

**SANYO**

No. 2866A

**LA7510****Quasi-Parallel Inter-carrier Detector****Overview**

The Sanyo LA7510 is a 4.5MHz to 6.5MHz intercarrier audio IF detector for high-quality multi-channel TV and VCR sound systems. It is designed for use in quasi-parallel circuit configurations to eliminate audio buzz and minimize other side-effects present in conventional detection circuits.

The LA7510 includes a 3-stage IF amplifier, IF AGC circuit and transistor intercarrier audio detection circuit. It operates from a single 8 to 10 power supply.

A compact 9-pin single-in-line package and coil-less circuit simplifies the design of low-cost detection circuitry.

**Features**

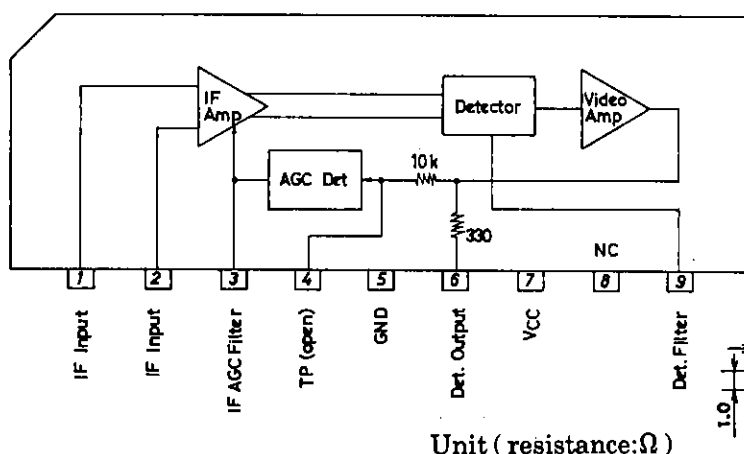
- Compact package
- Excellent audio S/N characteristics
- Coil-less circuit

**Maximum Ratings at Ta = 25°C**

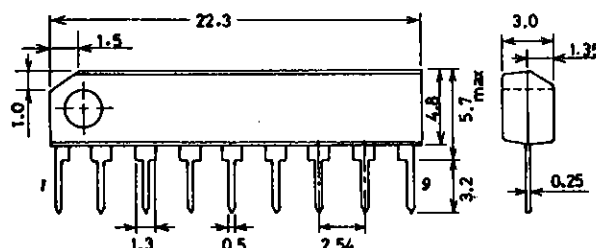
Maximum Supply Voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> max	12	V
	V <sub>3</sub> max	12	V
	V <sub>CC</sub> = 12V		
Allowable Power Dissipation	P <sub>d</sub> max	540	mW
Operating Temperature	T <sub>opr</sub>	-10 to +65	°C
Storage Temperature	T <sub>stg</sub>	-55 to +125	°C
Maximum Output Current	I <sub>o</sub> max	3	mA

**Operating Conditions at Ta = 25°C**

Recommended Supply Voltage	V <sub>7</sub>	9	V
Operating Voltage Range	V <sub>7 op</sub>	8 to 10	V

**Equivalent Circuit Block Diagram**

**Package Dimensions**  
(unit : mm)  
3017C



SANYO : SIP9

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# LA7510

Operating Characteristics at  $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{CC} = 9\text{V}$

			min	typ	max	unit
Supply Current	$I_7$	$V_3$ (IF AGC) = 4V	17	22	32	mA
Input Sensitivity	$V_i$	IF input level for 0.35V <sub>p-p</sub> detector output with 40% modulation.	34	42	50	dB $\mu$
AGC Range	GR	(Maximum input for $V_o = 0.35$ V <sub>p-p</sub> ) - $V_i$	60	70		dB
Maximum Input Level	$V_i$ max	IF input level for detector output increase of 1dB	100	120		dB $\mu$
Detector Output Amplitude	$V_{06}$	4.5MHz output level, P/S = 13 dB	90	130	180	mVrms
Audio S/N	S/N	fp = 58.75MHz, 87.5% staircase modulation fs = 54.25MHz, $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{S: FM} \pm 25\text{kHz} \\ \text{fm} = 400\text{Hz} \\ \text{P/S} = 13\text{dB} \end{array} \right.$ N: Non-modulation	50	56		dB

## Pin Descriptions

Unit (resistance:  $\Omega$ )

Pin No.	Internal Circuit	Description
1,2		IF amplifier balanced inputs. Should be decoupled with a $\geq 0.01\mu\text{F}$ capacitor.
3		<p>IF AGC filter pin.</p> <p>The filter capacitor should be <math>1\mu\text{F}</math>. A capacitor with good <math>\tan \delta</math> temperature characteristics should be used, such as an ALSi capacitor.</p> <p>If power supply ripple is high, ripple on the detector output can be reduced by using the following circuit.</p>

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Unit (resistance:  $\Omega$ )

Pin No.	Internal Circuit	Description
6		<p>Detector output.</p> <p>The output stage is an emitter-follower. The external resistance R is required to match impedances with the following 4.5MHz ceramic band-pass filter. Note that the LA7510 has an internal 330<math>\Omega</math> resistor on the output pin.</p>
9		<p>Transistor detector filter pin.</p> <p>The filter capacitor should be selected for optimum audio signal-to-noise. Its value should be less than 85pF, since the 4.5MHz signal drops as the capacitance increases, increasing the picture/sound carrier level ratio and degrading audio S/N performance.</p>

### Functional Description

#### 1. IF Amplifier

As shown in figure 1, the IF amplifier is a 3-stage balanced circuit. The AGC detector output controls the gain of all three stages.

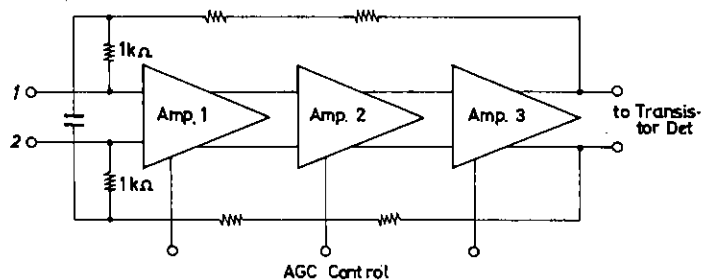


Figure 1

#### 2. AGC Detector

The AGC detector, shown in figure 2, is a peak-detection type circuit. Pin 3 is the peak-detection filter capacitor connection.

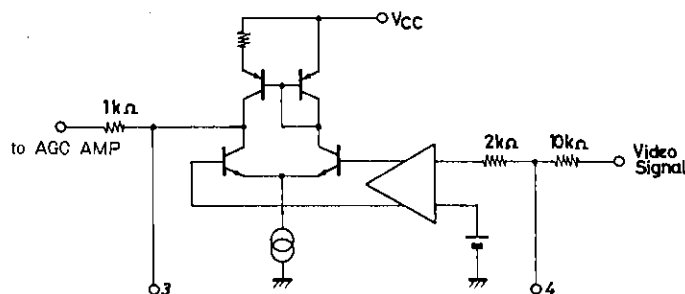


Figure 2

#### 3. Transistor Detector and Video Amp

The detector circuit is shown in figure 3. The balanced IF signals from the IF amplifier are applied separately to the bases of the differential pair.

The detector output is taken from the emitters of the differential pair, smoothed by the filter on pin 9, and amplified by the video amplifier. The video signal ( $\approx 0.85/V_{p-p}$ ) and sound IF signal are output on pin 6 via a 330 $\Omega$  resistor.

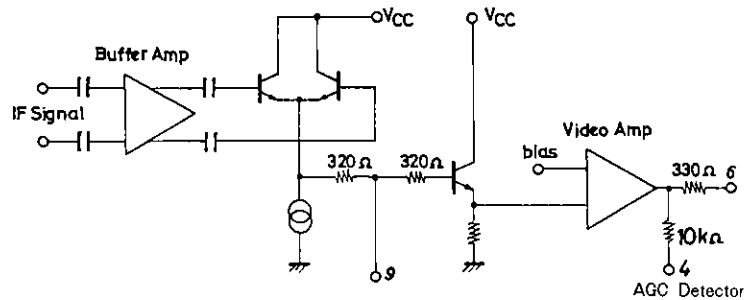
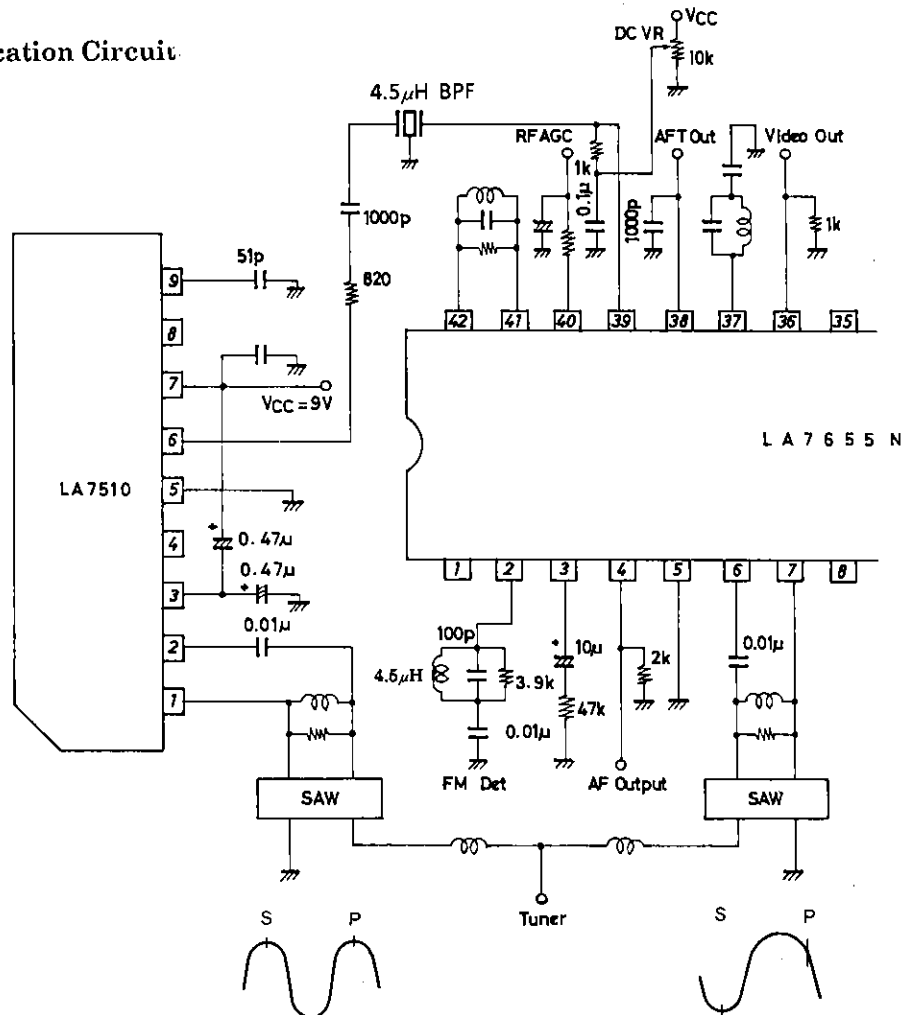


Figure 3

## Sample Application Circuit



Unit (resistance:Ω, capacitance:F)

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