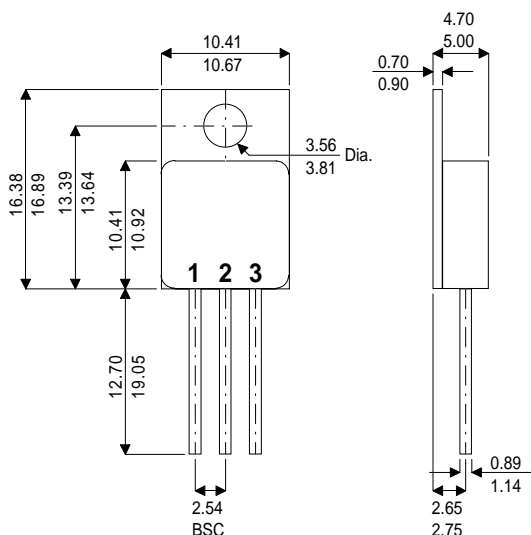


TO-220 Isolated Metal Package

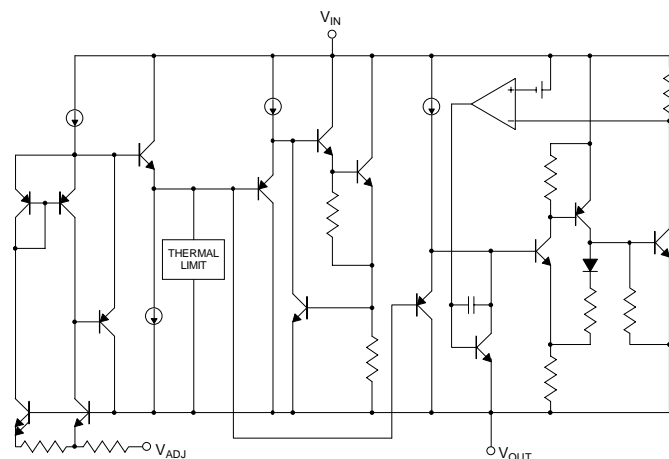


LOW DROPOUT
3 AMP POSITIVE
VOLTAGE REGULATOR

FEATURES

- Low Dropout Performance
- Fixed or Adjustable Voltages
- Fixed Output Voltages of 5V & 12V
- Output Current 3A
- Line Regulation 0.015% / V Typical.
- Load Regulation 0.1% Typical.
- Military Temperature Range (-55 to +150°C)

BLOCK DIAGRAM



Pinouts		
Pin	Fixed	Adjustable
1	GROUND	ADJUST
2	OUTPUT	OUTPUT
3	INPUT	INPUT
Case is ISOLATED		

Ordering Information	
LT1085-220M	Positive Adjustable Regulator
LT1085-05-220M	Fixed +5V Regulator
LT1085-12-220M	Fixed +12V Regulator

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (T_{case} = 25°C unless otherwise stated)

V _{IN}	Input Voltage	5V, 12V	30V
V _{I-O}	Input-Output Differential Voltage	Adjustable	35V
P _D	Power Dissipation		Internally limited
V _{IN}	Operating Input Voltage	Adjustable	25V
		5 Volt	20V
		12 Volt	25V
T _J	Operating Junction Temperature Range	Control Power	-55 to 150°C
			-55 to 200°C
T _{STG}	Storage Temperature Range		-65 to 150°C
T _{LEAD}	Lead Temperature (for 10 sec.)		300°C

* Although the devices' maximum operating voltage is limited (20V for the 5V device, and 25V for the 12V and adjustable devices) the devices are guaranteed to withstand transient input voltages up to 30V. For input voltages greater than the maximum operating input voltage, some degradation of specifications will occur. For 5V and 12V devices operating at input-output voltage differentials >15V, a minimum external load of 5mA is required to maintain regulation.

DESCRIPTION

The LT1085 is designed to provide 3A with higher efficiency than currently available devices. All internal circuitry is designed to operate down to 1V input to output differential and the dropout voltage is fully specified as a function of load current. Dropout is guaranteed at a maximum of 1.5V at maximum output current, decreasing at lower load currents. On-chip trimming adjusts the reference output voltage to 1%. Current limit is also trimmed, minimising the stress on both the regulator and power source circuitry under overload conditions.

The LT1085 is pin compatible with older 3 terminal adjustable regulators. A 10 μ F output capacitor is required on these new devices; however, this is usually included in most regulator designs.

Unlike PNP regulators, where up to 10% of the output current is wasted as quiescent current, the LT1085 quiescent current flows into the load, increasing efficiency.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ($T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise stated)

Parameter	Output Voltage	Test Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
V_O Output Voltage	5	$V_{IN} = 6.5 \text{ to } 20\text{V}$ $T_J = -55 \text{ to } 150^\circ\text{C}$ $I_O = 0 \text{ to } 3\text{A}$	4.90	5	5.10	V
	12	$V_{IN} = 13.5\text{V to } 25\text{V}$ $T_J = -55 \text{ to } 150^\circ\text{C}$ $I_O = 0 \text{ to } 3\text{A}$	11.76	12	12.24	
V_{REF} Reference Voltage	ADJ.	$V_{IN} - V_{OUT} = 1.5 \text{ to } 15\text{V}$ $T_J = -55 \text{ to } 150^\circ\text{C}$ $I_O = 10\text{mA to } 3\text{A}$	1.225	1.25	1.270	
$REG_{(LINE)}$ Line Regulation	5	$V_{IN} = 6.5 \text{ to } 20\text{V}$ $I_O = 0$ $T_J = -55 \text{ to } 150^\circ\text{C}$		0.5	10	mV
				1	10	
	12	$V_{IN} = 13.5 \text{ to } 25\text{V}$ $I_O = 0$ $T_J = -55 \text{ to } 150^\circ\text{C}$		1	25	mV
				2	25	
$REG_{(LOAD)}$ Load Regulation See notes 1,2	5	$V_{IN} = 8\text{V}$ $I_O = 0 \text{ to } 3\text{A}$ $T_J = -55 \text{ to } 150^\circ\text{C}$		5	20	mV
				10	35	
	12	$V_{IN} = 15\text{V}$ $I_O = 0 \text{ to } 3\text{A}$ $T_J = -55 \text{ to } 150^\circ\text{C}$		12	36	mV
				24	72	
	ADJ.	$V_{IN} - V_{OUT} = 3\text{V}$ $I_O = 10\text{mA to } 3\text{A}$ $T_J = -55 \text{ to } 150^\circ\text{C}$		0.1	0.3	%
				0.2	0.4	
V_D Dropout Voltage See note 3	5	$\Delta V_{OUT} = 50\text{mV}$ $I_{OUT} = 3\text{A}$ $T_J = -55 \text{ to } 150^\circ\text{C}$		1.3	1.5	V
	12	$\Delta V_{OUT} = 120\text{mV}$ $I_{OUT} = 3\text{A}$ $T_J = -55 \text{ to } 150^\circ\text{C}$		1.3	1.5	
	ADJ.	$\Delta V_{REF} = 1\%$ $I_{OUT} = 3\text{A}$ $T_J = -55 \text{ to } 150^\circ\text{C}$		1.3	1.5	

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ($T_J = -55$ to $+150^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise stated)

Parameter	Output Voltage	Test Conditions		Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
I_{CL} Current Limit		$V_{IN} - V_{OUT} = 5V$	$T_J = -55$ to 150°C	3.2	4		A
		$V_{IN} - V_{OUT} = 25V$	$T_J = -55$ to 150°C	0.2	0.5		
I_Q Quiescent Current	5	$V_{IN} \leq 20V$	$T_J = -55$ to 150°C		5	10	mA
	12	$V_{IN} \leq 25V$	$T_J = -55$ to 150°C		5	10	
Minimum Load Current ⁴	ADJ.	$V_{IN} - V_{OUT} = 25V$	$T_J = -55$ to 150°C		5	10	
$REG_{(THERM)}$ Thermal Regulation		$T_P = 30\text{ms}$	$T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$		0.004	0.02	%/W
R_A Ripple Rejection	5	$T_J = -55$ to 150°C	$V_{IN} = 8V$	60	68		dB
	12	$C_{OUT} = 25\mu\text{F}$ Tantalum	$V_{IN} = 15V$	54	60		
	ADJ.	$f = 120\text{Hz}$ $I_O = 3A$	$V_{IN} - V_{OUT} = 3V$ $C_{ADJ} = 25\mu\text{F}$	60	75		
I_{PIN} Adjust Pin Current	ADJ.		$T_J = -55$ to 150°C		55	120	μA
ΔI_{PIN} Adjust Pin Current Change	ADJ.	$V_{IN} - V_{OUT} = 1.5$ to $15V$ $I_O = 10\text{mA}$ to $3A$	$T_J = -55$ to 150°C		0.2	5	μA
T_S Temperature Stability		$T_J = -55$ to 150°C			0.5		%
Long Term Stability		$T_A = 125^\circ\text{C}$	$T = 1000$ Hrs		0.3	1	%
V_N RMS Output Noise		$f = 10\text{Hz}$ to 10kHz	$T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$		0.003		%
$R_{\theta JC}$ Thermal Resistance Junction – Case			Control Circuitry		TBA		$^\circ\text{C/W}$
			Power Transistor		TBA		

Notes:

1. See thermal regulation specifications for changes in output voltage due to heating effects. Load and line regulation are measured at a constant junction temperature by low duty cycle pulse testing. Load regulation is measured at the output lead $\approx 1/8$ " from the package.
2. Line and load regulation are guaranteed up to the maximum power dissipation of 30W. Power dissipation is determined by the input - output differential and the output current. Guaranteed maximum power dissipation will not be available over the full input - output voltage range.
3. Dropout voltage is specified over the full output current range of the device.