

NDS8963

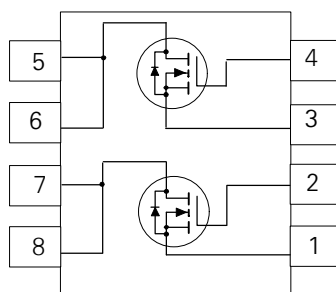
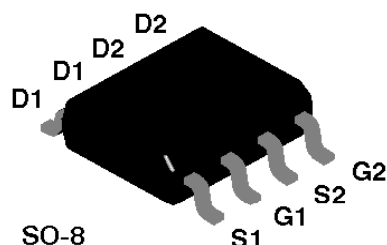
Dual N-Channel Enhancement Mode Field Effect Transistor

General Description

SO-8 N-Channel enhancement mode power field effect transistors are produced using National's proprietary, high cell density, DMOS technology. This very high density process is especially tailored to minimize on-state resistance and provide superior switching performance. These devices are particularly suited for low voltage applications such as DC motor control and DC/DC conversion where fast switching, low in-line power loss, and resistance to transients are needed.

Features

- 2.5A, 30V. $R_{DS(ON)} = 0.16\Omega @ V_{GS} = 10V$
 $R_{DS(ON)} = 0.25\Omega @ V_{GS} = 4.5V$.
- High density cell design for extremely low $R_{DS(ON)}$.
- High power and current handling capability in a widely used surface mount package.
- Dual MOSFET in surface mount package.



Absolute Maximum Ratings $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise note

Symbol	Parameter	NDS8963	Units
V_{DSS}	Drain-Source Voltage	30	V
V_{GSS}	Gate-Source Voltage	± 20	V
I_D	Drain Current - Continuous (Note 1a)	2.5	A
	- Pulsed	7.5	
P_D	Power Dissipation for Dual Operation	2	W
	Power Dissipation for Single Operation (Note 1a)	1.6	
	(Note 1b)	1	
	(Note 1c)	0.9	
T_J, T_{STG}	Operating and Storage Temperature Range	-55 to 150	$^\circ\text{C}$

THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

$R_{\theta JA}$	Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Ambient (Note 1a)	78	$^\circ\text{C/W}$
$R_{\theta JC}$	Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Case (Note 1)	40	$^\circ\text{C/W}$

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ($T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
OFF CHARACTERISTICS						
BV _{DSS}	Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	V _{GS} = 0 V, I _D = 250 μA	30			V
I _{DSS}	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	V _{DS} = 24 V, V _{GS} = 0 V			1	μA
		T _J = 55°C			10	μA
I _{GSSF}	Gate - Body Leakage, Forward	V _{GS} = 20 V, V _{DS} = 0 V			100	nA
I _{GSSR}	Gate - Body Leakage, Reverse	V _{GS} = -20 V, V _{DS} = 0 V			-100	nA
ON CHARACTERISTICS (Note 2)						
V _{GS(th)}	Gate Threshold Voltage	V _{DS} = V _{GS} , I _D = 250 μA	1		3	V
R _{DS(ON)}	Static Drain-Source On-Resistance	V _{GS} = 10 V, I _D = 2.5 A			0.16	Ω
		V _{GS} = 4.5 V, I _D = 2 A			0.25	
I _{D(on)}	On-State Drain Current	V _{GS} = 10 V, V _{DS} = 5 V	7.5			A
		V _{GS} = 4.5 V, V _{DS} = 5 V	3			
DRAIN-SOURCE DIODE CHARACTERISTICS AND MAXIMUM RATINGS						
I _S	Maximum Continuous Drain-Source Diode Forward Current				1.3	A
V _{SD}	Drain-Source Diode Forward Voltage	V _{GS} = 0 V, I _S = 1.3 A (Note 2)			1.2	V

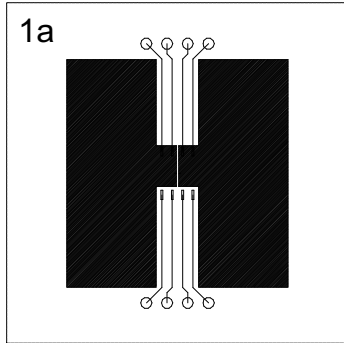
Notes:

1. $R_{\theta JA}$ is the sum of the junction-to-case and case-to-ambient thermal resistance where the case thermal reference is defined as the solder mounting surface of the drain pins. $R_{\theta JC}$ is guaranteed by design while $R_{\theta CA}$ is determined by the user's board design.

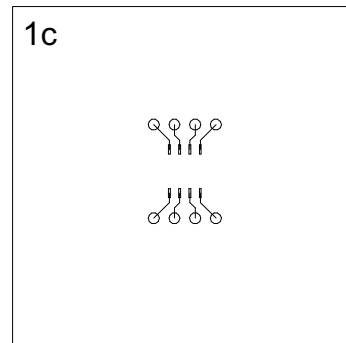
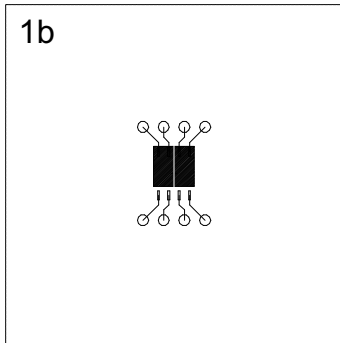
$$P_D(t) = \frac{T_J - T_A}{R_{\theta JA}(t)} = \frac{T_J - T_A}{R_{\theta JC} + R_{\theta CA}(t)} = I_D^2(t) \times R_{DS(ON)} @ T_J$$

Typical $R_{\theta JA}$ for single device operation using the board layouts shown below on 4.5"x5" FR-4 PCB in a still air environment:

- 78°C/W when mounted on a 0.5 in² pad of 2oz copper.
- 125°C/W when mounted on a 0.02 in² pad of 2oz copper.
- 135°C/W when mounted on a 0.003 in² pad of 2oz copper.



Scale 1 : 1 on letter size paper.



2. Pulse Test: Pulse Width $\leq 300\mu\text{s}$, Duty Cycle $\leq 2.0\%$.