

**66056****SINGLE/DUAL CHANNEL, HERMETICALLY SEALED,  
VERY HIGH SPEED OPTOCOUPLER****Mii****OPTOELECTRONIC PRODUCTS  
DIVISION**

Rev 1 7/3/01

**Features:**

- DSCC Approved 8102802PX (Dual); and single channel version optocoupler
- 10 MHz bandwidth typical
- 1500 Vdc isolation test voltage
- TTL compatible input and output
- High radiation immunity
- Faraday shield to provide high common mode rejection

**Applications:**

- Military and space
- Voltage level shifting
- Isolated receiver input
- Communication systems
- Medical systems

**DESCRIPTION**

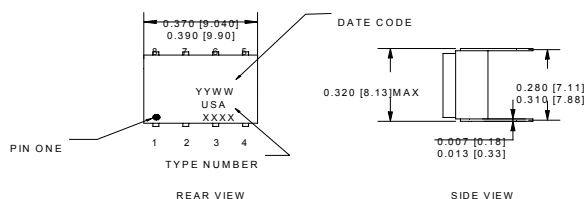
The **66056** single and dual channel optocouplers consist of LED's optically coupled to two high speed, high gain inverting detector gates. Maximum isolation can be achieved while providing TTL outputs capable of switching with propagation delays of 55ns typical. The 66056 is available in military temperature range and military temperature with 100% device screening. The devices are built in eight-pin dual-in-line, hermetically sealed packages and provide high input to output DC isolation.

**ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**

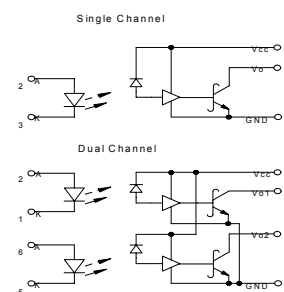
Storage Temperature .....	-65°C to +150°C
Operating Free-Air Temperature Range .....	-55°C to +125°C
Lead Solder Temperature .....	260°C for 10s (1.6mm below seating plane)
Peak Forward Input Current (each channel) .....	40mA (1ms duration)
Average Forward Input Current (each channel)...(see Note 1) .....	20mA
Input Power Dissipation (each channel) .....	35mW
Reverse Input Voltage (each channel) .....	5V
Supply voltage - $V_{CC}$ .....	7V(1 minute maximum)
Output Current - $I_O$ (each channel) .....	25mA
Output Power Dissipation (each channel) .....	40mW
Output Voltage - $V_O$ (each channel) .....	7V
Total Power Dissipation (per channels) .....	175mW

**NOTES:**

1. Derate  $I_F$  at 0.05mA/°C above 25°C.

**Package Dimensions**

NOTE:  
ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN INCHES [MILLIMETERS]

**Schematic Diagrams**

**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**  $T_a = -55^{\circ}\text{C}$  to at  $125^{\circ}\text{C}$  unless otherwise specified.

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	TEST CONDITIONS	NOTE
High Level Output Current	$I_{OH}$		5	250	$\mu\text{A}$	$V_{CC} = 5.5\text{V}$ , $V_O = 5.5\text{V}$ , $I_F = 250\mu\text{A}$	1
Low Level Output Voltage	$V_{OL}$		0.5	0.6	V	$V_{CC} = 5.5\text{V}$ , $I_F = 10\text{mA}$ $I_{OL}$ (Sinking) = 10mA	1,3
High Level Supply Current	$I_{CCH}$		9	14	mA	$V_{CC} = 5.5\text{V}$ , $I_F = 0$	
Dual Channel			18	28		(Both Channels)	
Low Level Supply Current	$I_{CCL}$		13	18	mA	$V_{CC} = 5.5\text{V}$ , $I_F = 20\text{mA}$	
Dual Channel			26	36		(Both Channels)	
Input Forward Voltage	$V_F$		1.5	1.75	V	$I_F = 20\text{mA}$	1
Input Reverse Breakdown Voltage	$BV_R$	5			V	$I_R = 10\mu\text{A}$	
Input-Output Insulation Leakage Current	$I_{I-O}$			1.0	$\mu\text{A}$	$V_{I-O} = 1500\text{Vdc}$ , Relative Humidity = 45% $t_a = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ , $t = 5\text{s}$	2
Propagation Delay Time To High Output Level	$t_{PLH}$		45	100	ns	$R_L = 510\Omega$ , $C_L = 50\text{pF}$ , $I_F = 13\text{mA}$ , $t_a = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$	3,4
Propagation Delay Time To Low Output Level	$t_{PHL}$		55	100	ns	$R_L = 510\Omega$ , $C_L = 50\text{pF}$ , $I_F = 13\text{mA}$ , $t_a = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$	3,5

**TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS**  $T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ ,  $V_{CC} = 5\text{V}$  EACH CHANNEL

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	TEST CONDITIONS	NOTE
Input Capacitance	$C_{IN}$		60		pF	$V_F = 0$ , $f = \text{MHz}$	1
Input Diode Temperature Coefficient	$\Delta V_F / \Delta T_A$		-1.9		mV/ $^{\circ}\text{C}$	$I_F = 20\text{mA}$	1
Resistance (Input-Output)	$R_{I-O}$		$10^{12}$		$\Omega$	$V_{I-O} = 500\text{V}$	2
Capacitance (Input-Output)	$C_{I-O}$		5		pF	$f = 1\text{MHz}$	2
Output Rise-Fall Time (10-90%)	$t_r$ , $t_f$		35		ns	$R_L = 510\Omega$ , $C_L = 50\text{pF}$ , $I_F = 13\text{mA}$	
Common Mode Transient Immunity at High Output Level	$CM_H$	1000	10000		V/ $\mu\text{s}$	$V_{CM} = 10\text{V}$ (peak), $V_O$ (min) = 2V, $R_L = 510\Omega$ , $I_F = 0\text{mA}$	6
Common Mode Transient Immunity at Low Output Level	$CM_L$	1000	10000		V/ $\mu\text{s}$	$V_{CM} = 10\text{V}$ (peak), $V_O$ (max) = 0.8V, $R_L = 510\Omega$ , $I_F = 10\text{mA}$	7

**NOTES:**

- Each channel
- Measured between input pins shorted together and output pins shorted together.
- It is essential that a bypass capacitor (.01 to 0.1 $\mu\text{F}$  ceramic) be connected from pin 1 to pin 4.
- The  $t_{PLH}$  propagation delay is measured from the 6.5mA point on the trailing edge of the input pulse to the 1.5V point on the trailing edge of the output pulse.
- The  $t_{PHL}$  propagation delay is measured from the 6.5mA point on the leading edge of the input pulse to the 1.5V point on the leading edge of the output pulse.
- $CM_H$  is the max. tolerable common mode transient to assure that the output will remain in a high logic state (i.e.  $V_O > 2.0\text{V}$ ).
- $CM_L$  is the max. tolerable common mode transient to assure that the output will remain in a low logic state (i.e.  $V_O < 0.8\text{V}$ ).

**RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS:**

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN	MAX	UNITS
Input Current, Low Level Each Channel	$I_{FL}$	0	250	$\mu\text{A}$
Input Current, High Level Each Channel	$I_{FH}$	12.5	20	mA
Supply Voltage	$V_C$	4.5	5.5	V
Fan Out (TTL Load) Each Channel	N		6	
Operating Temperature	$T_A$	-55	125	$^{\circ}\text{C}$

**SELECTION GUIDE**

PART NUMBER	PART DESCRIPTION
66056-011	Single Channel, commercial optocoupler
66056-012	Dual Channel, commercial optocoupler
66056-001	Single Channel, Mil-temp optocoupler tested over full military temperature range (-55° to +125°C)
66056-002	Dual Channel, Mil-temp optocoupler tested over full military temperature range (-55° to +125°C)
66056-101	Single Channel optocoupler tested over full military temperature range with 100% device screening
66056-102	Dual Channel optocoupler tested over full military temperature range with 100% device screening
66056-103	DSCC Dwg 8102802PX Dual channel optocoupler