

2Mb Ultra-Low Power Asynchronous Medical CMOS SRAM 256Kx8 bit

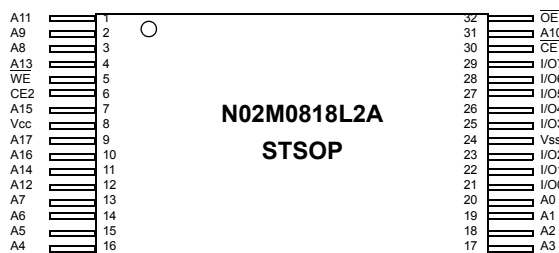
Overview

The N02M0818L2A is an integrated memory device intended for implanted life-support (Class 3) medical applications. This device comprises a 2 Mbit Static Random Access Memory organized as 262,144 words by 8 bits. The device is designed and fabricated using NanoAmp's advanced CMOS technology with reliability enhancements for medical users. The base design is the same as NanoAmp's N02M0818L1A, which is intended for non life-support (Class 1 and 2) medical applications. The device operates with two chip enable ($\overline{CE1}$ and $\overline{CE2}$) controls and output enable (\overline{OE}) to allow for easy memory expansion. The N02M0818L2A is optimal for various applications where low-power is critical such as implanted pacemaker devices. The device can operate over a very wide temperature range of -20°C to $+60^{\circ}\text{C}$ and is available in die form as well as in JEDEC standard packages compatible with other standard 256Kb x 8 SRAMs

Product Family

Part Number	Package Type	Operating Temperature	Power Supply (Vcc)	Speed	Standby Current (I_{SB})	Operating Current (I_{CC}), Max
N02M0818L2AN	32 - STSOP I	-20°C to $+60^{\circ}\text{C}$	1.3V - 2.3V	100ns @ 1.65V	450nA @ 2.3V	2.5 mA @ 1MHz
N02M0818L2AD	Known Good Die			500ns @ 1.3V		

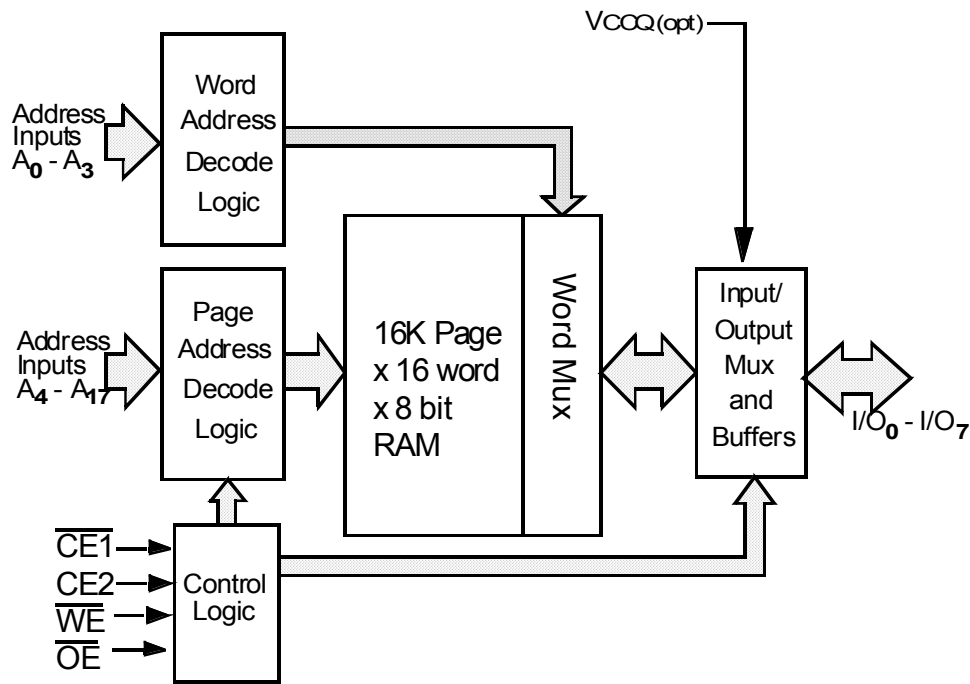
Pin Configuration



Pin Descriptions

Pin Name	Pin Function
A ₀ -A ₁₇	Address Inputs
\overline{WE}	Write Enable Input
$\overline{CE1}$, $\overline{CE2}$	Chip Enable Input
\overline{OE}	Output Enable Input
I/O ₀ -I/O ₇	Data Inputs/Outputs
V _{CC}	Power
V _{SS}	Ground

Functional Block Diagram



Functional Description

CE1	CE2	WE	OE	I/O ₀ - I/O ₇	MODE	POWER
H	X	X	X	High Z	Standby ¹	Standby
X	L	X	X	High Z	Standby ¹	Standby
L	H	L	X ²	Data In	Write ²	Active
L	H	H	L	Data Out	Read	Active
L	H	H	H	High Z	Active	Active

1. When the device is in standby mode, control inputs (WE and OE), address inputs and data input/outputs are internally isolated from any external influence and disabled from exerting any influence externally.
2. When WE is invoked, the OE input is internally disabled and has no effect on the circuit.

Capacitance¹

Item	Symbol	Test Condition	Min	Max	Unit
Input Capacitance	C _{IN}	V _{IN} = 0V, f = 1 MHz, T _A = 25°C		8	pF
I/O Capacitance	C _{I/O}	V _{IN} = 0V, f = 1 MHz, T _A = 25°C		8	pF

1. These parameters are verified in device characterization and are not 100% tested

Absolute Maximum Ratings¹

Item	Symbol	Rating	Unit
Voltage on any pin relative to V_{SS}	$V_{IN,OUT}$	-0.3 to $V_{CC}+0.3$	V
Voltage on V_{CC} Supply Relative to V_{SS}	V_{CC}	-0.3 to 3.0	V
Power Dissipation	P_D	500	mW
Storage Temperature	T_{STG}	-40 to 125	$^{\circ}C$
Operating Temperature	T_A	-20 to $+60$	$^{\circ}C$
Soldering Temperature and Time	T_{SOLDER}	$240^{\circ}C$, 10sec(Lead only)	$^{\circ}C$

1. Stresses greater than those listed above may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operating section of this specification is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect reliability.

Recommended Operating Limits (Not all inclusive values tested)¹

Item	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min.	Max	Unit
Core Supply Voltage	V_{CC}		1.3	2.3	V
Data Retention Voltage	V_{DR}	Chip Disabled (Note 3)	1.0		V
Input High Voltage	V_{IH}		$0.7V_{CCQ}$	$V_{CCQ}+0.5$	V
Input Low Voltage	V_{IL}		-0.5	$0.3V_{CCQ}$	V
Output High Voltage	V_{OH}	$I_{OH} = 0.2mA$	$V_{CCQ}-0.3$		V
Output Low Voltage	V_{OL}	$I_{OL} = -0.2mA$		0.3	V
Input Leakage Current	I_{LI}	$V_{IN} = 0$ to V_{CC}		0.1	μA
Output Leakage Current	I_{LO}	$\overline{OE} = V_{IH}$ or Chip Disabled		0.1	μA
Read/Write Operating Supply Current @ 1 μs Cycle Time ²	I_{CC1}	$V_{CC}=2.3$ V, $V_{IN}=V_{IH}$ or V_{IL} Chip Enabled, $I_{OUT} = 0$		2.5	mA
Read/Write Operating Supply Current @ 85 ns Cycle Time ²	I_{CC2}	$V_{CC}=2.3$ V, $V_{IN}=V_{IH}$ or V_{IL} Chip Enabled, $I_{OUT} = 0$		13.0	mA
Standby Current ³	I_{SB1}	$V_{IN} = V_{CC}$ or 0V Chip Disabled $t_A = 37^{\circ}C$, $V_{CC} = 2.3$ V		450	nA
Data Retention Current ³	I_{DR}	$V_{CC} = 1.0V$, $V_{IN} = V_{CC}$ or 0 Chip Disabled, $t_A = 85^{\circ}C$		1.0	μA

1. These limits are the expected operating conditions for this device. Only selected points within this range of conditions are specifically tested and guaranteed.

2. This parameter is specified with the outputs disabled to avoid external loading effects. The user must add current required to drive output capacitance expected in the actual system.

3. The chip is Disabled when CE1# is high or CE2 is low or UB# and LB# are high. The chip is Enabled when CE1# is low and CE2 is high.

Recommended Timing Limits - Read Cycle (Not all inclusive values tested)

Item	Symbol	1.3 - 2.3 V		1.65 - 2.3 V		Units
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
Read Cycle Time	t_{RC}	500		100		ns
Address Access Time	t_{AA}		500		100	ns
Chip Enable to Valid Output	t_{CO}		500		100	ns
Output Enable to Valid Output	t_{OE}		200		50	ns
Chip Enable to Low-Z output	t_{LZ}	100		20		ns
Output Enable to Low-Z Output	t_{OLZ}	50		10		ns
Chip Disable to High-Z Output	t_{HZ}	0	150	0	30	ns
Output Disable to High-Z Output	t_{OHZ}	0	150	0	30	ns
Output Hold from Address Change	t_{OH}	50		10		ns

Recommended Timing Limits - Write Cycle (Not all inclusive values tested)

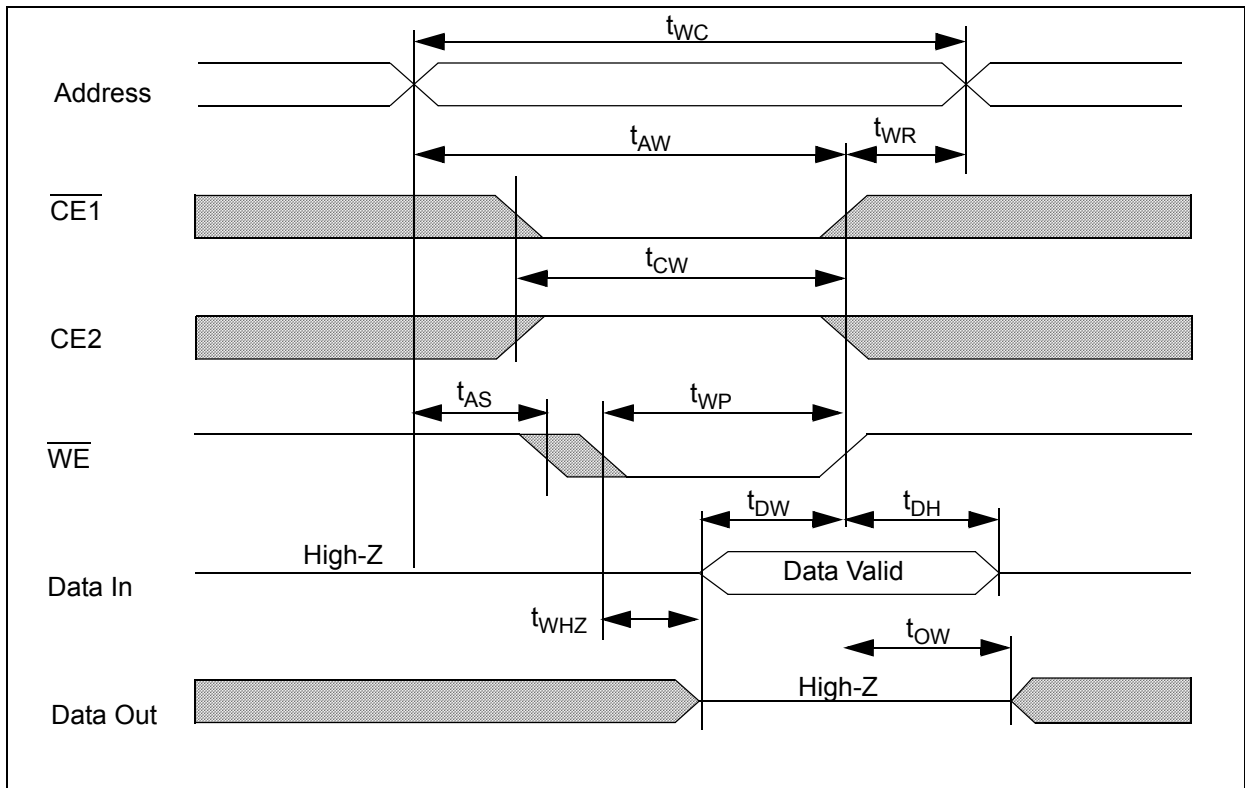
Item	Symbol	1.3 - 2.3 V		1.65 - 2.3 V		Units
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
Write Cycle Time	t_{WC}	500		85		ns
Chip Enable to End of Write	t_{CW}	400		50		ns
Address Valid to End of Write	t_{AW}	400		50		ns
Address Setup Time	t_{WP}	300		40		ns
Write Pulse Width	t_{AS}	0		0		ns
Write Recovery Time	t_{WR}	0		0		ns
Write to High-Z Output	t_{WHZ}		50		15	ns
Data to Write Time Overlap	t_{DW}	300		40		ns
Data Hold from Write Time	t_{DH}	0		0		ns
End Write to Low-Z Output	t_{OW}	50		10		ns
Output Hold from Address Change	t_{OH}	0		0		ns

The diagram shows two signals: Address and Data Out. The Address signal is a horizontal line that transitions from a low state to a high state and back to low. The Data Out signal is a horizontal line that transitions from a low state to a high state and back to low. The Address signal is labeled 'Address' and the Data Out signal is labeled 'Data Out'. The Address signal has a duration labeled t_{RC} (Read Cycle time) and a duration labeled t_{AA} (Address-to-Data delay). The Data Out signal has a duration labeled t_{OH} (Output Hold time). The Data Out signal is labeled 'Previous Data Valid' and 'Data Valid'.

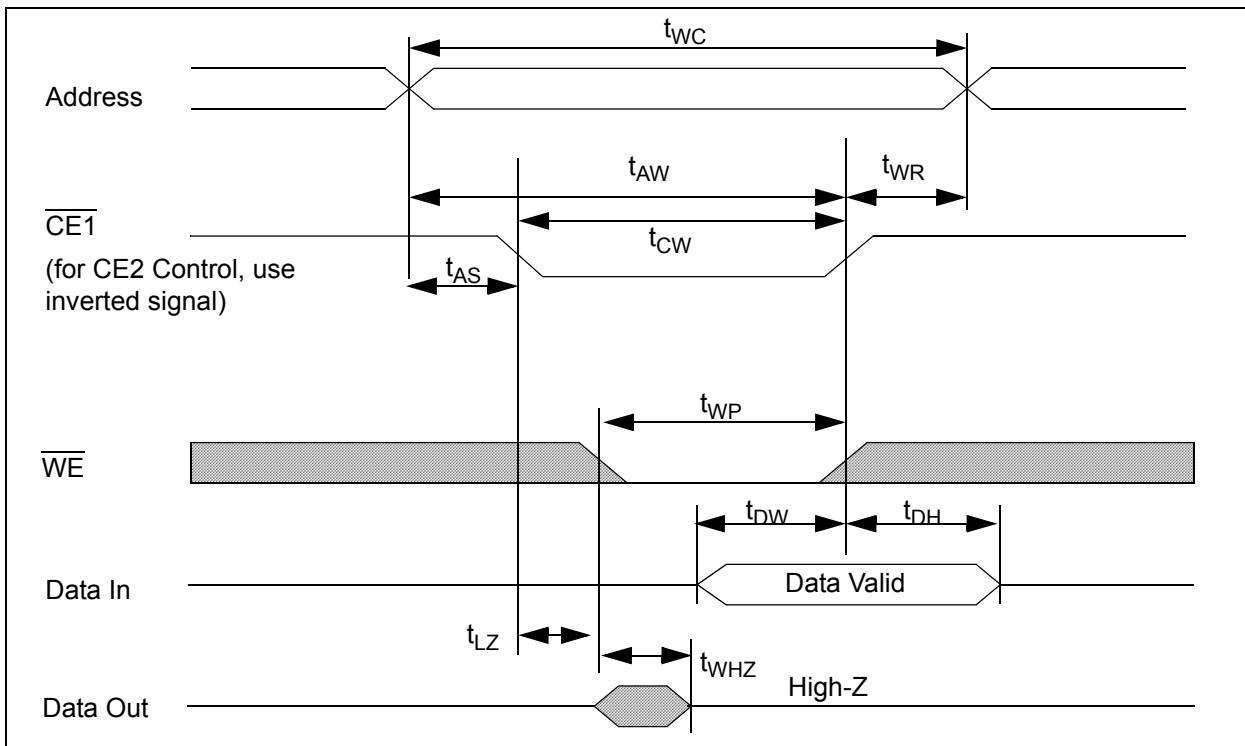
The timing diagram illustrates the relationship between the Address, CE1, CE2, OE, and Data Out signals. Key timing parameters are defined as follows:

- t_{RC} : Read Cycle time, from the start of the Address setup to the end of the Address hold.
- t_{AA} : Address Access time, from the start of the Address setup to the start of the Data Valid period.
- t_{HZ} : High-Z time, from the end of the Address hold to the start of the High-Z period.
- t_{CO} : Chip Select (CE) to Output Enable (OE) delay, from the start of the CE setup to the start of the Data Valid period.
- t_{LZ} : Low-Z time, from the start of the OE setup to the start of the Data Valid period.
- t_{OE} : Output Enable (OE) to Output Disable (OD) delay, from the start of the OE setup to the start of the Data Valid period.
- t_{OHZ} : Output High-Z time, from the end of the OE hold to the start of the High-Z period.
- t_{OLZ} : Output Low-Z time, from the end of the OE hold to the start of the Low-Z period.

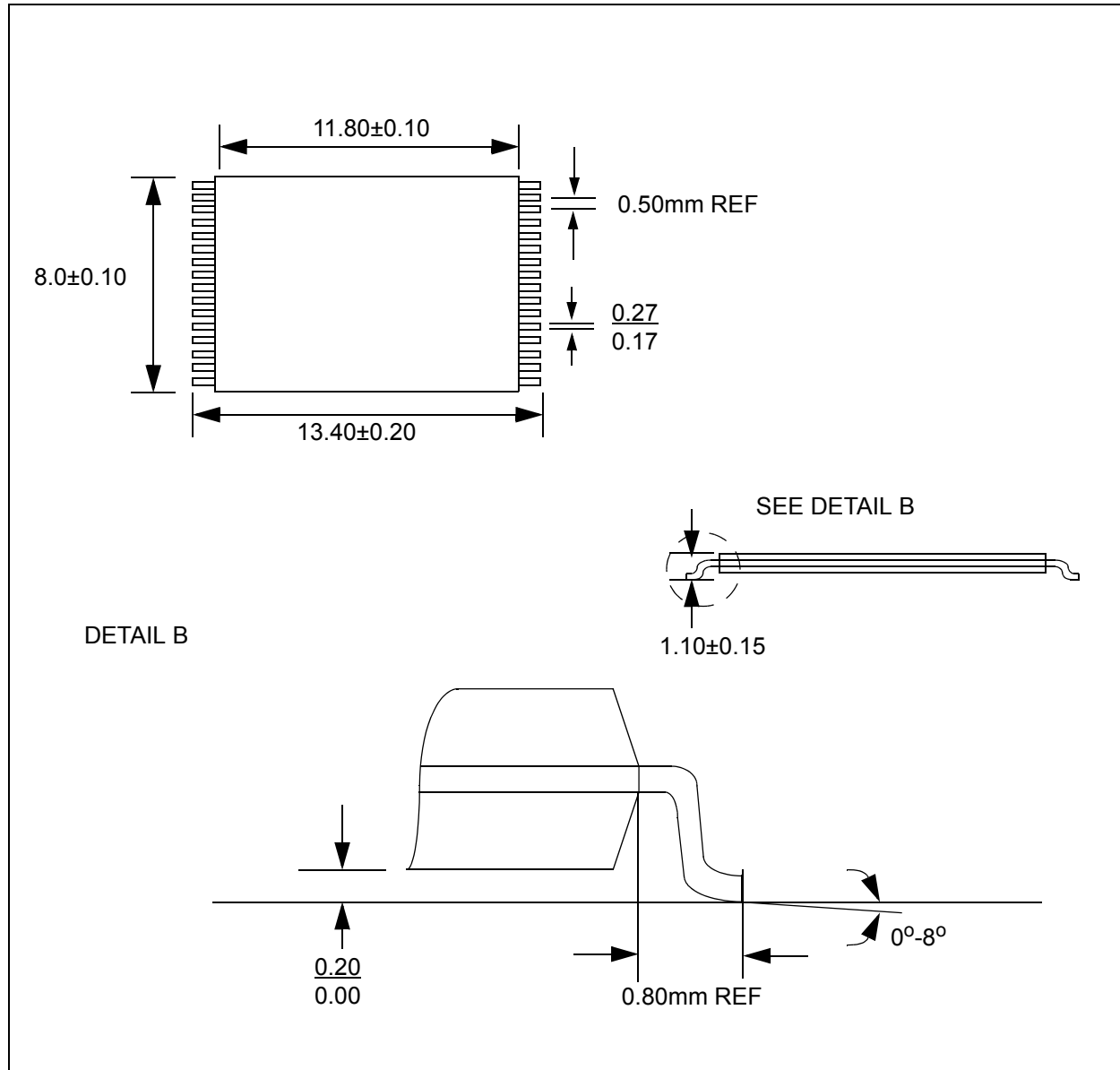
Timing Waveform of Write Cycle ($\overline{\text{WE}}$ control)



Timing Waveform of Write Cycle ($\overline{\text{CE1}}$ Control)

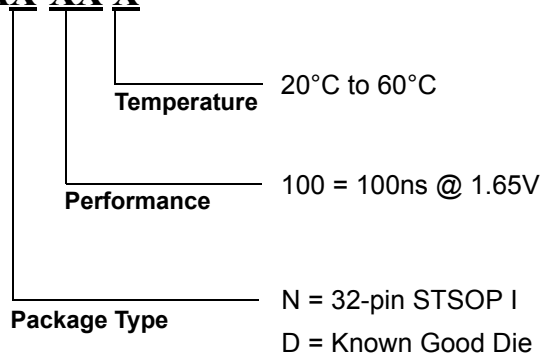


32-Lead STSOP-I Package (N32)



Note:

1. All dimensions in millimeters
2. Package dimensions exclude molding flash

Ordering Information**N02M0818L2AX-XX X****Revision History**

Revision #	Date	Change Description
A	Dec 2002	Initial Release
B	January 2004	Updated with power characteristics
C	July 2004	General Update

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