

Micropower Op Amp, Comparator and Reference

FEATURES

- Quiescent Current: 5 μ A Typ
- Outputs Swing Rail-to-Rail
- Low Op Amp Offset Voltage: 700 μ V Max
- Reference Output Drives 0.01 μ F Capacitor
- Internal 1.2V \pm 0.4% Reference Output (LTC1541)
- Low Input Bias Current: 1nA Max
- Reference Output Can Source Up to 2mA
- Internal \pm 3mV Comparator Hysteresis
- Comparator and Op Amp Input Range Includes Ground
- Op Amp Capable of Driving Up to 1000pF Load
- Unity-Gain Stable and 12kHz Bandwidth
- 2.5V to 12.6V Supply Voltage Range
- Pin Compatible Upgrade for MAX951/MAX953

APPLICATIONS

- Battery- or Solar-Powered Systems
- Automotive Keyless Entry
- Low Frequency, Local Area Alarms/Detectors
- Infrared Receivers for Remote Controls
- Smoke Detectors and Safety Sensors
- GSM Portable Phones


DESCRIPTION

The LTC[®]1541/LTC1542 combine a micropower amplifier, comparator and bandgap reference (LTC1541) in an 8-pin package. The part operates from a single 2.5V to 12.6V or dual \pm 1.25V to \pm 6.3V supply with a typical supply current of 5 μ A. Both the op amp and comparator feature a common mode input voltage range that extends from the negative supply to within 1.3V of the positive supply. The op amp output stage swings from rail-to-rail. The comparator's inverting input is internally connected to the reference output (LTC1541).

The reference output voltage is 1.2V \pm 1% over the extended temperature range. The output can drive a bypass capacitor of up to 0.01 μ F without any oscillations. It can also source up to 2mA and sink up to 20 μ A.

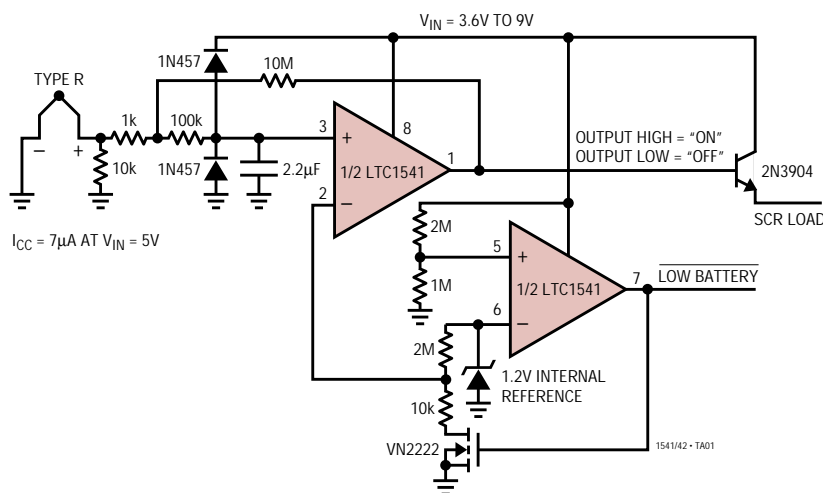
The op amp is internally compensated to be unity-gain stable with typical GBW at 12kHz and slew rate of 8V/ms. The comparator has \pm 3mV of internal hysteresis to ensure clean output switching, even with slow moving input signals.

The LTC1541/LTC1542 are available in MSOP and SO-8 packages.

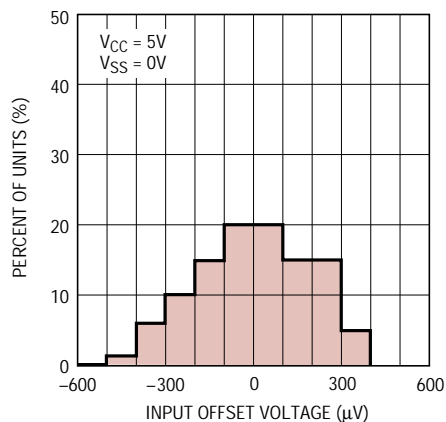
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TYPICAL APPLICATION

Pilot Light Flame Detector with Low-Battery Lockout



Op Amp V_{OS} Distribution,
 $V_{CM} = 2.5V$, SO-8 Package
Total of 839 Units



1541/42 TA02

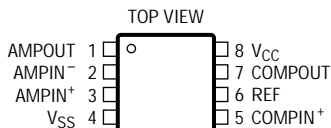
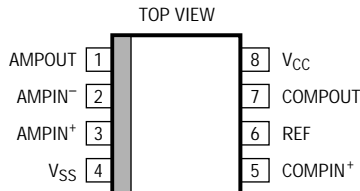
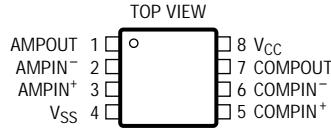
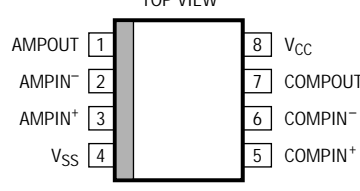
LTC1541/LTC1542

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Supply Voltage 13V
 Input Voltage -0.3V to 13V
 Output Voltage -0.3V to 13V
 Output Short-Circuit Duration Indefinite
 Storage Temperature Range -65°C to 150°C

Operating Temperature Range
 Commercial 0°C to 70°C
 Industrial -40°C to 85°C
 Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10 sec) 300°C

PACKAGE/ORDER INFORMATION

 <p>MS8 PACKAGE 8-LEAD PLASTIC MSOP $T_{JMAX} = 125^{\circ}\text{C}$, $\theta_{JA} = 250^{\circ}\text{C/W}$</p>	ORDER PART NUMBER	 <p>S8 PACKAGE 8-LEAD PLASTIC SO $T_{JMAX} = 125^{\circ}\text{C}$, $\theta_{JA} = 150^{\circ}\text{C/W}$</p>	ORDER PART NUMBER
	LTC1541CMS8		LTC1541CS8 LTC1541IS8
	MS8 PART MARKING		S8 PART MARKING
	LTBE		1541 1541I
 <p>MS8 PACKAGE 8-LEAD PLASTIC MSOP $T_{JMAX} = 125^{\circ}\text{C}$, $\theta_{JA} = 250^{\circ}\text{C/W}$</p>	ORDER PART NUMBER	 <p>S8 PACKAGE 8-LEAD PLASTIC SO $T_{JMAX} = 125^{\circ}\text{C}$, $\theta_{JA} = 150^{\circ}\text{C/W}$</p>	ORDER PART NUMBER
	LTC1542CMS8		LTC1542CS8 LTC1542IS8
	MS8 PART MARKING		S8 PART MARKING
	LTDE		1542 1542I

Consult factory for Military grade parts.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS $V_{CC} = 5V$, $V_{SS} = 0V$, $T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$, unless otherwise noted.

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Power Supply						
V_{CC}	Supply Voltage Range		2.5		12.6	V
I_{CC}	Supply Current (Note 1)	Commercial Grade		5	7.5	μA
		Industrial Grade			13	μA
					14	μA
Comparator						
V_{OS}	Input Offset Voltage (Note 2)	(SO-8)			1	mV
		Commercial Grade (SO-8)			1.5	mV
		Industrial Grade (SO-8)			2.0	mV
		(MSOP)			1.2	mV
					2.0	mV
V_{TRIP}	Trip Point (Note 3)		1.7	2.25	2.8	mV
			1		3.8	mV

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

$V_{CC} = 5V$, $V_{SS} = 0V$, $T_A = 25^\circ C$, unless otherwise noted.

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
I_{IN}	Input Leakage Current (Note 4)		●		0.01	1	nA
V_{CM}	Input Common Mode Range		●	V_{SS}		$V_{CC} - 1.3V$	V
CMRR	Common Mode Rejection Ratio	$V_{CM} = V_{SS}$ to $(V_{CC} - 1.3V)$ (LTC1542)				0.25	mV/V
		Commercial Grade	●			0.30	mV/V
		Industrial Grade	●			0.35	mV/V
PSRR	Power Supply Rejection Ratio	$V_{CC} = 3V$ to $12V$				0.25	mV/V
		Commercial Grade (SO-8)	●			0.30	mV/V
		Industrial Grade (SO-8)	●			0.35	mV/V
t_{PD}	Propagation Delay	Overdrive = 10mV			20		μs
		Overdrive = 100mV			8		μs
V_{OH}	Output High Voltage	$I_{OUT} = -2mA$	●	$V_{CC} - 0.2V$			V
V_{OL}	Output Low Voltage	$I_{OUT} = 1.8mA$	●			$V_{SS} + 0.3V$	V

Reference (LTC1541 Only)

V_{REF}	Reference Voltage	No Load (SO-8)	●	1.195	1.200	1.205	V
		Commercial Grade (SO-8)	●	1.190		1.210	V
		Industrial Grade (SO-8)	●	1.188		1.212	V
		No Load (MSOP)	●	1.190	1.200	1.210	V
			●	1.185		1.215	V
ΔV_{REF}	Load Regulation	$I_{SOURCE} = 2mA$	●		2	6	mV
		$I_{SINK} = 10\mu A$	●		0.2	1.5	mV
			●			5	mV
e_n	Voltage Noise	0.1Hz to 10Hz			16		μV_{P-P}

Op Amp

V_{OS}	Input Offset Voltage	$V_{CM} = 2.5V$ (SO-8)	●			0.7	mV
		Commercial Grade (SO-8)	●			1.25	mV
		Industrial Grade (SO-8)	●			1.65	mV
		$V_{CM} = 2.5V$ (MSOP)	●			1.00	mV
I_B	Input Bias Current	$V_{CM} = 2.5V$	●		0.01	1	nA
			●				
A_{VOL}	Large-Signal Gain	AMPOUT = 0.5V to 4.5V, No Load		80	1000		V/mV
		AMPOUT = 0.5V to 4.5V, $R_{LOAD} = 100k$		60	500		V/mV
		Commercial Grade	●	38			V/mV
		Industrial Grade	●	35			V/mV
GBW	Gain Bandwidth	$A_V = 1V/V$			12		kHz
SR	Slew Rate	$A_V = 1V/V$			8		V/ms
V_{CM}	Input Common Mode Range		●	V_{SS}		$V_{CC} - 1.3V$	V
CMRR	Common Mode Rejection Ratio	$V_{CM} = V_{SS}$ to $(V_{CC} - 1.3V)$				0.28	mV/V
		Commercial Grade	●			0.33	mV/V
		Industrial Grade	●			0.38	mV/V
PSRR	Power Supply Rejection Ratio	$V_{CC} = 3V$ to $12V$				0.19	mV/V
		Commercial Grade	●			0.21	mV/V
		Industrial Grade	●			0.23	mV/V
V_{OH}	Output High Voltage	$R_{LOAD} = 100k$ to V_{SS}		$V_{CC} - 0.07$			V
		Commercial Grade	●	$V_{CC} - 0.10$			V
		Industrial Grade	●	$V_{CC} - 0.12$			V
V_{OL}	Output Low Voltage	$R_{LOAD} = 100k$ to V_{SS}				$V_{SS} + 0.05$	V
		Commercial Grade	●			$V_{SS} + 0.10$	V
		Industrial Grade	●			$V_{SS} + 0.12$	V

LTC1541/LTC1542

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS $V_{CC} = 5V$, $V_{SS} = 0V$, $T_A = 25^\circ C$, unless otherwise noted.

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
I_{SOURCE}	Output Source Current		0.9 0.7	1.8		mA mA
I_{SINK}	Output Sink Current		1.3 0.9	1.8		mA mA
e_n	Input Noise Voltage	$f_0 = 0.1Hz$ to 10Hz		3		μV_{P-P}

$V_{CC} = 3V$, $V_{SS} = 0V$, $T_A = 25^\circ C$, unless otherwise noted.

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Power Supply						
V_{CC}	Supply Voltage Range		2.5		12.6	V
I_{CC}	Supply Current (Note 1)	Commercial Grade		4.5	7.0	μA
		Industrial Grade			12	μA
					13	μA

Comparator

V_{OS}	Input Offset Voltage (Note 2)	(SO-8)			1.0	mV
		Commercial Grade (SO-8)			1.5	mV
		Industrial Grade (SO-8)			2.0	mV
		(MSOP)			1.2	mV
					2.0	mV
V_{TRIP}	Trip Point (Note 3)		1.80 1.00	2.35	2.90 3.90	mV mV
I_{IN}	Input Leakage Current (Note 4)			0.01	1	nA
V_{CM}	Input Common Mode Range		V_{SS}		$V_{CC} - 1.3$	V
CMRR	Common Mode Rejection Ratio	$V_{CM} = V_{SS}$ to $(V_{CC} - 1.3V)$ (LTC1542)			0.35	mV/V
		Commercial Grade			0.40	mV/V
		Industrial Grade			0.45	mV/V
PSRR	Power Supply Rejection Ratio	$V_{CC} = 3V$ to 12V			0.25	mV/V
		Commercial Grade			0.30	mV/V
		Industrial Grade			0.35	mV/V
t_{PD}	Propagation Delay	Overdrive = 10mV Overdrive = 100mV		25 12		μs μs
V_{OH}	Output High Voltage	$I_{OUT} = -2mA$		$V_{CC} - 0.2$		V
V_{OL}	Output Low Voltage	$I_{OUT} = 1.8mA$			$V_{SS} + 0.3$	V

Reference (LTC1541 Only)

V_{REF}	Reference Voltage	No Load (SO-8)		1.195	1.200	1.205	V
		Commercial Grade (SO-8)		1.190		1.210	V
		Industrial Grade (SO-8)		1.188		1.212	V
		No Load (MSOP)		1.190	1.200	1.210	V
				1.185		1.215	V
ΔV_{REF}	Load Regulation	$I_{SOURCE} = 1mA$ $I_{SINK} = 10\mu A$			2 0.2	6 1.5	mV mV mV
e_n	Voltage Noise	0.1Hz to 10Hz			16		μV_{P-P}

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

$V_{CC} = 3V$, $V_{SS} = 0V$, $T_A = 25^\circ C$, unless otherwise noted.

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Op Amp						
V_{OS}	Input Offset Voltage	$V_{CM} = 1.5V$ (SO-8)			0.70	mV
		Commercial Grade (SO-8)	●		1.25	mV
		Industrial Grade (SO-8)	●		1.65	mV
		$V_{CM} = 1.5V$ (MSOP)	●		1.00	mV
					1.75	mV
I_B	Input Bias Current	$V_{CM} = 1.5V$	●	0.01	1	nA
A_{VOL}	Large-Signal Gain	AMPOUT = 0.5V to 2.5V, No Load		80.0	1000	V/mV
		AMPOUT = 0.5V to 2.5V, $R_{LOAD} = 100k$		45.5	500	V/mV
		Commercial Grade	●	22.0		V/mV
		Industrial Grade	●	20.0		V/mV
GBW	Gain Bandwidth	$A_V = 1V/V$		12		kHz
SR	Slew Rate	$A_V = 1V/V$		8		V/ms
V_{CM}	Input Common Mode Range		●	V_{SS}	$V_{CC} - 1.3$	V
CMRR	Common Mode Rejection Ratio	$V_{CM} = V_{SS}$ to $(V_{CC} - 1.3V)$			0.40	mV/V
		Commercial Grade	●		0.50	mV/V
		Industrial Grade	●		1.00	mV/V
PSRR	Power Supply Rejection Ratio	$V_{CC} = 3V$ to 12V			0.19	mV/V
		Commercial Grade	●		0.21	mV/V
		Industrial Grade	●		0.23	mV/V
V_{OH}	Output High Voltage	$R_{LOAD} = 100k$ to V_{SS}			$V_{CC} - 0.07$	V
		Commercial Grade	●		$V_{CC} - 0.10$	V
		Industrial Grade	●		$V_{CC} - 0.12$	V
V_{OL}	Output Low Voltage	$R_{LOAD} = 100k$ to V_{CC}			$V_{CC} + 0.05$	V
		Commercial Grade	●		$V_{CC} + 0.10$	V
		Industrial Grade	●		$V_{CC} + 0.12$	V
I_{SOURCE}	Output Source Current		●	0.6	0.95	mA
				0.4		mA
I_{SINK}	Output Sink Current		●	1.2	1.8	mA
				0.8		mA
e_n	Input Noise Voltage	$f_0 = 0.1Hz$ to 10Hz		3		μV_{P-P}

The ● denotes specifications which apply over the full operating temperature range.

Note 1: Supply current is tested with $COMPIN^+ = (REF - 100mV)$ for LTC1541 and $COMPIN^+ = 0V$, $COMPIN^- = 100mV$ for LTC1542.

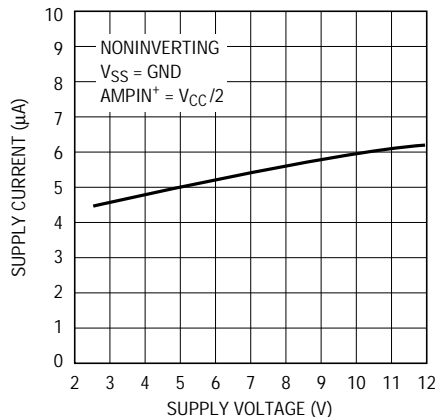
Note 2: Input offset voltage is defined as the center of the input referred hysteresis, $V_{CM} = REF$ (LTC1541). $V_{CM} = 1/2 V_{CC}$ (LTC1542).

Note 3: Trip point is defined as the differential input voltage required to make the comparator output change state. The difference between upper and lower trip point is equal to the width of the input referred hysteresis, $V_{CM} = REF$ (LTC1541). $V_{CM} = 1/2 V_{CC}$ (LTC1542).

Note 4: The input leakage current is measured for $COMPIN^+$ at 1.5V (LTC1541) and $COMPIN^+ = COMPIN^- = 1.5V$ (LTC1542).

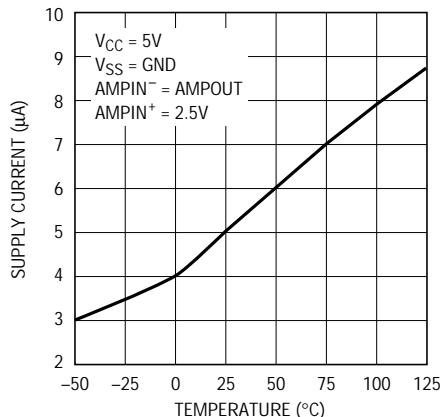
TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

Supply Current vs Supply Voltage



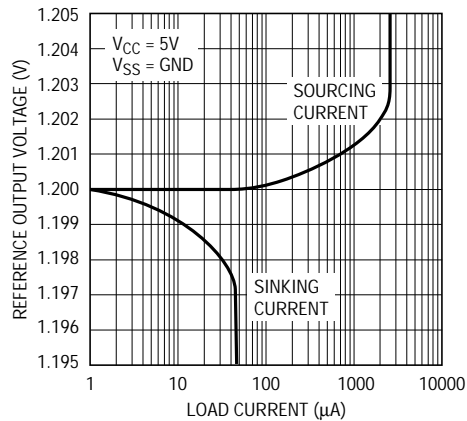
1541/42 TPC01

Supply Current vs Temperature



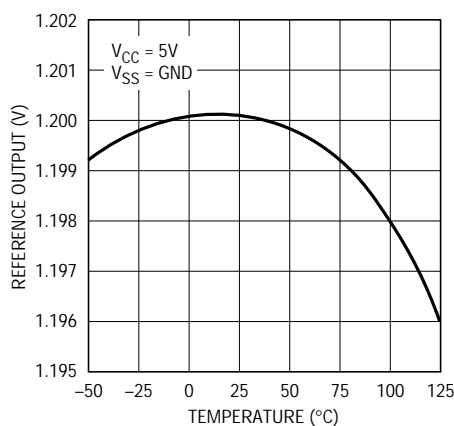
1541/42 TPC02

Reference Output Voltage vs Load Current



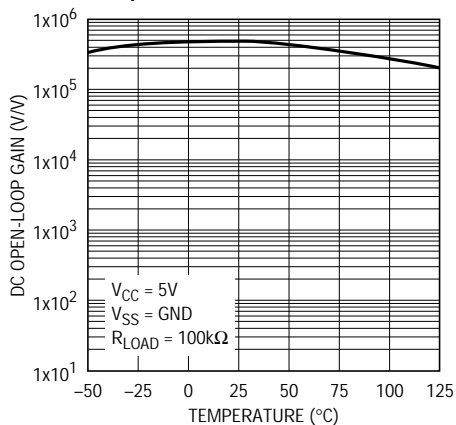
1541/42 TPC03

Reference Output Voltage vs Temperature



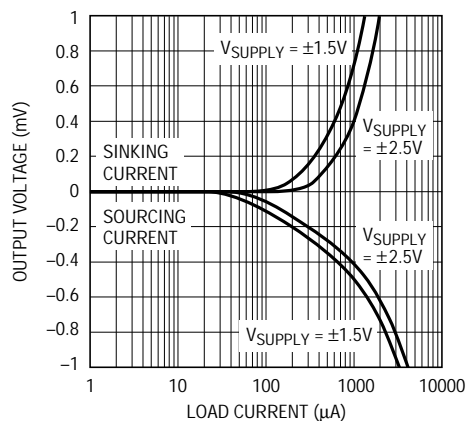
1541/42 TPC04

Op Amp DC Open-Loop Gain vs Temperature



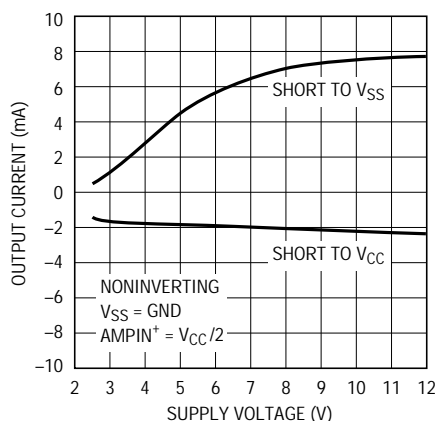
1541/42 TPC05

Op Amp Output Voltage vs Load Current



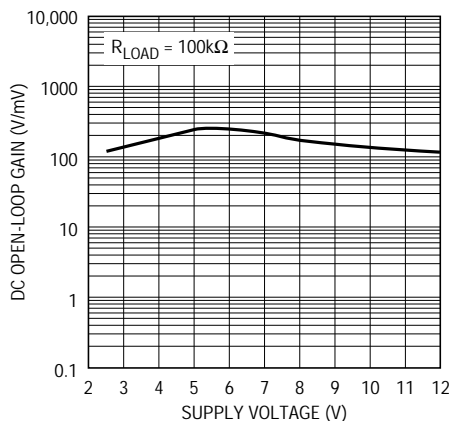
1541/42 TPC06

Op Amp Short-Circuit Current vs Supply Voltage



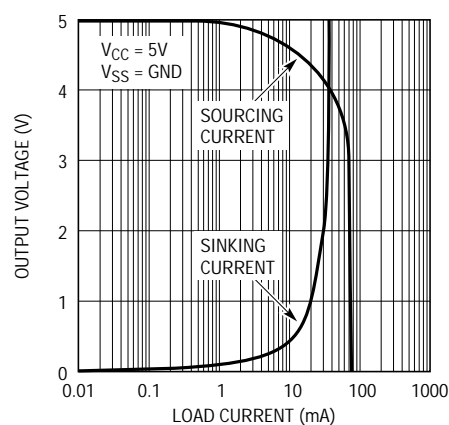
1541/42 TPC07

Op Amp DC Open-Loop Gain vs Supply Voltage



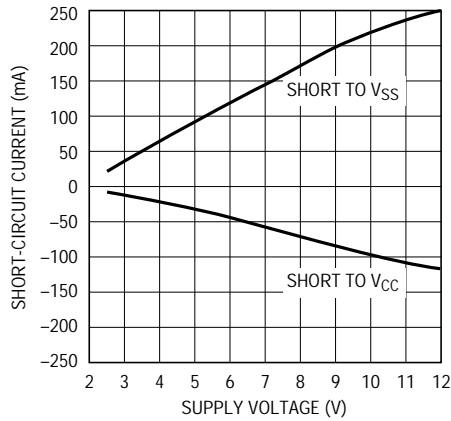
1541/42 TPC08

Comparator Output Voltage vs Load Current

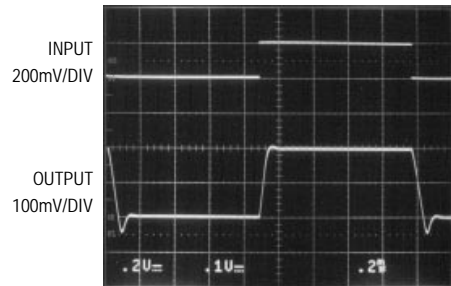


1541/42 TPC09

TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

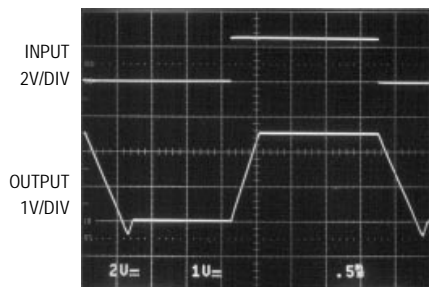
Comparator Short-Circuit Current
vs Supply Voltage

1541/42 TPC10

Op Amp Small-Signal Transient
Response

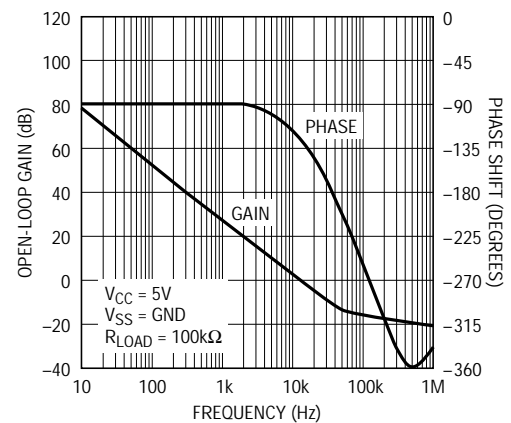
NONINVERTING

1541/42 TPC11

 $A_{VCL} = 1V/V$ LOAD = 100k Ω /100pF TO V_{SS}V_{SUPPLY} = 5VOp Amp Large-Signal Transient
Response

NONINVERTING

1541/42 TPC11

 $A_{VCL} = 1V/V$ LOAD = 100k Ω /100pF TO V_{SS}V_{SUPPLY} = 5VOp Amp Open-Loop Gain and
Phase vs FrequencyV_{CC} = 5VV_{SS} = GNDR_{LOAD} = 100k Ω

1541/42 TPC13

LTC1541/LTC1542

PIN FUNCTIONS

AMPOUT (Pin 1): Op Amp Output. The output can swing from rail-to-rail while driving a capacitive load of up to 1000pF. The output can source and sink 0.7mA (min).

AMPIN⁻ (Pin 2): Inverting Input of Op Amp. The input common mode ranges from V_{SS} to $(V_{CC} - 1.3V)$. The input current is typically 10pA at 25°C.

AMPIN⁺ (Pin 3): Noninverting Input of Op Amp. The input common mode ranges from V_{SS} to $(V_{CC} - 1.3V)$. The input current is typically 10pA at 25°C.

V_{SS} (Pin 4): Negative Supply or Ground Connection.

COMPIN⁺ (Pin 5): Noninverting Input of Comparator. The input common mode ranges from V_{SS} to $(V_{CC} - 1.3V)$. The input current is typically 10pA at 25°C.

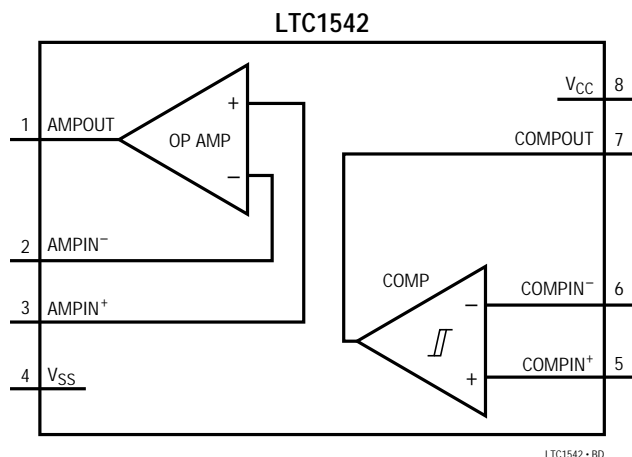
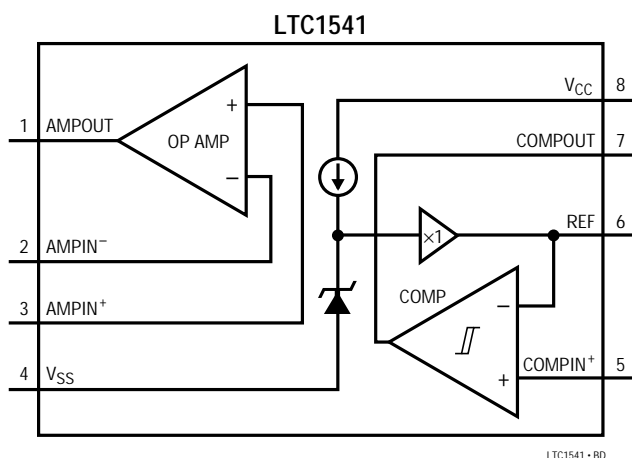
REF (Pin 6) (LTC1541): Reference Output. $V_{REF} = 1.2V \pm 1\%$ over industrial temperature range, and is also connected to inverting comparator input internally. This device can source up to 2mA and sink up to 20μA. The output can drive a bypass capacitor of up to 0.01μF without oscillation.

COMPIN⁻ (Pin 6) (LTC1542): Inverting Input of Comparator. The input common mode ranges from V_{SS} to $(V_{CC} - 1.3V)$. The input current is typically 10pA at 25°C.

COMPOUT (Pin 7): Comparator Output. The output can source 20mA and sink 5mA.

V_{CC} (Pin 8): Positive Supply, $2.5V \leq V_{CC} \leq 12.6V$. The supply bypass capacitors are not required if the supply impedance is low. For single supply applications, it is a good general practice to bypass V_{CC} with a 0.1μF capacitor to ground.

BLOCK DIAGRAMS



APPLICATIONS INFORMATION

The LTC1541/LTC1542 are a combination of a micropower op amp, comparator and $1.2\text{V} \pm 1\%$ reference (LTC1541) in an 8-pin package. The LTC1541 has the negative input of the comparator internally connected to the reference output. The supply voltage range is from 2.5V to 12.6V for single supply and $\pm 1.25\text{V}$ to $\pm 6.3\text{V}$ for dual supplies. The supply current is a mere $5\mu\text{A}$ (typical) with a 5V single supply.

Op Amp

The op amp is internally compensated to be unity-gain stable, with typical GBW at 12kHz and slew rate of 8V/ms. The output can drive a capacitive load of up to 1000pF and swings from rail-to-rail. The input range is from the negative rail to within 1.3V of the positive rail. The input bias current is less than 1nA maximum at the extended temperature range.

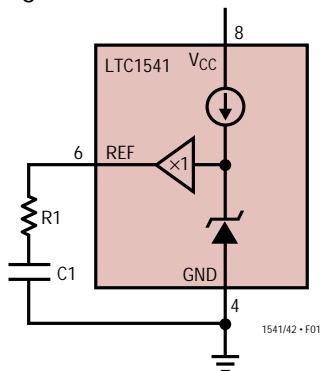


Figure 1. Damping the Reference Output

Comparator

The comparator has a high impedance differential input stage with a common mode input range from the negative rail to within 1.3V of the positive rail. The CMOS output stage can swing from rail-to-rail and source up to 20mA continuously. The output stage has been designed to eliminate the power supply glitches that normally occur when the output changes logic state. In addition, internal hysteresis ($\pm 3\text{mV}$) ensures clean output switching even with slow moving input signals. The negative input is internally connected to the reference for the LTC1541.

Reference

The internal bandgap reference has an output voltage of $1.2\text{V} \pm 1\%$ over the industrial grade temperature range.

The output can source up to 2mA and sink up to $20\mu\text{A}$ with a 5V supply. The output can drive a bypass capacitor of up to $0.01\mu\text{F}$ without oscillation and by inserting a series resistor, capacitance values up to $100\mu\text{F}$ can be used (Figure 1). Figure 2 shows the resistor value required for different capacitor values to achieve critical damping. Bypassing the reference can help prevent false tripping of the comparator by preventing glitches on V_{CC} or reference load transients from disturbing the reference output voltage. Figures 3a and 3b show the bypass reference output with a square wave applied to the V_{CC} pin while resistor R1 damps the reference response. Note that the comparator output doesn't trip.

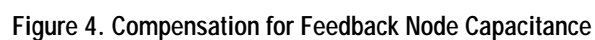
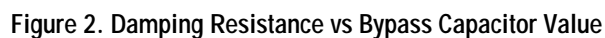
Op Amp Stability

Unlike other industry standard micropower CMOS op amps, the op amp in the LTC1541/LTC1542 maintain stability in unity-gain configuration while driving heavy capacitive loads of up to 1000pF.

Although this family is primarily designed for low frequency applications, good layout is extremely important. Low power, high impedance circuits may increase the effects of board leakage and stray capacitance. For example, the combination of a 10M resistance (from leakage between traces on a contaminated, poorly designed PC board) and a 1pF stray capacitance provides a pole at approximately 16kHz, which is near the amplifier's bandwidth. Board routing and layout should minimize leakage and stray capacitance. In some cases, stray capacitance may be unavoidable and it may be necessary to add a small capacitor across the feedback resistor to compensate (Figure 4); select the smallest capacitor value that ensures stability.

Inputs

The input common mode range for both the op amp and comparator is from the negative supply to within 1.3V of the positive supply. The inputs can be taken more than 300mV below the negative supply without damaging the device if the current out of the pin is limited to less than 1mA. Unlike bipolar input op amps and comparators, the outputs of the CMOS LTC1541/LTC1542 will not reverse phase when the inputs are taken above the common mode input range.

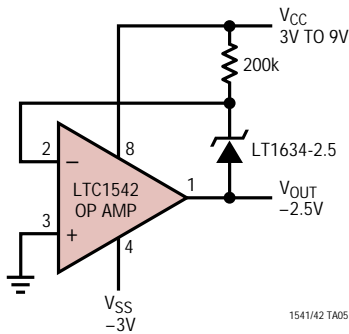


Shunt Battery Charger with Low-Battery Load Disconnect

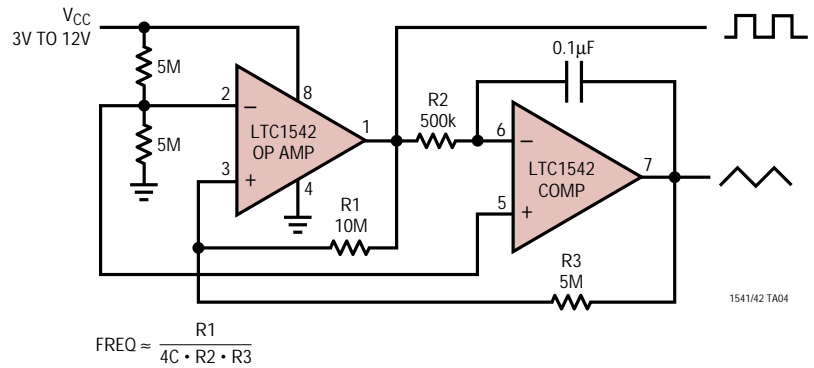


TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

Negative Reference



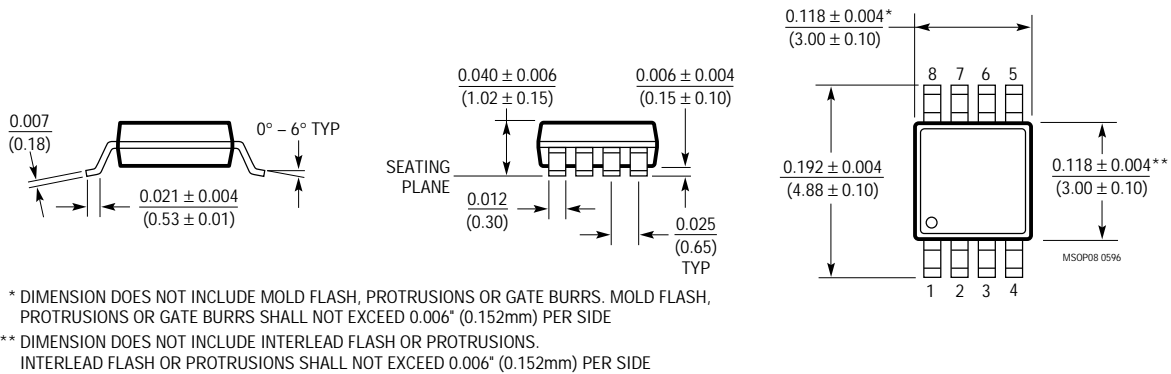
Single Supply Function Generator



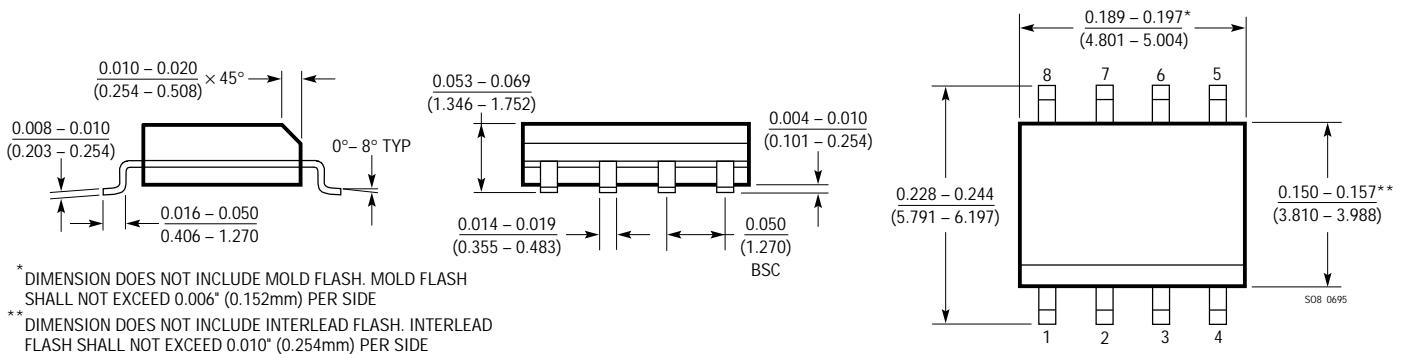
PACKAGE DESCRIPTION

Dimensions in inches (millimeters) unless otherwise noted.

MS8 Package 8-Lead Plastic MSOP (LTC DWG # 05-08-1660)



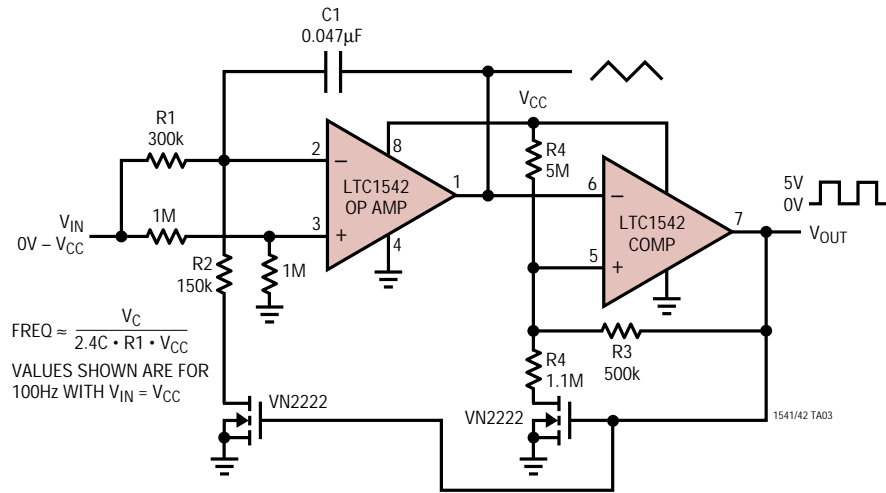
S8 Package 8-Lead Plastic Small Outline (Narrow 0.150) (LTC DWG # 05-08-1610)



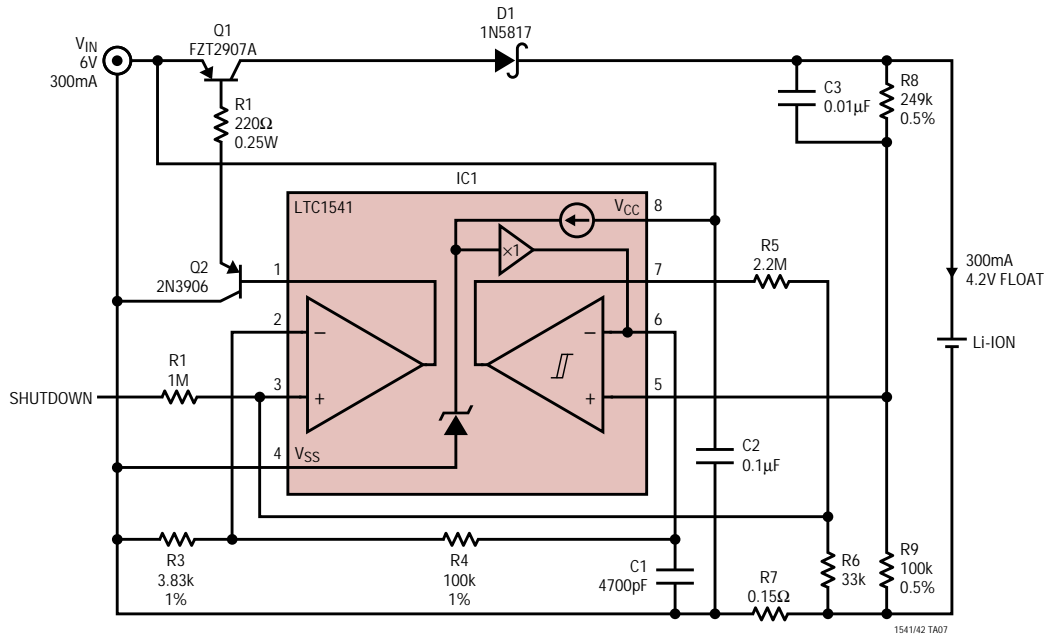
LTC1541/LTC1542

TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

Voltage Control Oscillator



Linear Lithium-Ion Charger



RELATED PARTS

PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	COMMENTS
LT [®] 1078/LT1079	Dual/Quad Micropower, Single Supply Precision Op Amps	70μV, V _{OS} Max and 0.4μV/°C Drift, 200kHz GBW, 0.07V/μs Slew Rate, Input/Output Common Mode Includes Ground
LT1178/LT1179	Dual/Quad 17μA Max, Single Supply Precision Op Amps	70μV, V _{OS} Max and 2.5μV/°C Drift Max, 85kHz GBW, 0.04V/μs Slew Rate, Input/Output Common Mode Includes Ground
LT1490/LT1491	Dual/Quad Micropower Rail-to-Rail Input and Output Op Amps	Single Supply Input Range: -0.4V to 44V, Micropower 50μA Amplifier, Rail-to-Rail Input and Output, 200kHz GBW
LT1635	Micropower Rail-to-Rail Op Amp and Reference	130μA of Supply Current, 1.3mV V _{OS} Max
LT2078/LT2079	Dual/Quad Micropower, Single Supply Precision Op Amps	SO-8 and 14-Lead Standard Pinout, 70μV V _{OS} Max, 200kHz GBW
LT2178/LT2179	Dual/Quad 17μA Max, Single Supply Precision Op Amps	SO-8 and 14-Lead Standard Pinout, 70μV V _{OS} Max, 85kHz GBW