

# SN74LVCH16245A

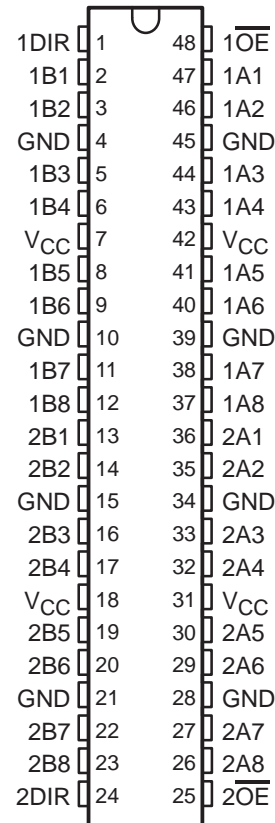
## 16-BIT BUS TRANSCEIVER

### WITH 3-STATE OUTPUTS

SCES063G – DECEMBER 1995 – REVISED JUNE 1998

- Member of the Texas Instruments *Widebus™* Family
- *EPIC™* (Enhanced-Performance Implanted CMOS) Submicron Process
- Typical  $V_{OLP}$  (Output Ground Bounce)  $< 0.8$  V at  $V_{CC} = 3.3$  V,  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$
- Typical  $V_{OHV}$  (Output  $V_{OH}$  Undershoot)  $> 2$  V at  $V_{CC} = 3.3$  V,  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$
- Supports Mixed-Mode Signal Operation on All Ports (5-V Input/Output Voltage With 3.3-V  $V_{CC}$ )
- Power Off Disables Inputs/Outputs, Permitting Live Insertion
- ESD Protection Exceeds 2000 V Per MIL-STD-883, Method 3015; Exceeds 200 V Using Machine Model ( $C = 200$  pF,  $R = 0$ )
- Latch-Up Performance Exceeds 250 mA Per JESD 17
- Bus Hold on Data Inputs Eliminates the Need for External Pullup/Pulldown Resistors
- Package Options Include Plastic 300-mil Shrink Small-Outline (DL) and Thin Shrink Small-Outline (DGG) Packages

DGG OR DL PACKAGE  
(TOP VIEW)



#### description

This 16-bit (dual-octal) noninverting bus transceiver is designed for 1.65-V to 3.6-V  $V_{CC}$  operation.

The SN74LVCH16245A is designed for asynchronous communication between data buses. The control-function implementation minimizes external timing requirements.

This device can be used as two 8-bit transceivers or one 16-bit transceiver. It allows data transmission from the A bus to the B bus or from the B bus to the A bus, depending on the logic level at the direction-control (DIR) input. The output-enable ( $\overline{OE}$ ) input can be used to disable the device so that the buses are effectively isolated.

To ensure the high-impedance state during power up or power down,  $\overline{OE}$  should be tied to  $V_{CC}$  through a pullup resistor; the minimum value of the resistor is determined by the current-sinking capability of the driver.

Inputs can be driven from either 3.3-V or 5-V devices. This feature allows the use of these devices as translators in a mixed 3.3-V/5-V system environment.

Active bus-hold circuitry is provided to hold unused or floating data inputs at a valid logic level.

The SN74LVCH16245A is characterized for operation from  $-40^\circ\text{C}$  to  $85^\circ\text{C}$ .



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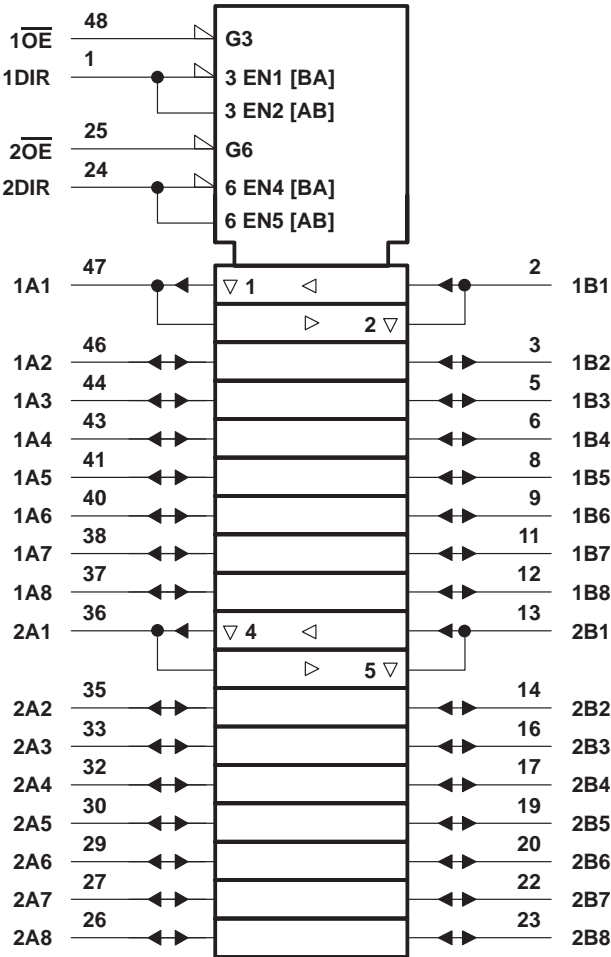
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FUNCTION TABLE  
(each 8-bit section)

INPUTS		OPERATION
OE	DIR	
L	L	B data to A bus
L	H	A data to B bus
H	X	Isolation

logic symbol†

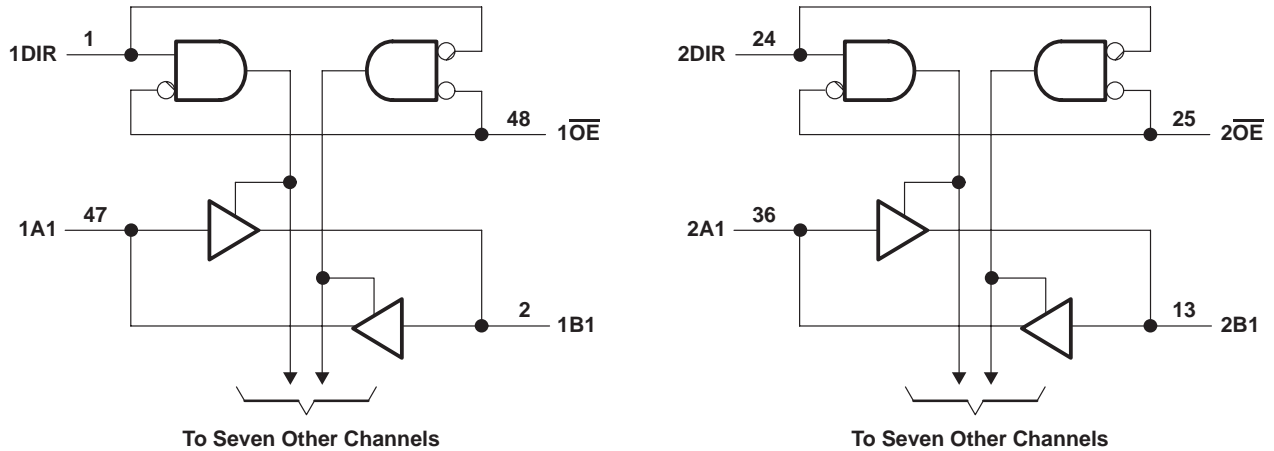


† This symbol is in accordance with ANSI/IEEE Std 91-1984 and IEC Publication 617-12.

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**logic diagram (positive logic)**



**absolute maximum ratings over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)†**

Supply voltage range, $V_{CC}$	–0.5 V to 6.5 V
Input voltage range, $V_I$ : (see Note 1)	–0.5 V to 6.5 V
Voltage range applied to any output in the high-impedance or power-off state, $V_O$ (see Note 1)	–0.5 V to 6.5 V
Voltage range applied to any output in the high or low state, $V_O$ (see Notes 1 and 2)	–0.5 V to $V_{CC} + 0.5$ V
Input clamp current, $I_{IK}$ ( $V_I < 0$ )	–50 mA
Output clamp current, $I_{OK}$ ( $V_O < 0$ )	–50 mA
Continuous output current, $I_O$	±50 mA
Continuous current through each $V_{CC}$ or GND	±100 mA
Package thermal impedance, $\theta_{JA}$ (see Note 3): DGG package	89°C/W
DL package	94°C/W
Storage temperature range, $T_{stg}$	–65°C to 150°C

† Stresses beyond those listed under “absolute maximum ratings” may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under “recommended operating conditions” is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

- NOTES: 1. The input negative-voltage and output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output current ratings are observed.  
 2. The value of  $V_{CC}$  is provided in the recommended operating conditions table.  
 3. The package thermal impedance is calculated in accordance with JESD 51.

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**recommended operating conditions (see Note 4)**

		MIN	MAX	UNIT
$V_{CC}$ Supply voltage	Operating	1.65	3.6	V
	Data retention only	1.5		
$V_{IH}$ High-level input voltage	$V_{CC} = 1.65 \text{ V to } 1.95 \text{ V}$	$0.65 \times V_{CC}$		V
	$V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V to } 2.7 \text{ V}$	1.7		
	$V_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$	2		
$V_{IL}$ Low-level input voltage	$V_{CC} = 1.65 \text{ V to } 1.95 \text{ V}$		$0.35 \times V_{CC}$	V
	$V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V to } 2.7 \text{ V}$		0.7	
	$V_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$		0.8	
$V_I$ Input voltage		0	5.5	V
$V_O$ Output voltage	High or low state	0	$V_{CC}$	V
	3 state	0	5.5	
$I_{OH}$ High-level output current	$V_{CC} = 1.65 \text{ V}$		–4	mA
	$V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V}$		–8	
	$V_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ V}$		–12	
	$V_{CC} = 3 \text{ V}$		–24	
$I_{OL}$ Low-level output current	$V_{CC} = 1.65 \text{ V}$		4	mA
	$V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V}$		8	
	$V_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ V}$		12	
	$V_{CC} = 3 \text{ V}$		24	
$\Delta t/\Delta v$ Input transition rise or fall rate		0	5	ns/V
$T_A$ Operating free-air temperature		–40	85	°C

NOTE 4: All unused control inputs of the device must be held at  $V_{CC}$  or GND to ensure proper device operation. Refer to the TI application report, *Implications of Slow or Floating CMOS Inputs*, literature number SCBA004.

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**electrical characteristics over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)**

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	V <sub>CC</sub>	MIN	TYP†	MAX	UNIT
V <sub>OH</sub>		I <sub>OH</sub> = –100 µA	1.65 V to 3.6 V	V <sub>CC</sub> – 0.2			V
		I <sub>OH</sub> = –4 mA	1.65 V	1.2			
		I <sub>OH</sub> = –8 mA	2.3 V	1.7			
		I <sub>OH</sub> = –12 mA	2.7 V	2.2			
			3 V	2.4			
		I <sub>OH</sub> = –24 mA	3 V	2.2			
V <sub>OL</sub>		I <sub>OL</sub> = 100 µA	1.65 V to 3.6 V			0.2	V
		I <sub>OL</sub> = 4 mA	1.65 V			0.45	
		I <sub>OL</sub> = 8 mA	2.3 V			0.7	
		I <sub>OL</sub> = 12 mA	2.7 V			0.4	
		I <sub>OL</sub> = 24 mA	3 V			0.55	
I <sub>I</sub>	Control inputs	V <sub>I</sub> = 0 to 5.5 V	3.6 V			±5	µA
I <sub>I</sub> (hold)	A or B ports	V <sub>I</sub> = 0.58 V	1.65 V	‡			µA
		V <sub>I</sub> = 1.07 V		‡			
		V <sub>I</sub> = 0.7 V	2.3 V	45			
		V <sub>I</sub> = 1.7 V		–45			
		V <sub>I</sub> = 0.8 V	3 V	75			
		V <sub>I</sub> = 2 V		–75			
		V <sub>I</sub> = 0 to 3.6 V§	3.6 V			±500	
I <sub>off</sub>		V <sub>I</sub> or V <sub>O</sub> = 5.5 V	0			±10	µA
I <sub>OZ</sub> ¶		V <sub>O</sub> = 0 to 5.5 V	3.6 V			±10	µA
I <sub>CC</sub>		V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub> or GND	3.6 V			20	µA
		3.6 V ≤ V <sub>I</sub> ≤ 5.5 V#				20	
ΔI <sub>CC</sub>		One input at V <sub>CC</sub> – 0.6 V, Other inputs at V <sub>CC</sub> or GND	2.7 V to 3.6 V			500	µA
C <sub>i</sub>	Control inputs	V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub> or GND	3.3 V			5	pF
C <sub>io</sub>	A or B ports	V <sub>O</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub> or GND	3.3 V			7.5	pF

† All typical values are at V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V, T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C.

‡ This information was not available at the time of publication.

§ This is the bus-hold maximum dynamic current required to switch the input from one state to another.

¶ For I/O ports, the parameter I<sub>OZ</sub> includes the input leakage current, but not I<sub>I</sub>(hold).

# This applies in the disabled state only.

**switching characteristics over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted) (see Figures 1 through 3)**

PARAMETER	FROM (INPUT)	TO (OUTPUT)	V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.8 V ± 0.15 V		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.5 V ± 0.2 V		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.7 V		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V		UNIT
			MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
t <sub>pd</sub>	A or B	B or A	‡	‡	‡	‡	4.7		1	4	ns
t <sub>en</sub>	$\overline{\text{OE}}$	A or B	‡	‡	‡	‡	6.7		1.5	5.5	ns
t <sub>dis</sub>	$\overline{\text{OE}}$	A or B	‡	‡	‡	‡	7.1		1.5	6.6	ns
t <sub>sk(o)</sub>									1		ns

‡ This information was not available at the time of publication.

|| Skew between any two outputs of the same package switching in the same direction



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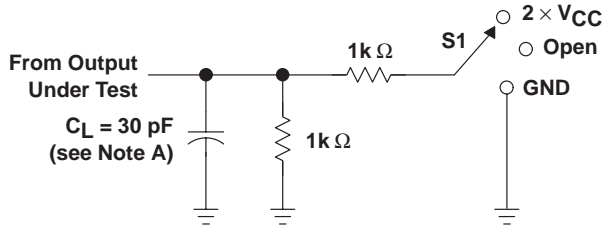
**operating characteristics,  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$**

PARAMETER			TEST CONDITIONS	$V_{CC} = 1.8\text{ V}$ $\pm 0.15\text{ V}$	$V_{CC} = 2.5\text{ V}$ $\pm 0.2\text{ V}$	$V_{CC} = 3.3\text{ V}$ $\pm 0.3\text{ V}$	UNIT
				TYP	TYP	TYP	
$C_{pd}$ Power dissipation capacitance per transceiver	Outputs enabled	$f = 10\text{ MHz}$		†	†	40	pF
	Outputs disabled			†	†	4	

† This information was not available at the time of publication.

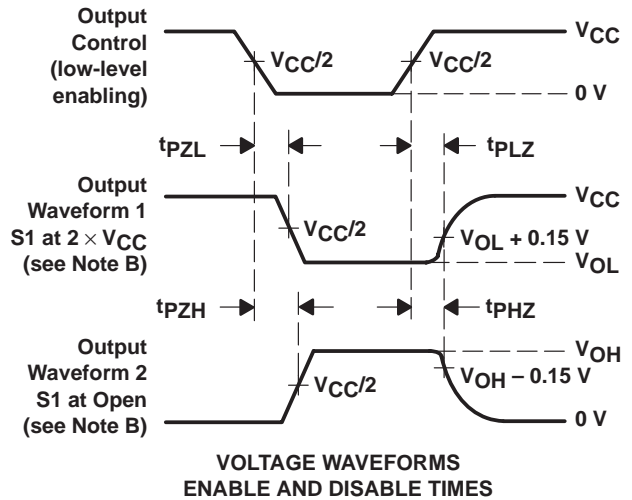
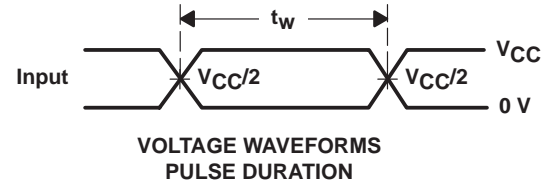
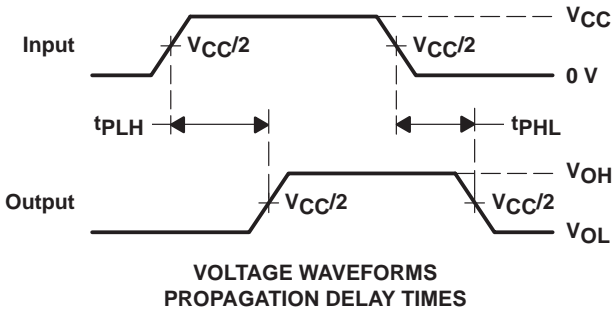
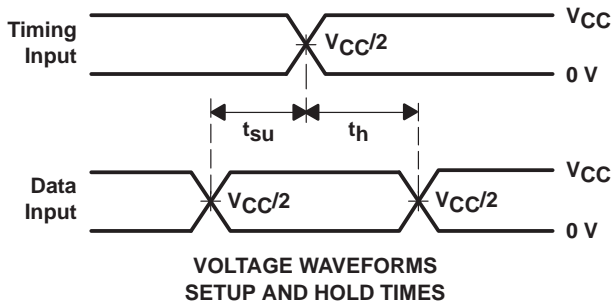


PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION  
 $V_{CC} = 1.8 \text{ V} \pm 0.15 \text{ V}$



LOAD CIRCUIT

TEST	S1
$t_{pd}$	Open
$t_{PLZ}/t_{PZL}$	$2 \times V_{CC}$
$t_{PHZ}/t_{PZH}$	Open

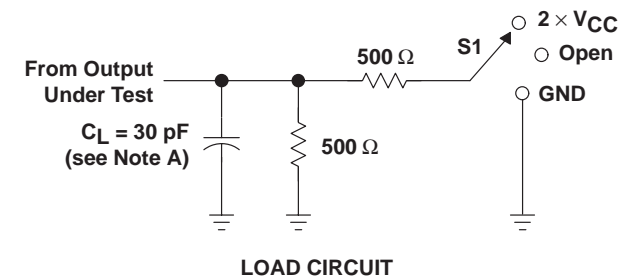


- NOTES:
- A.  $C_L$  includes probe and jig capacitance.
  - B. Waveform 1 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is low except when disabled by the output control. Waveform 2 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is high except when disabled by the output control.
  - C. All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics:  $PRR \leq 10 \text{ MHz}$ ,  $Z_O = 50 \Omega$ ,  $t_r \leq 2 \text{ ns}$ ,  $t_f \leq 2 \text{ ns}$ .
  - D. The outputs are measured one at a time with one transition per measurement.
  - E.  $t_{PLZ}$  and  $t_{PHZ}$  are the same as  $t_{dis}$ .
  - F.  $t_{PZL}$  and  $t_{PZH}$  are the same as  $t_{en}$ .
  - G.  $t_{PLH}$  and  $t_{PHL}$  are the same as  $t_{pd}$ .

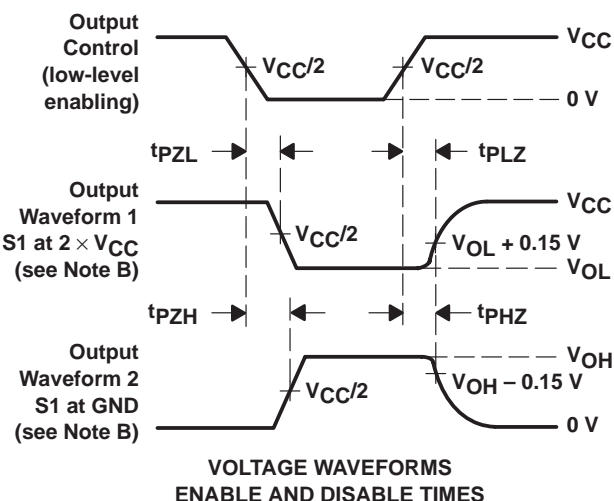
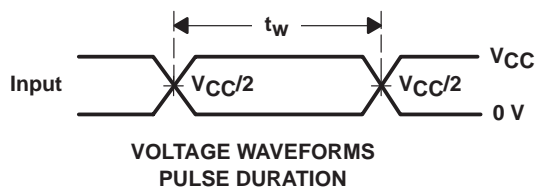
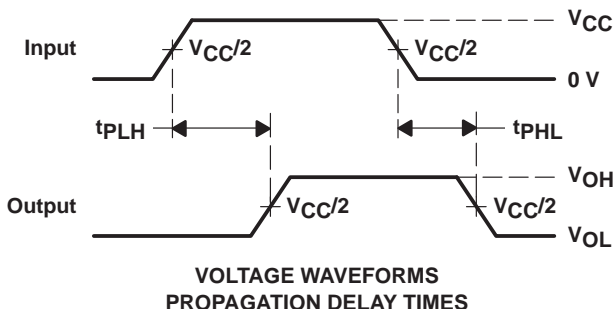
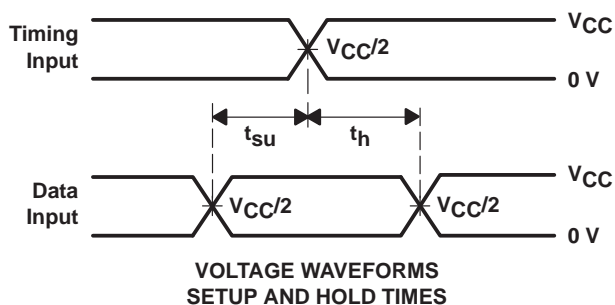
Figure 1. Load Circuit and Voltage Waveforms

# PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION

$$V_{CC} = 2.5 \text{ V} \pm 0.2 \text{ V}$$



TEST	S1
$t_{pd}$	Open
$t_{PLZ}/t_{PZL}$	2 $\times$ $V_{CC}$
$t_{PHZ}/t_{PZH}$	GND

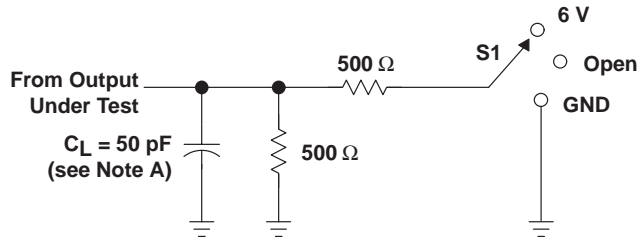


- NOTES:
- $C_L$  includes probe and jig capacitance.
  - Waveform 1 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is low except when disabled by the output control. Waveform 2 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is high except when disabled by the output control.
  - All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics:  $PRR \leq 10 \text{ MHz}$ ,  $Z_O = 50 \Omega$ ,  $t_r \leq 2 \text{ ns}$ ,  $t_f \leq 2 \text{ ns}$ .
  - The outputs are measured one at a time with one transition per measurement.
  - $t_{PLZ}$  and  $t_{PHZ}$  are the same as  $t_{dis}$ .
  - $t_{PZL}$  and  $t_{PZH}$  are the same as  $t_{en}$ .
  - $t_{PLH}$  and  $t_{PHL}$  are the same as  $t_{pd}$ .

**Figure 2. Load Circuit and Voltage Waveforms**

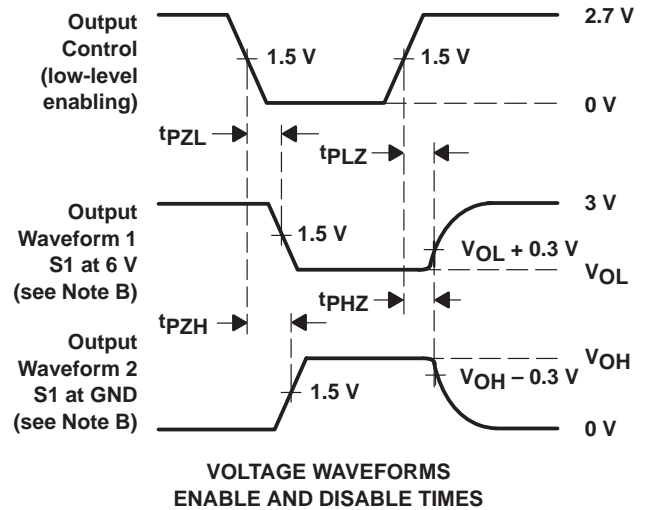
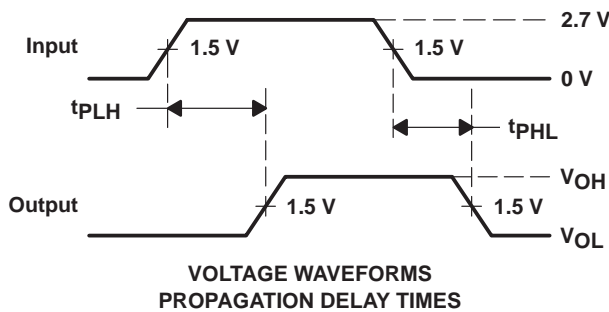
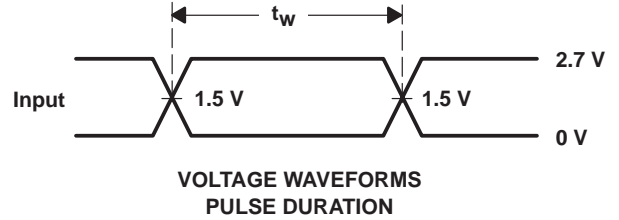
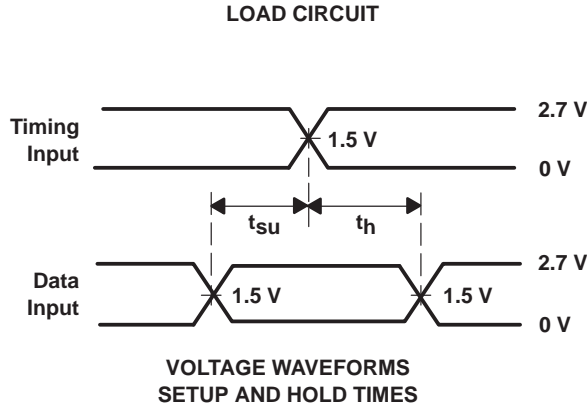


PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION  
 $V_{CC} = 2.7\text{ V}$  AND  $3.3\text{ V} \pm 0.3\text{ V}$



LOAD CIRCUIT

TEST	S1
$t_{pd}$	Open
$t_{PLZ}/t_{PZL}$	6 V
$t_{PHZ}/t_{PZH}$	GND



- NOTES:
- $C_L$  includes probe and jig capacitance.
  - Waveform 1 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is low except when disabled by the output control. Waveform 2 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is high except when disabled by the output control.
  - All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics:  $PRR \leq 10\text{ MHz}$ ,  $Z_O = 50\text{ }\Omega$ ,  $t_r \leq 2.5\text{ ns}$ ,  $t_f \leq 2.5\text{ ns}$ .
  - The outputs are measured one at a time with one transition per measurement.
  - $t_{PLZ}$  and  $t_{PHZ}$  are the same as  $t_{dis}$ .
  - $t_{PZL}$  and  $t_{PZH}$  are the same as  $t_{en}$ .
  - $t_{PLH}$  and  $t_{PHL}$  are the same as  $t_{pd}$ .

Figure 3. Load Circuit and Voltage Waveforms

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