

# Hyper 5 mm (T1 ¾) LED, Non Diffused Hyper-Bright LED

LB 5413, LV 5413, LT 5413

LB\_LV\_LT 5413 abgekündigt - werden durch  
LB\_LT 543C, LB\_LT 5433 und LV 541C ersetzt  
werden

LB\_LV\_LT 5413 obsolete - will be replaced by  
LB\_LT 543C, LB\_LT 5433 and LV 541C



## Besondere Merkmale

- **Gehäusertyp:** nicht eingefärbtes, klares 5 mm (T1 ¾) Gehäuse
- **Besonderheit des Bauteils:** enge Abstrahlcharakteristik für große Lichtstärken
- **Wellenlänge:** 470 nm (blau), 505 nm (verde), 528 nm (true green)
- **Abstrahlwinkel:** engwinklig (15°)
- **Technologie:** InGaN
- **optischer Wirkungsgrad:** 2 lm/W (blau), 6 lm/W (verde), 8 lm/W (true green)
- **Gruppierungsparameter:** Lichtstärke, Wellenlänge
- **Lötmethode:** Wellenlöten (TTW)
- **Verpackung:** Schüttgut, gegurtet lieferbar
- **ESD-Festigkeit:** ESD-sicher bis 2 kV nach EOS/ESD-5.1-1993

## Anwendungen

- Ampelanwendungen
- Hinterleuchtung (LCD, Schalter, Tasten, Displays, Werbebeleuchtung, Allgemeinbeleuchtung)
- Innenbeleuchtung im Automobilbereich (z.B. Tastenbeleuchtung, u. ä.)
- Ersatz von Kleinst-Glühlampen

## Features

- **package:** colorless, clear 5 mm (T1 ¾) package
- **feature of the device:** narrow viewing angle for more brightness
- **wavelength:** 470 nm (blue), 505 nm (verde), 528 nm (true green)
- **viewing angle:** narrow (15°)
- **technology:** InGaN
- **optical efficiency:** 2 lm/W (blue), 6 lm/W (verde), 8 lm/W (true green)
- **grouping parameter:** luminous intensity, wavelength
- **soldering methods:** TTW soldering
- **packing:** bulk, available taped on reel
- **ESD-withstand voltage:** up to 2 kV acc. to EOS/ESD-5.1-1993

## Applications

- traffic lights
- backlighting (LCD, switches, keys, displays, illuminated advertising, general lighting)
- interior automotive lighting (e.g. key backlighting, etc.)
- substitution of micro incandescent lamps

Typ Type	Emissions- farbe Color of Emission	Gehäusefarbe Color of Package	Lichtstärke Luminous Intensity $I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$ $I_V \text{ (mcd)}$	Lichtstrom Luminous Flux $I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$ $\Phi_V \text{ (lm)}$	Bestellnummer Ordering Code
◆ LB 5413-TV-35 ◆ LB 5413-VBW-35	blue	colorless clear	280 ... 1120 710 ... 2800	120 (typ.) 300 (typ.)	Q62703Q5930 Q62703Q5931
■ LV 5413-VBW-35 ■ LV 5413-BWDW-35	verde	colorless clear	710 ... 2800 1800 ... 7100	470 (typ.) 1200 (typ.)	Q62703Q5932 Q62703Q5933
◆ LT 5413-VBW-35 ◆ LT 5413-BWDW-35	true green	colorless clear	710 ... 2800 1800 ... 7100	470 (typ.) 1200 (typ.)	Q62703Q5934 Q62703Q5935

■ LV 5413 abgekündigt nach PD\_078\_02 - wird durch LV 541C ersetzt werden

LV 5413 obsolete acc. to PD\_078\_02 - will be replaced by LV 541C

Letzte Bestellung / Last Order: 2003-09-30

Letzte Lieferung / Last Delivery: 2004-03-31

◆ LB 5413, LT 5413 abgekündigt nach OS-PD-2003-007- werden durch LB 543C / LB 5433, LT 543C / LT 5433 ersetzt werden

LB 5413, LT 5413 obsolete acc. to OS-PD-2003-007 - will be replaced by LB 543C / LB 5433, LT 543C / LT 5433

Letzte Bestellung / Last Order: 2004-02-28

Letzte Lieferung / Last Delivery: 2004-08-31

**Anm.:** -35 gesamter Farbbereich, Lieferung in Einzelgruppen (siehe **Seite 5**)

*Die Standardlieferform von Serientypen beinhaltet eine untere bzw. eine obere Familiengruppe oder mindestens zwei Einzelgruppen.*

*In einer Verpackungseinheit / Gurt ist immer nur eine Helligkeitsgruppe enthalten.*

*Die technologiebedingte Helligkeits-Streuung der heutigen LED-Herstellprozesse über einen längeren Fertigungszeitraum (Halbleitermaterial - Chipherstellung - Montageprozess) erlaubt keine Zusage einer einzelnen Helligkeitsgruppe. Daher müssen mindestens zwei Helligkeitsgruppen vorgesehen werden!*

**Note:** -35 Total color tolerance range, delivery in single groups (please see **page 5**)

*The standard shipping format for serial types includes a lower or upper family group or at least two individual groups.*

*No packing unit / tape ever contains more than one luminous intensity group.*

*Luminosity variations caused by the technology used in current LED manufacturing processes over a protracted manufacturing period (semiconductor material - chip fabrication - assembly process) mean that it is not possible to assign LEDs to a single luminous intensity group. For this reason at least two luminous intensity groups must be provided!*

**Grenzwerte**  
**Maximum Ratings**

Bezeichnung Parameter	Symbol Symbol	Wert Value		Einheit Unit
		LB	LV, LT	
Betriebstemperatur Operating temperature range	$T_{op}$	– 55 ... + 100		°C
Lagertemperatur Storage temperature range	$T_{stg}$	– 55 ... + 100		°C
Sperrschichttemperatur Junction temperature	$T_j$	+ 100		°C
Durchlassstrom Forward current	$I_F$	20		mA
Stoßstrom Surge current $t \leq 10 \mu s, D = 0.005$	$I_{FM}$	200	250	mA
Sperrspannung <sup>1)</sup> Reverse voltage	$V_R$	5		V
Leistungsaufnahme Power consumption $T_A \leq 25 \text{ °C}$	$P_{tot}$	80		mW
Wärmewiderstand <sup>2)</sup> Thermal resistance Sperrschicht/Umgebung Junction/ambient Sperrschicht/Löt看 Junction/solder point Montage auf PC-Board FR 4 (Padgröße $\geq 16 \text{ mm}^2$ ) mounted on PC board FR 4 (pad size $\geq 16 \text{ mm}^2$ ) Minimale Beinchenlänge Minimum lead length	$R_{th JA}$  $R_{th JS}$	400  180		K/W  K/W

<sup>1)</sup> für kurzzeitigen Betrieb geeignet / suitable for short term application

<sup>2)</sup>  $R_{th}$  erhöht sich um 13 K/W pro mm Beinchenlänge.  
Each additional 1 mm of lead length increases  $R_{th}$  by 13 K/W.

**Kennwerte** ( $T_A = 25\text{ °C}$ )**Characteristics**

Bezeichnung Parameter	Symbol Symbol	Werte Values			Einheit Unit
		LB	LV	LT	
Wellenlänge des emittierten Lichtes (typ.) Wavelength at peak emission $I_F = 20\text{ mA}$	$\lambda_{\text{peak}}$	465	503	523	nm
Dominantwellenlänge <sup>1)</sup> (typ.) Dominant wavelength $I_F = 20\text{ mA}$	$\lambda_{\text{dom}}$	470 $\pm 6$	505 $\pm 7$	528 $\pm 9$	nm
Spektrale Bandbreite bei 50 % $I_{\text{rel max}}$ (typ.) Spectral bandwidth at 50 % $I_{\text{rel max}}$ $I_F = 20\text{ mA}$	$\Delta\lambda$	25	30	33	nm
Abstrahlwinkel bei 50 % $I_V$ (Vollwinkel) (typ.) Viewing angle at 50 % $I_V$	$2\phi$	15	15	15	Grad deg.
Durchlassspannung <sup>2)</sup> (min.) Forward voltage (typ.) $I_F = 20\text{ mA}$ (max.)	$V_F$ $V_F$ $V_F$	2.9 3.5 3.9	2.9 3.3 3.9	2.9 3.3 3.9	V V V
Sperrstrom (typ.) Reverse current (max.) $V_R = 5\text{ V}$	$I_R$ $I_R$	0.01 10	0.01 10	0.01 10	$\mu\text{A}$ $\mu\text{A}$
Temperaturkoeffizient von $\lambda_{\text{peak}}$ (typ.) Temperature coefficient of $\lambda_{\text{peak}}$ $I_F = 20\text{ mA}; -10^\circ\text{C} \leq T \leq 100^\circ\text{C}$	$TC_{\lambda_{\text{peak}}}$	0.04	0.03	0.04	nm/K
Temperaturkoeffizient von $\lambda_{\text{dom}}$ (typ.) Temperature coefficient of $\lambda_{\text{dom}}$ $I_F = 20\text{ mA}; -10^\circ\text{C} \leq T \leq 100^\circ\text{C}$	$TC_{\lambda_{\text{dom}}}$	0.03	0.04	0.04	nm/K
Temperaturkoeffizient von $V_F$ (typ.) Temperature coefficient of $V_F$ $I_F = 20\text{ mA}; -10^\circ\text{C} \leq T \leq 100^\circ\text{C}$	$TC_V$	- 4.5	- 3.6	- 3.6	mV/K
Optischer Wirkungsgrad (typ.) Optical efficiency $I_F = 20\text{ mA}$	$\eta_{\text{opt}}$	2	6	8	lm/W

<sup>1)</sup> Wellenlängengruppen werden mit einer Stromeinprägedauer von 25 ms und einer Genauigkeit von  $\pm 1\text{ nm}$  ermittelt.  
Wavelength groups are tested at a current pulse duration of 25 ms and a tolerance of  $\pm 1\text{ nm}$ .

<sup>2)</sup> Durchlassspannungsguppen werden mit einer Stromeinprägedauer von 1 ms und einer Genauigkeit von  $\pm 0,05\text{ V}$  ermittelt.  
Forward voltage groups are tested at a current pulse duration of 1 ms and a tolerance of  $\pm 0.05\text{ V}$ .

## 1) Wellenlängengruppen / Wavelength groups

Gruppe Group	blue		verde		true green		Einheit Unit
	min.	max.	min.	max.	min.	max.	
3	464	468	498	503	519	525	nm
4	468	472	503	507	525	531	nm
5	472	476	507	512	531	537	nm

**Helligkeits-Gruppierungsschema**  
**Luminous Intensity Groups**

Lichtgruppe Luminous Intensity Group	Lichtstärke Luminous Intensity $I_V$ (mcd)	Lichtstrom Luminous Flux $\Phi_V$ (lm)
T	280 ... 450	60 (typ.)
U	450 ... 710	100 (typ.)
V	710 ... 1120	150 (typ.)
AW	1120 ... 1800	240 (typ.)
BW	1800 ... 2800	380 (typ.)
CW	2800 ... 4500	900 (typ.)
DW	4500 ... 7100	1400 (typ.)

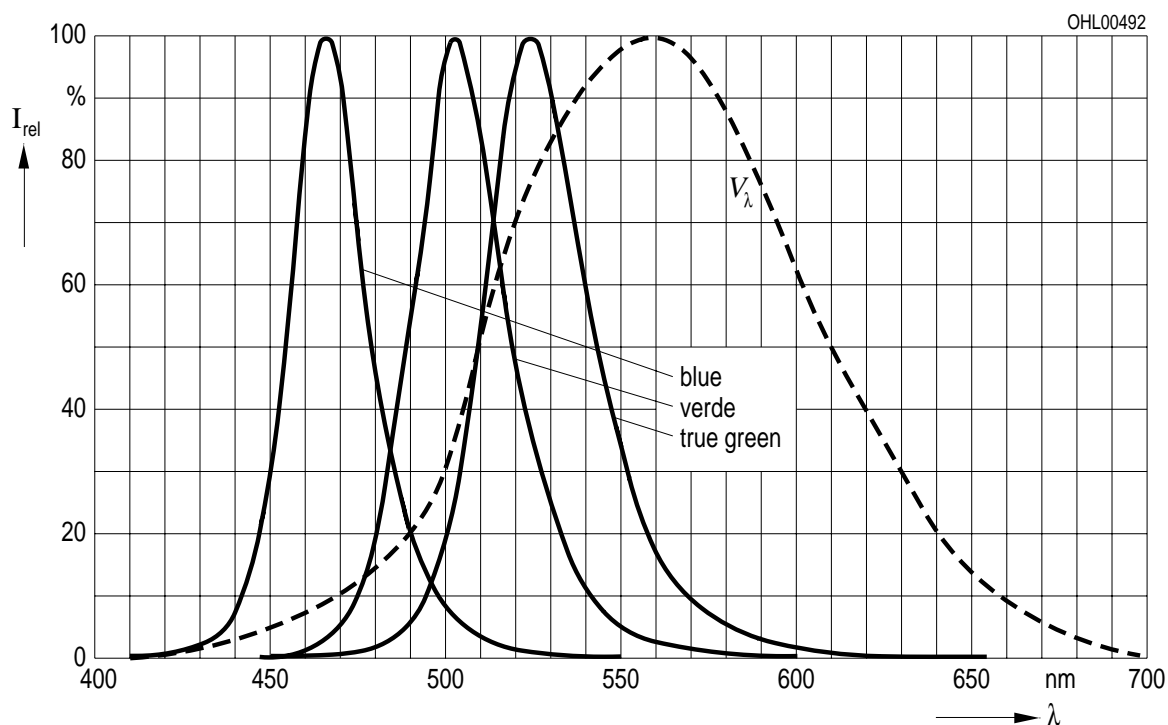
Helligkeitswerte werden mit einer Stromeinprägedauer von 25 ms und einer Genauigkeit von  $\pm 11\%$  ermittelt.  
 Luminous intensity is tested at a current pulse duration of 25 ms and a tolerance of  $\pm 11\%$ .

**Relative spektrale Emission**  $I_{\text{rel}} = f(\lambda)$ ,  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $I_F = 20\text{ mA}$

### Relative Spectral Emission

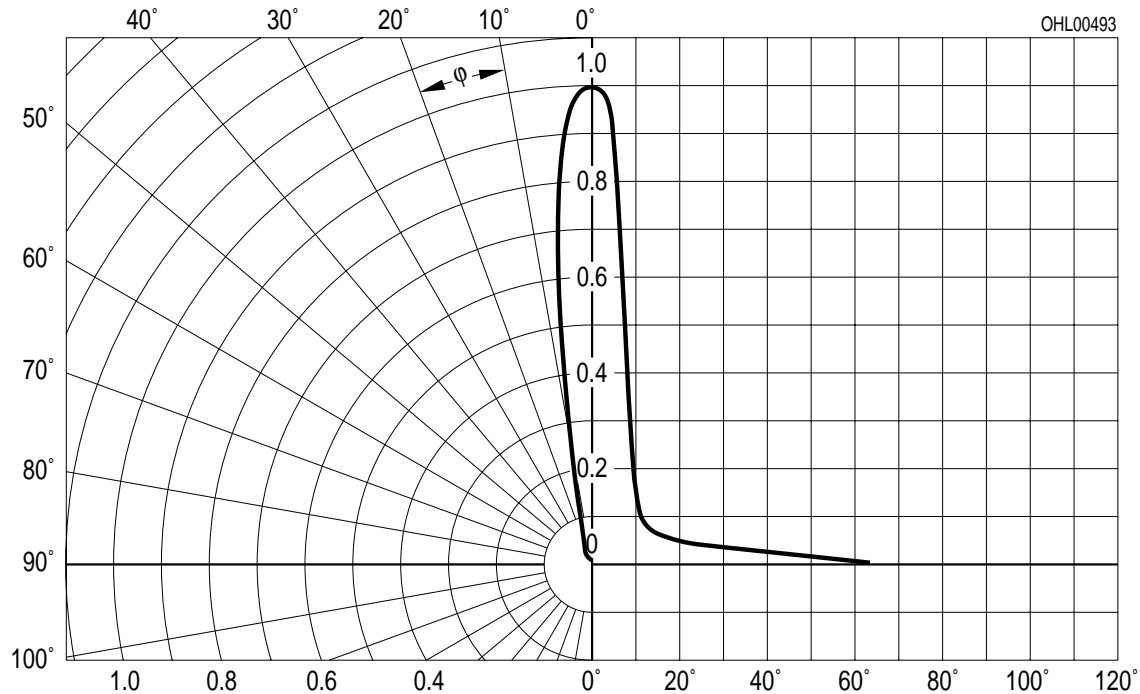
$V(\lambda)$  = spektrale Augenempfindlichkeit

Standard eye response curve



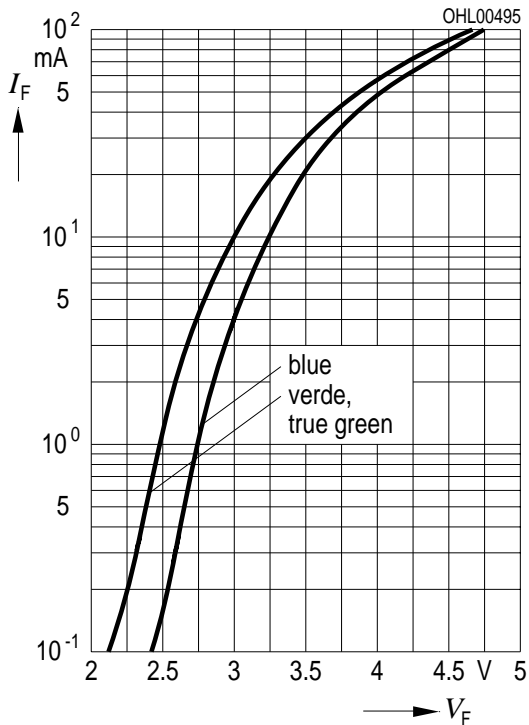
**Abstrahlcharakteristik**  $I_{\text{rel}} = f(\varphi)$

### Radiation Characteristic

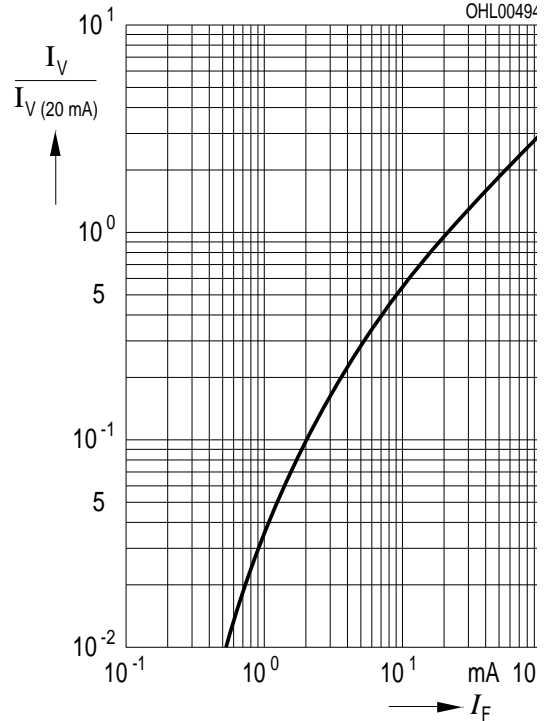


Durchlassstrom  $I_F = f(V_F)$ 

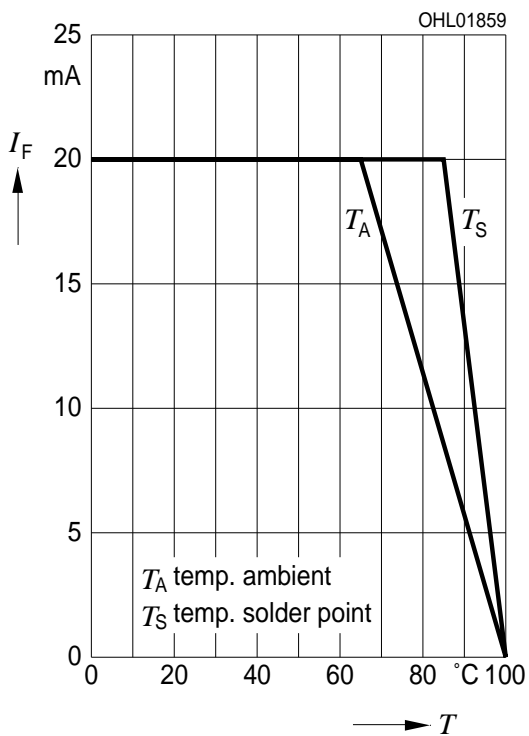
Forward Current

 $T_A = 25\text{ °C}$ Relative Lichtstärke  $I_V/I_{V(20\text{ mA})} = f(I_F)$ 

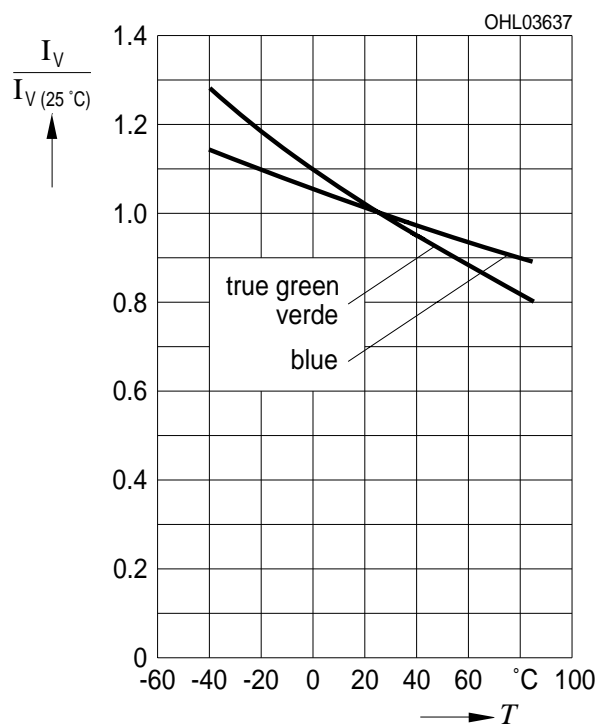
Relative Luminous Intensity

 $T_A = 25\text{ °C}$ Maximal zulässiger Durchlassstrom  $I_F = f(T)$ 

Max. Permissible Forward Current

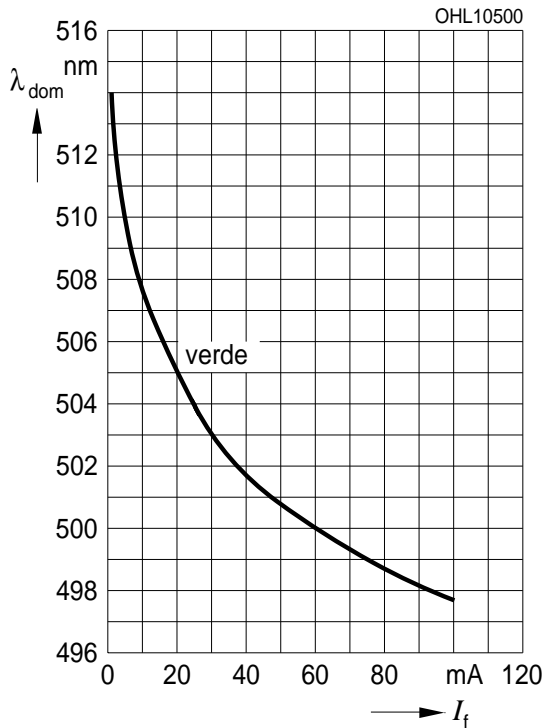
Relative Lichtstärke  $I_V/I_{V(25\text{ °C})} = f(T_A)$ 

Relative Luminous Intensity

 $I_F = 20\text{ mA}$ 

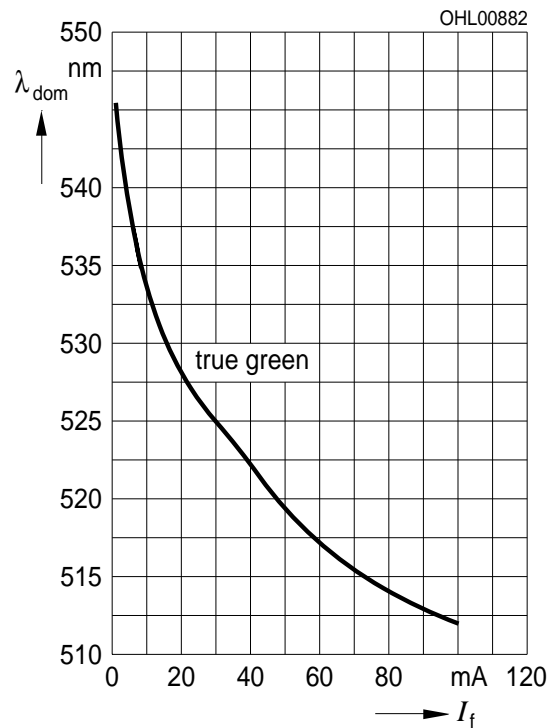
**Dominante Wellenlänge  $\lambda_{\text{dom}} = f(I_F)$**   
**Dominant Wavelength**

LV,  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$



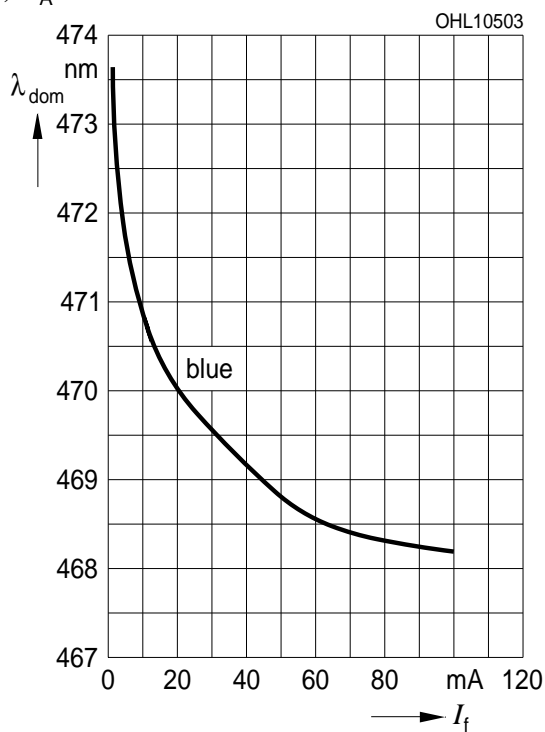
**Dominante Wellenlänge  $\lambda_{\text{dom}} = f(I_F)$**   
**Dominant Wavelength**

LT,  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$



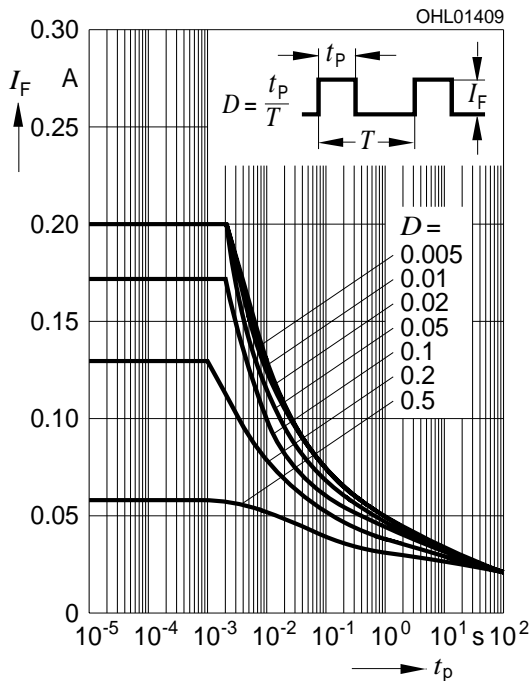
**Dominante Wellenlänge  $\lambda_{\text{dom}} = f(I_F)$**   
**Dominant Wavelength**

LB,  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

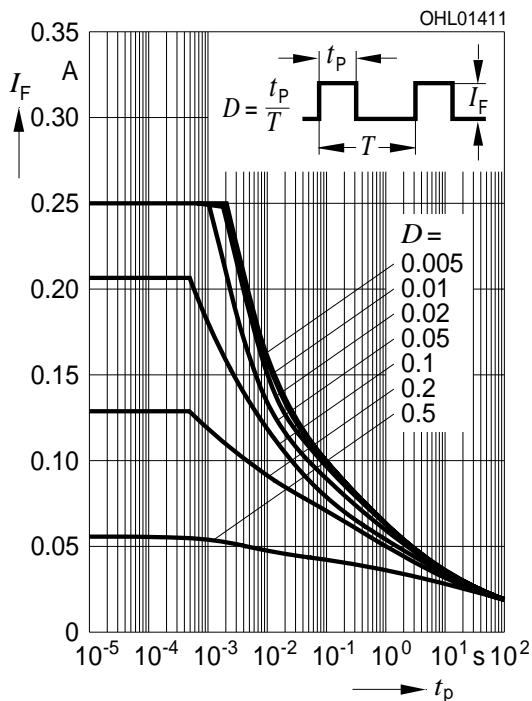




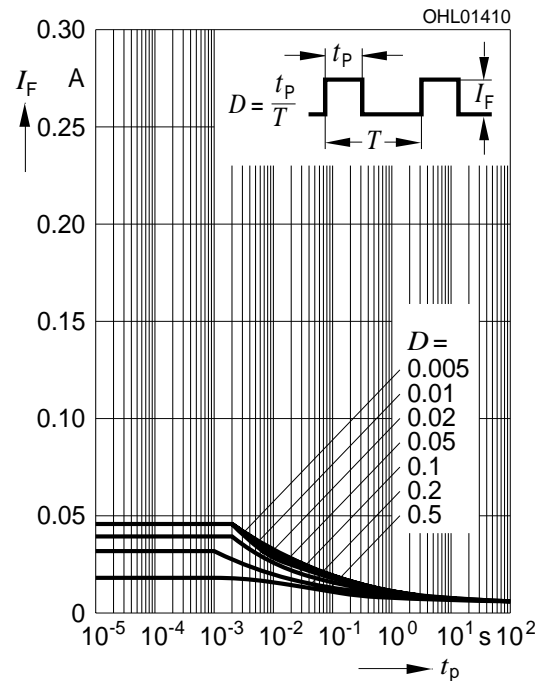
**Zulässige Impulsbelastbarkeit  $I_F = f(t_p)$**   
**Permissible Pulse Handling Capability**  
 Duty cycle  $D = \text{parameter}$ ,  $T_A = 25\text{ °C}$   
**LB**



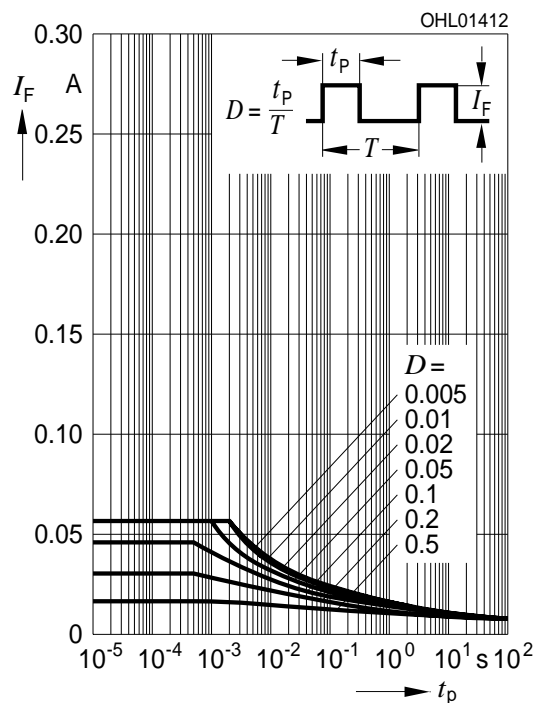
**Zulässige Impulsbelastbarkeit  $I_F = f(t_p)$**   
**Permissible Pulse Handling Capability**  
 Duty cycle  $D = \text{parameter}$ ,  $T_A = 25\text{ °C}$   
**LV, LT**



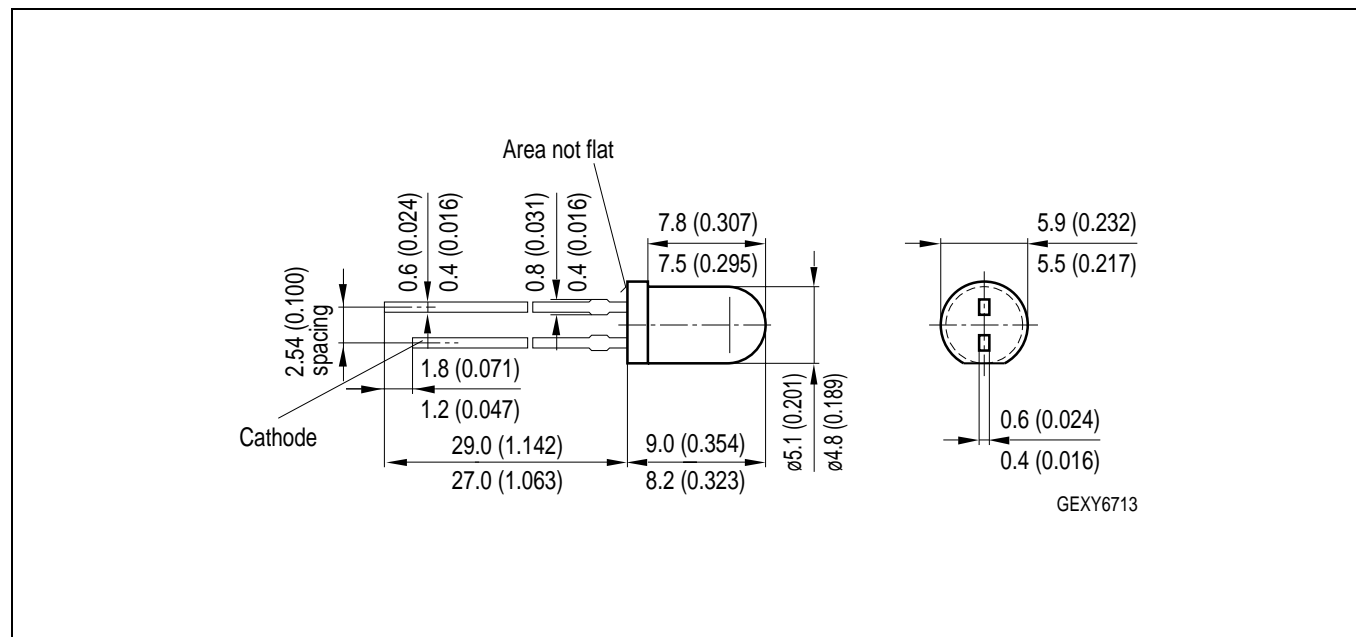
**Zulässige Impulsbelastbarkeit  $I_F = f(t_p)$**   
**Permissible Pulse Handling Capability**  
 Duty cycle  $D = \text{parameter}$ ,  $T_A = 85\text{ °C}$   
**LB**



**Zulässige Impulsbelastbarkeit  $I_F = f(t_p)$**   
**Permissible Pulse Handling Capability**  
 Duty cycle  $D = \text{parameter}$ ,  $T_A = 85\text{ °C}$   
**LV, LT**



# **Maßzeichnung** **Package Outlines**



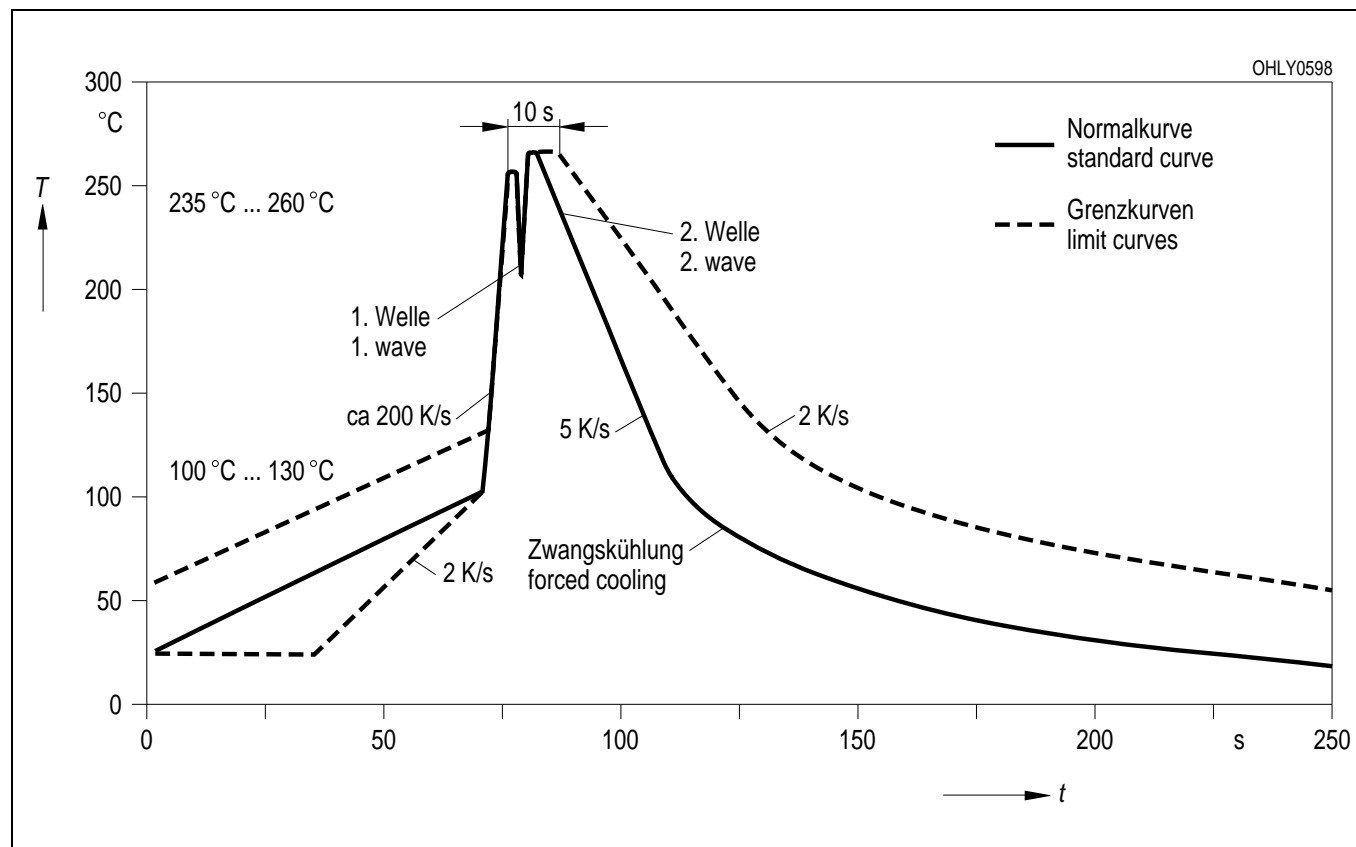
Maße werden wie folgt angegeben: mm (inch) / Dimensions are specified as follows: mm (inch).

**Kathodenkennung:** kürzerer Lötspieß  
**Cathode mark:** short solder lead  
**Gewicht / Approx. weight:** 0.35 g

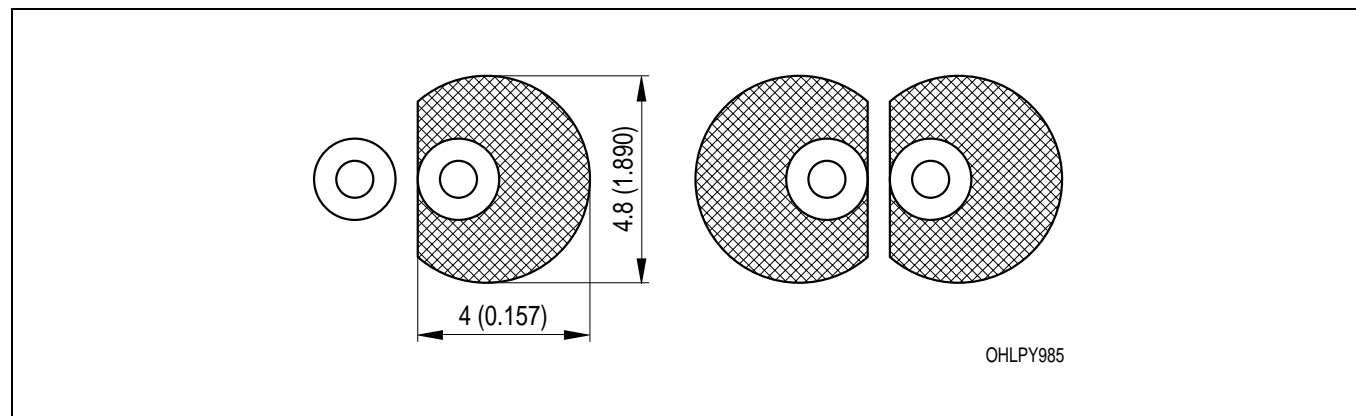
## Lötbedingungen Soldering Conditions

### Wellenlöten (TTW) TTW Soldering

(nach CECC 00802)  
(acc. to CECC 00802)



### Empfohlenes Lötpad-Design Wellenlöten (TTW) Recommended Solder Pad TTW Soldering



Maße werden wie folgt angegeben: mm (inch) / Dimensions are specified as follows: mm (inch).

Revision History: 2003-08-25		Date of change
Previous Version: 2003-08-04		
Page	Subjects (major changes since last revision)	
3	thermal resistance (footnote)	
4	value (forward voltage)	
3	power consumption from 85 mW to 80 mW	
12	annotations	2002-07-23
3	reverse voltage (footnote)	2002-08-21
all	verde: not for new designs	2002-11-18
4	values (temperature coefficient of $\lambda_{\text{dom}}$ and $V_F$ )	2003-04-14
7	new diagram permissible forward current	2003-06-02
1, 2	verde: obsolete	2003-08-04
1, 2	blue, true green: obsolete	2003-08-25

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#### Attention please!

The information describes the type of component and shall not be considered as assured characteristics. All typical data and graphs are basing on representative samples, but don't represent the production range. If requested, e.g. because of technical improvements, these typ. data will be changed without any further notice. Terms of delivery and rights to change design reserved. Due to technical requirements components may contain dangerous substances. For information on the types in question please contact our Sales Organization. If printed or downloaded, please find the latest version in the Internet.

#### Packing

Please use the recycling operators known to you. We can also help you – get in touch with your nearest sales office. By agreement we will take packing material back, if it is sorted. You must bear the costs of transport. For packing material that is returned to us unsorted or which we are not obliged to accept, we shall have to invoice you for any costs incurred.

**Components used in life-support devices or systems must be expressly authorized for such purpose!** Critical components <sup>1</sup> may only be used in life-support devices or systems <sup>2</sup> with the express written approval of OSRAM OS.

<sup>1</sup> A critical component is a component used in a life-support device or system whose failure can reasonably be expected to cause the failure of that life-support device or system, or to affect its safety or the effectiveness of that device or system.

<sup>2</sup> Life support devices or systems are intended (a) to be implanted in the human body, or (b) to support and/or maintain and sustain human life. If they fail, it is reasonable to assume that the health of the user may be endangered.