

## NTE3044 Optoisolator NPN Darlington Transistor Output

### **Description:**

The NTE3044 consists of a gallium arsenide infrared emitting diode optically coupled to a monolithic silicon photodarlington detector in an 6-Lead DIP type package. This device is designed for use in applications requiring high sensitivity at a low input current.

### **Features:**

- High Sensitivity to Low Input Drive Current
- High Collector–Emitter Breakdown Voltage
- No Base Connction for Improved Noise Immunity

### **Applications:**

- Appliances, Measuring Instruments
- I/O Interfaces for Computers
- Programmable Controllers
- Portable Electronics
- Interfacing and Coupling Systems of Different Potentials and Impedances
- Solid State Relays

### **Absolute Maximum Ratings:** ( $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise specified)

#### **Input LED**

Reverse Voltage,  $V_R$  ..... 3V  
 Continuous Forward Current,  $I_F$  ..... 60mA  
 LED Power Dissipation (with Negligible Power in Output Detector,  $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$ ),  $P_D$  ..... 120mW  
     Derate Above  $25^\circ\text{C}$  ..... 1.41mW/ $^\circ\text{C}$

#### **Output Detector**

Collector–Emitter Voltage,  $V_{CEO}$  ..... 80V  
 Emitter–Collector Voltage,  $V_{ECO}$  ..... 5V  
 Detector Power Dissipation (with Negligible Power in Output Detector,  $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$ ),  $P_D$  . 150mW  
     Derate Above  $25^\circ\text{C}$  ..... 1.76mW/ $^\circ\text{C}$

#### **Total Device**

Isolation Surge Voltage (Peak AC Voltage, 60Hz, 1sec Duration, Note 1),  $V_{ISO}$  ..... 7500V  
 Total Device Power Dissipation ( $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$ ),  $P_D$  ..... 250mW  
     Derate Above  $25^\circ\text{C}$  ..... 2.94mW/ $^\circ\text{C}$   
 Ambient Operating Temperature Range,  $T_A$  .....  $-55^\circ$  to  $+100^\circ\text{C}$   
 Storage Temperature Range,  $T_{stg}$  .....  $-55^\circ$  to  $+150^\circ\text{C}$   
 Lead Temperature (During Soldering, 1/16" from Case, 10sec),  $T_L$  .....  $+260^\circ\text{C}$

Note 1. Isolation surge voltage is an internal dielectric breakdown rating. For this test, Pin1 and Pin2 are common, and Pin4, Pin5, and Pin6 are common.

**Electrical Characteristics:** ( $T_A = +25^{\circ}\text{C}$  unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
<b>Input LED</b>						
Reverse Leakage Current	$I_R$	$V_R = 3\text{V}$	–	0.05	10	$\mu\text{A}$
Forward Voltage	$V_F$	$I_F = 10\text{mA}$	–	1.15	2.0	V
Capacitance	C	$V_R = 0, f = 1\text{MHz}$	–	18	–	pF
<b>Photodarlington (<math>I_F = 0</math>)</b>						
Collector–Emitter Dark Current	$I_{CEO}$	$V_{CE} = 60\text{V}$	–	–	1	$\mu\text{A}$
Collector–Emitter Breakdown Voltage	$V_{(BR)CEO}$	$I_C = 1\text{mA}$	80	–	–	V
Emitter–Collector Breakdown Voltage	$V_{(BR)ECO}$	$I_E = 100\mu\text{A}$	5	–	–	V
<b>Coupled</b>						
Collector Output Current	$I_C$	$V_{CE} = 1.5\text{V}, I_F = 10\text{mA}$	30	–	–	mA
Isolation Surge Voltage	$V_{ISO}$	60Hz Peak AC, 5sec, Note 2, Note 3	7500	–	–	V
Isolation Resistance	$R_{ISO}$	$V = 500\text{V}$ , Note 2	–	$10^{11}$	–	$\Omega$
Isolation Capacitance	$C_{ISO}$	$V = 0, f = 1\text{MHz}$ , Note 2	–	0.2	–	pF
<b>Switching</b>						
Turn–On Time	$t_{on}$	$V_{CC} = 10\text{V}, R_L = 100\Omega,$ $I_F = 5\text{mA}$	–	3.5	–	$\mu\text{s}$
Turn–Off Time	$t_{off}$		–	95	–	$\mu\text{s}$
Rise Time	$t_r$		–	1	–	$\mu\text{s}$
Fall Time	$t_f$		–	2	–	$\mu\text{s}$

Note 2. For this test, LED Pin1 and Pin2 are common and Phototransistor Pin4 and Pin5 are common.

Note 3. Isolation Surge Voltage,  $V_{ISO}$ , is an internal device dielectric breakdown rating.

**Pin Connection Diagram**

