

#### DESCRIPTION

**RangeMAX™ Wide Range Dimming, Dual Output Inverter.** The LMX1622 series of Direct Drive CCFL (Cold Cathode Fluorescent Lamp) Inverter Modules are specifically designed for driving two lamp LCD displays. They are available in two power and input voltage ranges.

LMX1622 modules provide the designer with a vastly superior display brightness range. This brightness range is achievable with virtually any LCD display.

**RangeMAX Digital Dimming Technique.** Digital dimming provides flicker-free brightness control in any wide range (100:1+) dimming application. The modules are available with a dimming input that permits brightness control from either a DC voltage source or a PWM signal.

The resultant “burst drive” that energizes the lamp was designed specifically to ensure that no premature lamp degradation occurs (See the “How RangeMAX Works” section).

**Input Voltage Range.** The modules convert the DC voltage from a fixed 12V supply directly to high frequency, high-voltage waves required to ignite and operate CCFL lamps. A 5V input inverter is also available; LXM1612-05 series.

**Direct Drive Technology.** The modules design is based on a new Direct Drive topology, which provides a number of cost and performance advantages.

**Additional Features.** Other benefits of this new topology are fixed-frequency operation, secondary-side strike-voltage regulation, and both open and shorted lamp protection. If lamp fails to strike the inverter will timeout and shutdown.

#### KEY FEATURES

- RangeMAX Wide Range Dimming
- Fixed 5V input
- Easy to Use Brightness Control
- Output Short-Circuit Protection and Automatic Strike-Voltage Regulation and Timeout
- Fixed Frequency Operation
- Microamp SLEEP mode

#### APPLICATIONS

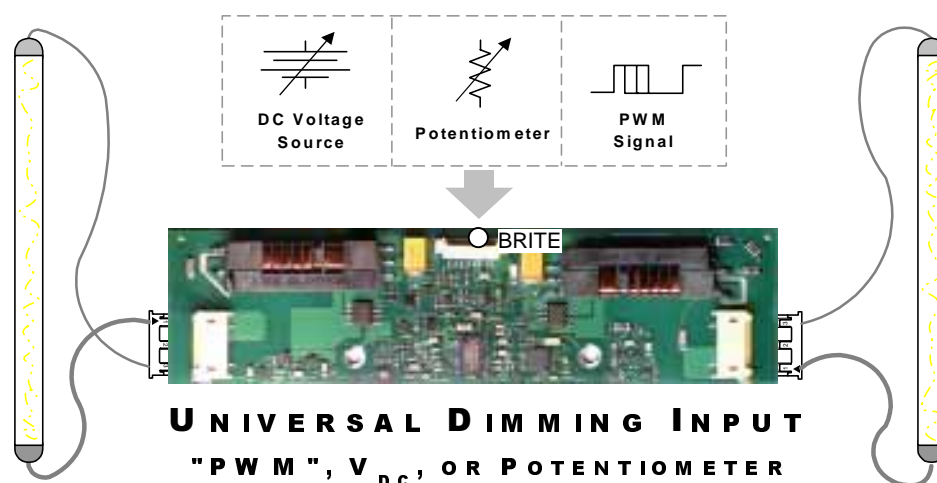
- Notebook Sub-Notebook Computers
- Portable Instrumentation
- Low Ambient Light

#### BENEFITS

- Smooth, Flicker Free 1-100% Full-Range Brightness Control
- Output Open Circuit Voltage Regulation Minimizes Corona Discharge For High Reliability
- Power Efficient, “Low Brightness” Capability Allows For Advanced Power Management

**IMPORTANT:** For the most current data, consult MICROSEMI's website: <http://www.microsemi.com>

#### PRODUCT HIGHLIGHT



#### MODULE ORDER INFO

PART NUMBER	LAMP CURRENT	LAMP RUN VOLTAGE	OUTPUT CONNECTOR	INVERTER MATES DIRECTLY TO PANEL CONNECTORS
LMX1622-12-01	6.5mA	500-750	JST SM02(8.0)B-BHS-1-TB	BHR-03VS-1
LMX1622-12-02	5.5mA	350-550	JST SM02(8.0)B-BHS-1-TB	BHR-03VS-1
LMX1622-12-03	5.5mA	350-550	Honda QZ-19-A3MYL #02	QZ-19-3F01

#### ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS(NOTE 1)

Input Supply Voltage ( $V_{IN}$ ).....	-0.3V to 16V
Output Voltage, no load .....	Internally Limited to 1800V <sub>RMS</sub>
Output Current.....	7.5mA <sub>RMS</sub> (Internally Limited)
Output Power (for 2 lamps).....	12W
Input Signal Voltage (BRITE, $V_{SYNC}$ Input).....	-0.3V to +6.5V
Input Signal Voltage (SLEEP).....	-0.3V to $V_{IN}$ +0.5V
Ambient Operating Temperature, zero airflow .....	0°C to 70°C
Storage Temperature Range .....	-40°C to 85°C

Note 1: Exceeding these ratings could cause damage to the device. All voltages are with respect to Ground. Currents are positive into, negative out of specified terminal.

#### RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

This module has been designed to operate over a wide range of input and output conditions. However, best efficiency and performance will be obtained if the module is operated under the condition listed in the 'R.C.' Column. Min. and Max. columns indicate values beyond which the inverter, although operational, will not function optimally.

Parameter	Symbol	Recommended Operating Conditions			Units
		Min	R.C.	Max	
$V_{IN}$ Voltage Range	$V_{IN}$	10.8	12.0	13.2	V
Output Power (-01)	$P_O$	5.8	8	10.8	W
Output Power (-02,-03)	$P_O$	3	5	6	W
Brightness Control Input Voltage Range	$V_{BRT\_ADJ}$	0.0		2.5	V
Lamp Operating Voltage (-01)	$V_{LAMP}$	500	625	750	V <sub>RMS</sub>
Lamp Operating Voltage (-02,-03)	$V_{LAMP}$	300	425	500	V <sub>RMS</sub>
Lamp Current Full Brightness (-01)	$I_{OLAMP}$		6.5		mA <sub>RMS</sub>
Lamp Current Full Brightness (-02,-03)	$I_{OLAMP}$		5.5		mA <sub>RMS</sub>
Operating Ambient Temperature Range	$T_A$	0		70	°C

#### ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Unless otherwise specified, these specifications apply over the recommended operating conditions and 25°C ambient temperature for the LXM1622-12-xx.

Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	LXM1622-12-xx			Units
			Min	Typ	Max	
▶ <b>OUTPUT PIN CHARACTERISTICS</b>						
Full Bright Lamp Current (-01)	I <sub>L(MAX)</sub>	V <sub>BRT_ADJ</sub> = 2.25V	5.85	6.5	7.15	mA <sub>RMS</sub>
Full Bright Lamp Current (-02,-03)	I <sub>L(MAX)</sub>	V <sub>BRT_ADJ</sub> = 2.25V	4.95	5.5	6.05	mA <sub>RMS</sub>
Min. Average Lamp Current (Note 2)	I <sub>L(MIN)</sub>	V <sub>BRT_ADJ</sub> = 0V <sub>DC</sub>		.25		mA <sub>RMS</sub>
Lamp Start Voltage	V <sub>LS</sub>		1350	1500	1800	V <sub>RMS</sub>
Operating Frequency	F <sub>O</sub>	V <sub>BRT_ADJ</sub> = 2.25V <sub>DC</sub>	66	76	86	KHz
Fault Timeout	T <sub>FAULT</sub>			1.6		SEC
▶ <b>BRITE INPUT</b>						
Linear Dim Control Range	V <sub>BRT</sub>		.25		2.2	V <sub>DC</sub>
Input Current	I <sub>BRT</sub>	V <sub>BRT_ADJ</sub> = 0V <sub>DC</sub>	-680	-710	-730	μA <sub>DC</sub>
		V <sub>BRT_ADJ</sub> = 2.5V <sub>DC</sub>	196	203	220	μA <sub>DC</sub>
Input Voltage for Max. Lamp Current	V <sub>BRT_ADJ</sub>	I <sub>O(LAMP)</sub> = 100% Duty Cycle	2.25		2.5	V <sub>DC</sub>
Input Voltage for Min. Lamp Current	V <sub>BRT_ADJ</sub>	I <sub>O(LAMP)</sub> = Minimum Duty Cycle	0		0.25	V <sub>DC</sub>
▶ <b>SLEEP INPUT</b>						
RUN Mode	V <sub>SLEEP</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> =12V	1.5			V <sub>DC</sub>
OFF Mode	V <sub>SLEEP</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> =12V	-0.3		0.8	V <sub>DC</sub>
Input Current	I <sub>SLEEP</sub>	SLEEP=5.0V	400	425	450	uA
		SLEEP=0.0V		0		
▶ <b>VS<sub>SYNC</sub> CHARACTERISTICS</b>						
Logic High Level	V <sub>SYNC (HI)</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> =12V	1.5			V <sub>DC</sub>
Logic Low Level	V <sub>SYNC (LO)</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> =12V	0		0.8	V <sub>DC</sub>
Input Impedance	Z <sub>IN</sub>			27		KΩ
Input Frequency	F <sub>V<sub>SYNC</sub></sub>		50		150	Hz
Free Run Frequency	F <sub>BURST</sub>	Output Burst Rate; V <sub>SYNC</sub> =0V	190	250	310	Hz

#### ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (CONTINUED)

Unless otherwise specified, these specifications apply over the recommended operating conditions and 25°C ambient temperature for the LXM1622-12-xx.

Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	LXM1622-12-xx			Units
			Min	Typ	Max	
Run Current (LXM1622-12-01)	$I_{RUN}$	$V_{IN}=12V, V_{BRT\_ADJ} = 2.25V, V_{LAMP} = 625V_{RMS}$		800		mA
Run Current (LXM1622-12-02,03))	$I_{RUN}$	$V_{IN}=12V, V_{BRT\_ADJ} = 2.25V, V_{LAMP} = 425V_{RMS}$		450		mA
Sleep Current	$I_{SLEEP}$	$V_{IN} = 12V, SLEEP = 0.0V$	0.0	0.5	10	μA

Note 2: Minimum lamp current required to maintain even light output may vary with display panel.

Average RMS current = (burst duty cycle) X (burst amplitude of full lamp current)

#### FUNCTIONAL PIN DESCRIPTION

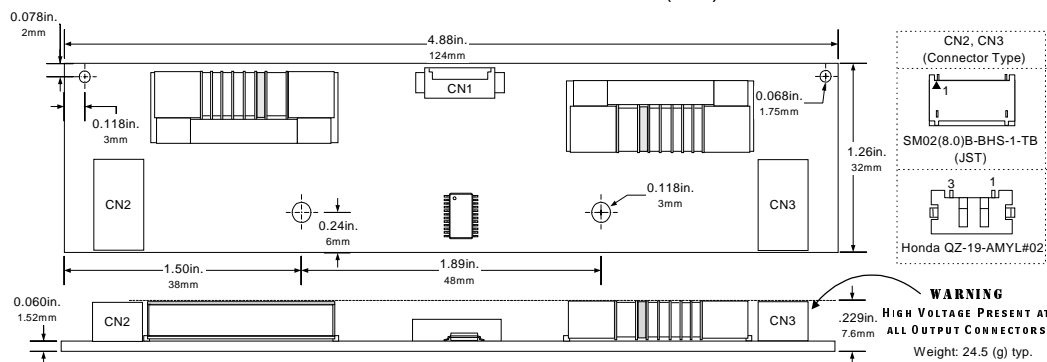
Conn.	Pin	Description
<b>CN1 (Molex 53261-0890) *</b>		
CN1-1,2	$V_{IN}$	Main Input Power Supply (10.8V to 13.2V)
CN1-3,4	GND	Power Supply Return
CN1-5	SLEEP	>1.5V(Backlight on), <0.8V (backlight off), $I_{SLEEP}=425\mu A$ @ 5.0V, disabled if left open
CN1-6	BRITE	Brightness Control (0.25- 2.2VDC) 2.25VDC gives maximum lamp current
CN1-7	BRITE RTN	Signal Ground (0Vdc)
CN1-8	$V_{SYNC}$	Vertical Synchronization Input ( $50 < f_{SYNC} < 150Hz$ ), minimum pulse width 10uS
<b>CN2,3 for LXM1622-12-01, 02 (JST SM02(8.0)B-BHS-1-TB)</b>		
CN2-1	$V_{HI}$	High Voltage Connection to High Side of Lamp. Connect to lamp terminal with shortest lead length. <b>DO NOT</b> connect to Ground.
CN2-2	$V_{LO}$	Connection to Low Side of Lamp. Connect to lamp terminal with longer lead length. <b>DO NOT</b> connect to Ground.
<b>CN2,3 for LXM1622-12-03 (Honda QZ-19-AMYL#02)</b>		
CN2-3	$V_{HI}$	High Voltage Connection to High Side of Lamp. Connect to lamp terminal with shortest lead length. <b>DO NOT</b> connect to Ground.
CN2-1	$V_{LO}$	Connection to Lower Side of Lamp. Connect to lamp terminal with longer lead length. <b>DO NOT</b> connect to Ground.

\* LX9501 Mating Connector Assembly Available

#### PHYSICAL DIMENSIONS

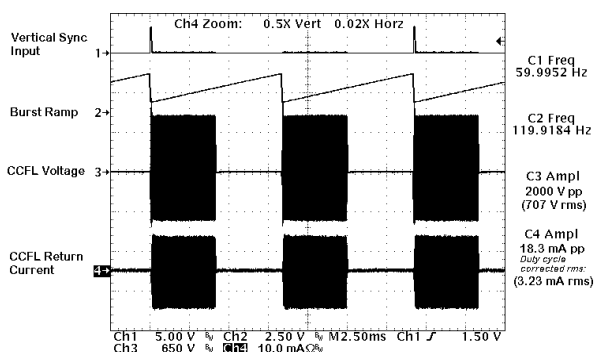
#### LXM1622-12-XX

All dimensions are in inches (mm)



## HOW THE RANGEMAX WORKS

### LAMP VOLTAGE & LAMP CURRENT – BURST MODE OPERATION

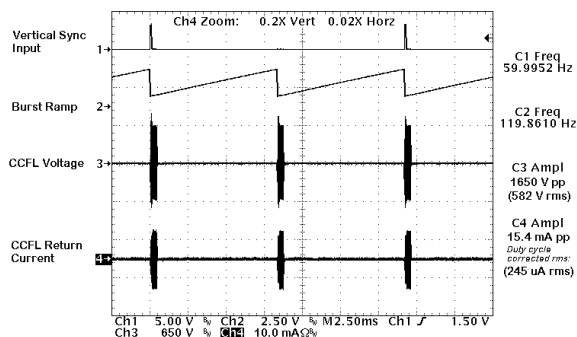


**Figure 1 – 50% Burst Duty Cycle**

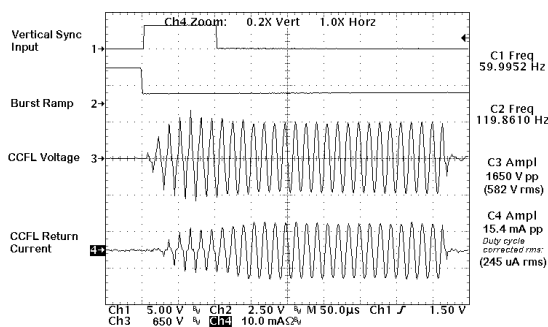
Rather than using the traditional dimming technique of varying lamp current magnitude to adjust light output, RangeMAX inverters use a fixed lamp current value with a duty cycle control method.

The lamp current burst width can be modulated from 100% (continuous lamp current) down to a 5% duty cycle, allowing the lamp to be dimmed to less than 3% of its full brightness.

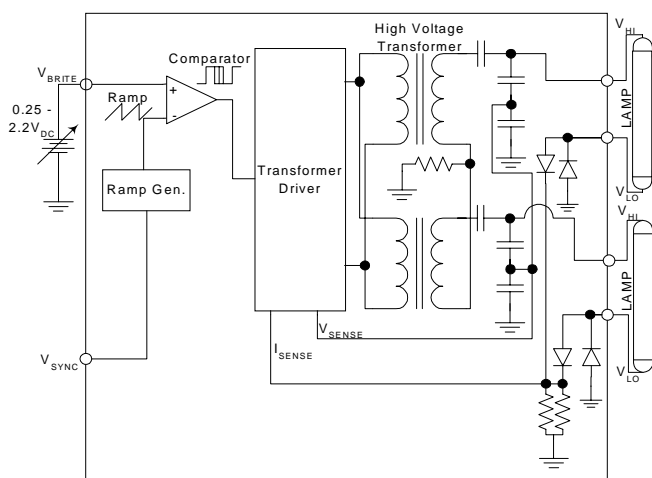
As can be seen in Trace 4 of Figure 3 photo at right, careful design consideration was given to controlling lamp start voltage to softly start current flow. This eliminates current overshoot that can result in premature cathode wear and reduce lamp life.



**Figure 2 – 5% Burst Duty Cycle**



**Figure 3 – 5% Burst Duty Cycle (Expanded Time Base)**



**Figure 4 – RangeMAX Simplified Block Diagram**

### HIGHLIGHTS

- Integrated brightness control circuit includes a DC voltage to pulse width converter that minimizes system design work and system noise susceptibility. This provides a familiar and convenient interface while reducing the potential for externally induced noise, which can cause lamp flicker.
- RangeMAX inverter modules are designed to operate with the burst frequency synchronized to the video frame rate. This provides operation with no visible display disturbances caused by beat frequencies between the lamps and video frame rates. In this synchronous mode, the inverter burst rate operates at twice the video refresh rate, well beyond standard 50/60Hz video refresh rates where the eye can perceive pulsing light.



## HOW THE RANGEMAX WORKS (CONTINUED)

### HIGHLIGHTS (CONTINUED)

- In applications with no access to a vertical sync, an onboard oscillator operates the inverter burst rate at about 270Hz. In this non-synchronous mode, minor display disturbances can be found under certain video conditions. This performance may be acceptable for many applications, but synchronization must be used when no disturbance can be tolerated.
- Separate feedback loops for lamp current and open circuit voltage regulation insure reliable strike under all operating conditions, automatic over-voltage prevention with broken or failed lamps, and accurate lamp current regulation.
- A single input will accommodate negative and positive vertical sync pulses at any pulse width.

## TYPICAL APPLICATION

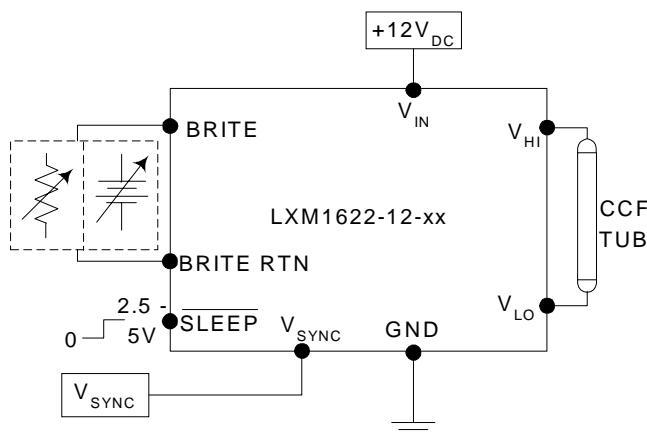


Figure 5 - Brightness Control

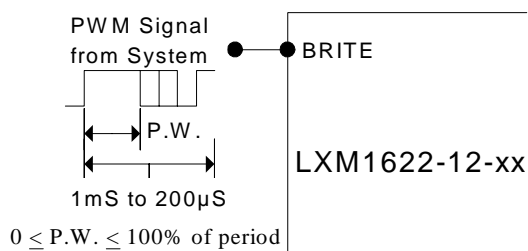


Figure 5A - PWM Brightness Control

- The Brightness control may be a voltage output DAC, or other voltage source as shown in Figure 5. A 2.5V to 5V Logic Level PWM signal from a micro-controller may also be used as shown in Figure 5A.
- If synchronization to the video frame rate is desired, connect the vertical sync pulse from the system video controller to the  $V_{\text{SYNC}}$  input. If no video synchronization is desired, connect  $V_{\text{SYNC}}$  to ground.
- If you need to turn the inverter ON/OFF remotely, connect a 2.5V to 5V logic signal to the  $\overline{\text{SLEEP}}$  input. If remote ON/OFF is not needed, connect the  $\overline{\text{SLEEP}}$  input to  $V_{\text{IN}}$  or other voltage source between 2.5V and 5V.
- Connect  $V_{\text{HI}}$  to high voltage wire from the lamp. Connect  $V_{\text{LO}}$  to the low voltage wire (wire with thinner insulation). Never connect  $V_{\text{LO}}$  to circuit ground as this will defeat lamp current regulation. If both lamp wires have heavy high voltage insulation, connect the longest wire to  $V_{\text{LO}}$ . This wire is typically white.

## RangeMAX INVERTERS

Also available in single lamp inverters LXM1612-xx-xx, 5V dual LXM1622-05-xx and Quad Output LXM1641-01 versions for multiple lamp applications.

### LMX1622-12-XX OUTPUT CURRENT ADJUST

The LMX1622-12-01 output current can be adjusted lower by changing the value of one resistor (R18) on the PCB. The following table shows the new output current values:

Add R18

Output Current	Resistor Value
6.5mA <sub>rms</sub>	Not used
6.0mA <sub>rms</sub>	1.0M 5%
5.5mA <sub>rms</sub>	422K 1%
5.0mA <sub>rms</sub>	267K 1%
4.5mA <sub>rms</sub>	178K 1%
4.0mA <sub>rms</sub>	121K 1%
3.5mA <sub>rms</sub>	88.7K 1%
3.0mA <sub>rms</sub>	68.1K 1%

The LMX1622-12-02,03 output current can be adjusted lower by changing the value of one resistor (R18) on the PCB. Changing the value of R35 can also increase the output current. The following table shows the new output current values:

Add R18

Output Current	Resistor Value
5.5mA <sub>rms</sub>	Not used
5.0mA <sub>rms</sub>	845K 1%,
4.5mA <sub>rms</sub>	374K 1%,
4.0mA <sub>rms</sub>	232K 1%
3.5mA <sub>rms</sub>	127K 1%,
3.0mA <sub>rms</sub>	71.5K 1%

Change R35

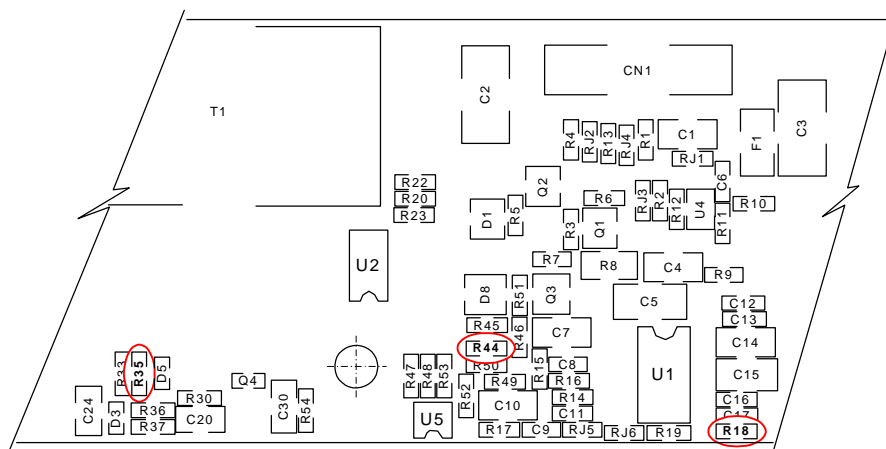
Output Current	Resistor Value
5.5mA <sub>rms</sub>	576 1% (stock value)
6.0mA <sub>rms</sub>	499 1%
6.5mA <sub>rms</sub>	442 1%

### DRIVING THE BRITE INPUT FROM A HIGH IMPEADANCE

The LMX1622-12-xx comes with a built in 5K pull-up resistor to allow the use of an external potentiometer for brightness adjust. In some cases this pull-up resistor may interfere with those driving the BRITE

input from a high impedance. In this case the internal pull-up resistor R44 may be removed from the board. Please use the drawing below to help locate the specified resistor.

### COMPONENT DRAWING



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