock input frequency <sup>(2)</sup>	17.5	133	MHz

**NOTES:**

- Where pulse width implied by D<sub>H</sub> is less than t<sub>PWC</sub> limit, t<sub>PWC</sub> limit applies.
- The minimum reference clock input frequency is 70MHz if Q/2 or Q/4 are not used as feedback

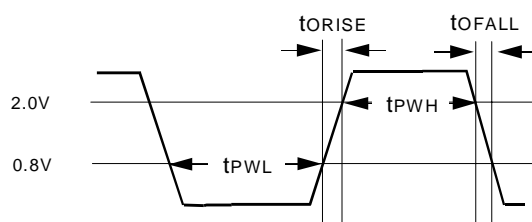
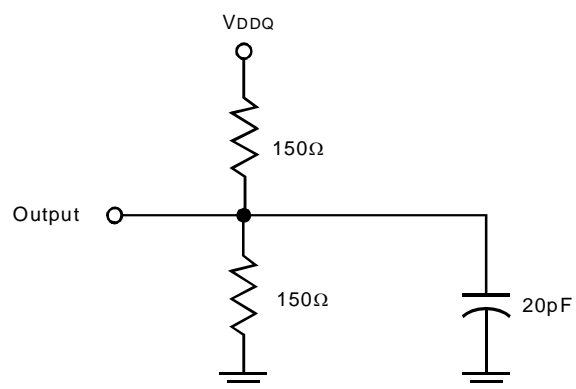
## SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS OVER OPERATING RANGE

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
F <sub>NOM</sub>	VCO Frequency Range	See Programmable Skew Range and Resolution Table			
t <sub>RPWH</sub>	REF Pulse Width HIGH <sup>(1)</sup>	2	—	—	ns
t <sub>RPWL</sub>	REF Pulse Width LOW <sup>(1)</sup>	2	—	—	ns
t <sub>u</sub>	Programmable Skew Time Unit	See Control Summary Table			
t <sub>SKEWPR</sub>	Zero Output Matched-Pair Skew (xQ0, xQ1) <sup>(2,3)</sup>	—	0.05	0.2	ns
t <sub>SKEW0</sub>	Zero Output Skew (All Outputs) <sup>(4)</sup>	—	0.1	0.25	ns
t <sub>SKEW1</sub>	Output Skew (Rise-Rise, Fall-Fall, Same Class Outputs) <sup>(5)</sup>	—	0.25	0.5	ns
t <sub>SKEW2</sub>	Output Skew (Rise-Fall, Nominal-Inverted, Divided-Divided) <sup>(5)</sup>	—	0.3	1.2	ns
t <sub>SKEW3</sub>	Output Skew (Rise-Rise, Fall-Fall, Different Class Outputs) <sup>(5)</sup>	—	0.25	0.5	ns
t <sub>SKEW4</sub>	Output Skew (Rise-Fall, Nominal-Divided, Divided-Inverted) <sup>(2)</sup>	—	0.5	0.9	ns
t <sub>DEV</sub>	Device-to-Device Skew <sup>(2,6)</sup>	—	—	0.75	ns
t <sub>φ</sub>	REF Input to FB Static Phase Offset <sup>(7)</sup>	−0.25	0	0.25	ns
t <sub>ODCV</sub>	Output Duty Cycle Variation from 50%	−1.2	0	1.2	ns
t <sub>PWH</sub>	Output HIGH Time Deviation from 50% <sup>(8)</sup>	—	—	2	ns
t <sub>PWL</sub>	Output LOW Time Deviation from 50% <sup>(9)</sup>	—	—	2.5	ns
t <sub>RISE</sub>	Output Rise Time	0.15	1	1.8	ns
t <sub>FALL</sub>	Output Fall Time	0.15	1	1.8	ns
t <sub>LOCK</sub>	PLL Lock Time <sup>(10)</sup>	—	—	0.5	ms
t <sub>JR</sub>	Cycle-to-Cycle Output Jitter (peak-to-peak)	—	—	200	ps

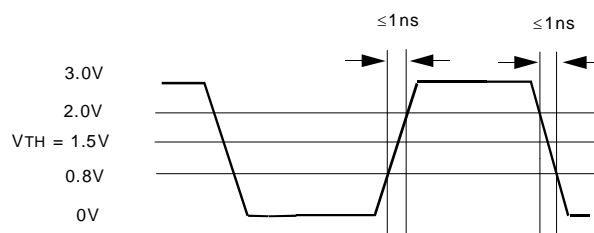
### NOTES:

1. Refer to Input Timing Requirements table for more detail.
2. Skew is the time between the earliest and the latest output transition among all outputs for which the same t<sub>u</sub> delay has been selected when all are loaded with the specified load.
3. t<sub>SKEWPR</sub> is the skew between a pair of outputs (xQ0 and xQ1) when all eight outputs are selected for 0t<sub>u</sub>.
4. t<sub>SKEW0</sub> is the skew between outputs when they are selected for 0t<sub>u</sub>.
5. There are 3 classes of outputs: Nominal (multiple of t<sub>u</sub> delay), Inverted (4Q0 and 4Q1 only with 4F0 = 4F1 = HIGH), and Divided (3Qx and 4Qx only in Divide-by-2 or Divide-by-4 mode).
6. t<sub>DEV</sub> is the output-to-output skew between any two devices operating under the same conditions (V<sub>DDQ</sub>, V<sub>DD</sub>, ambient temperature, air flow, etc.)
7. t<sub>φ</sub> is measured with REF input rise and fall times (from 0.8V to 2V) of 1ns.
8. Measured at 2V.
9. Measured at 0.8V.
10. t<sub>LOCK</sub> is the time that is required before synchronization is achieved. This specification is valid only after V<sub>DD</sub>/V<sub>DDQ</sub> is stable and within normal operating limits. This parameter is measured from the application of a new signal or frequency at REF or FB until t<sub>φ</sub> is within specified limits.

## AC TEST LOADS AND WAVEFORMS

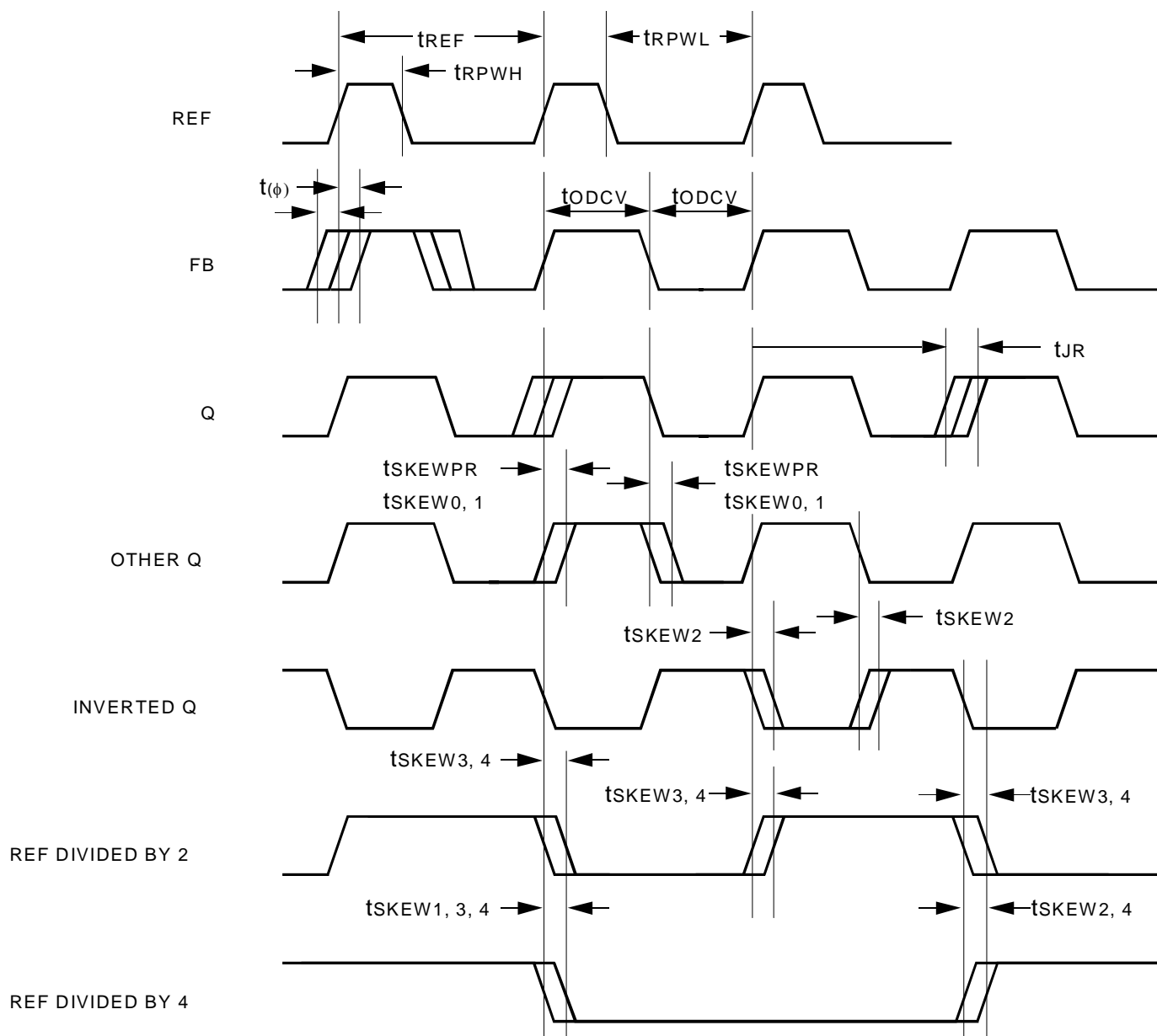


*LVTTL Output Waveform*



*LVTTL Input Test Waveform*

## AC TIMING DIAGRAM



### NOTES:

PE: The AC Timing Diagram applies to PE=VDD. For PE=GND, the negative edge of FB aligns with the negative edge of REF, divided outputs change on the negative edge of REF, and the positive edges of the divide-by-2 and the divide-by-4 signals align.

Skew: The time between the earliest and the latest output transition among all outputs for which the same  $t_u$  delay has been selected when all are loaded with 20pF and terminated with 75Ω to VDDQ/2.

tSKEWPR: The skew between a pair of outputs (xQ0 and xQ1) when all eight outputs are selected for 0tu.

tSKEW0: The skew between outputs when they are selected for 0tu.

tDEV: The output-to-output skew between any two devices operating under the same conditions (VDDQ, VDD, ambient temperature, air flow, etc.)

tODCV: The deviation of the output from a 50% duty cycle. Output pulse width variations are included in tSKEW2 and tSKEW4 specifications.

tpWH is measured at 2V.

tpWL is measured at 0.8V.

torISE and toFALL are measured between 0.8V and 2V.

tLOCK: The time that is required before synchronization is achieved. This specification is valid only after VDD/VDDQ is stable and within normal operating limits. This parameter is measured from the application of a new signal or frequency at REF or FB until tPO is within specified limits.



## ORDERING INFORMATION

IDT	XXXXX	XX	X		
	Device Type	Package	Package		
			I		-40°C to +85°C (Industrial)
			J		32-pin PLCC
			PF		32-pin TQFP
			PFG		32-pin TQFP - Green
			5V994		3.3V Programmable Skew PLL Clock Driver TurboClock Plus

## DATA SHEET DOCUMENT HISTORY

1/21/02 pages 1, 2, 4



**CORPORATE HEADQUARTERS**  
2975 Stender Way  
Santa Clara, CA 95054

**for SALES:**  
800-345-7015 or 408-727-6116  
fax: 408-492-8674  
[www.idt.com](http://www.idt.com)

**for Tech Support:**  
[logichelp@idt.com](mailto:logichelp@idt.com)  
(408) 654-6459