

# XC62RP

## Series



Positive Voltage Regulators for Voltage Reference Source

- ◆CMOS Low Power Consumption
- ◆Input-Output Voltage Differential  
: 140mV @ 300μA
- ◆Maximum Output Current  
: 6.0mA (2.0V)
- ◆Highly Accurate : ±2% (±1%)
- ◆Output Voltage Range: 1.5V~3.5V
- ◆No Load Power Consumption  
: 3.2μA (2.0V)
- ◆SOT-23/SOT-89/TO-92 Package

### General Description

The XC62RP series are highly precise, low power consumption, positive voltage regulators, for voltage reference source, manufactured using CMOS and laser trimming technologies.

SOT-23 (150mW), SOT-89 (500mW) and TO-92 (300mW) packages are available.

### Applications

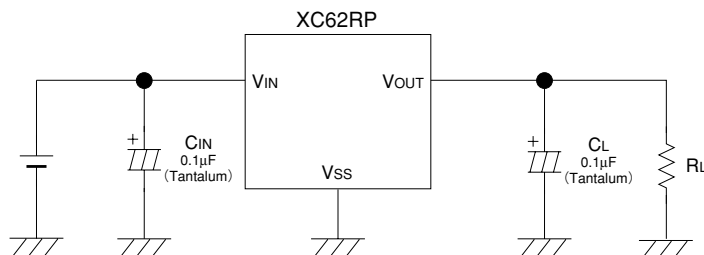
- Battery Powered Equipment
- Reference Voltage Sources
- Cameras and Video Recorders
- Palmtops

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### Features

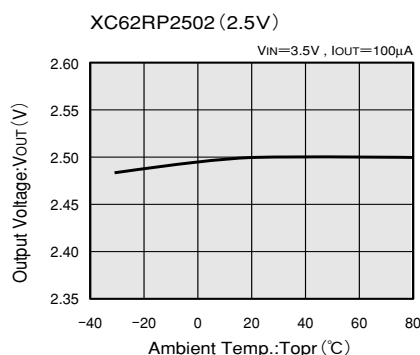
- Maximum Output Current** : 6.0mA (within max. power dissipation,  $V_{OUT}=2.0V$ )
- Output Voltage Range** : 1.5V ~ 3.5V in 0.1V increments
- Highly Accurate** : Set-up Voltage ±2%  
(±1% for semi-custom products)
- Low Power Consumption** : TYP 3.2μA ( $V_{OUT}=2.0$ )
- Output Voltage Temperature Characteristics**  
: TYP ±100ppm/°C
- Input Stability** : TYP 0.2%/V
- Ultra Small Packages** : SOT-23 (150mW) mini-mold  
SOT-89 (500mW) mini-power mold  
TO-92 (300mW)

### Typical Application Circuit

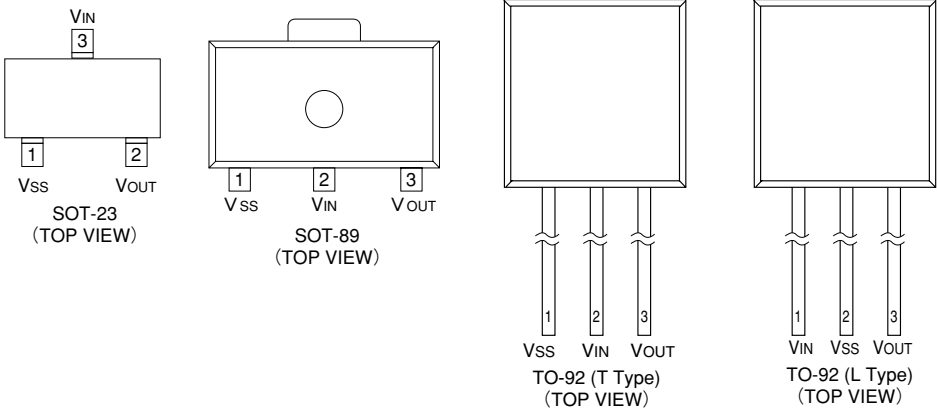


Please use with a load capacitance ( $C_L$ ) of less than 0.1μF.

### Typical Performance Characteristic



Pin Configuration



Pin Assignment

PIN NUMBER				PIN NAME	FUNCTION
SOT-23	SOT-89	TO-92 (T)	TO-92 (L)		
1	1	1	2	VSS	Ground
3	2	2	1	VIN	Supply Voltage Input
2	3	3	3	VOUT	Output

Product Classification

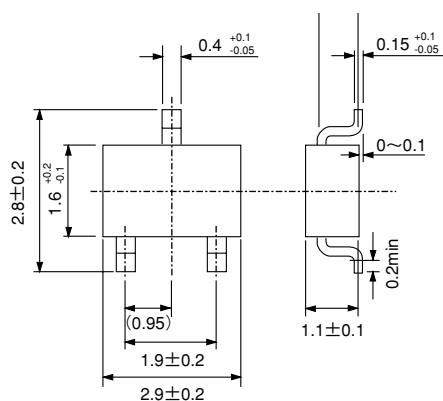
Ordering Information

X C 6 2 R X X X X X X X  
          ↑    ↑    ↑    ↑    ↑    ↑  
          a   b   c   d   e   f

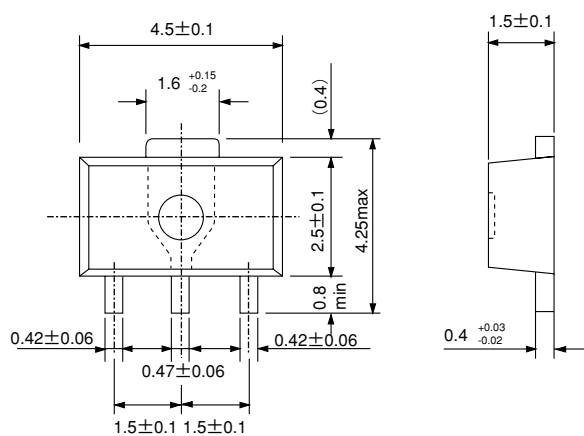
DESIGNATOR	DESCRIPTION	DESIGNATOR	DESCRIPTION
a	Polarity of Output Voltage: P: + (Positive)	e	Package Type M=SOT-23 P=SOT-89 T=TO-92 (Standard) L=TO-92 (Custom pin configuration)
b	Output Voltage 15=1.5V 30=3.0V		
c	Temperature Coefficients: 0=±100ppm (Typical)	f	Device Orientation R=Embossed Tape (Standard Feed) L=Embossed Tape (Reverse Feed) H=Paper Tape (TO-92) B=Bag (TO-92)
d	Output Voltage Accuracy: 1=±1.0% (Semi-custom) 2=±2.0%		

## ■ Packaging Information

### ● SOT-23

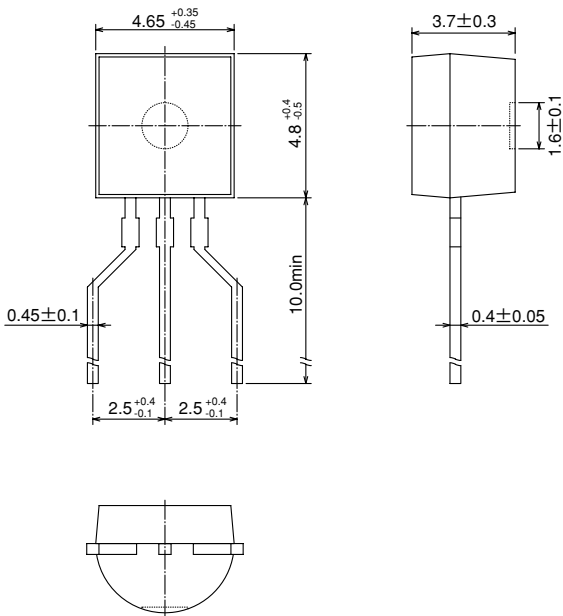


### ● SOT-89



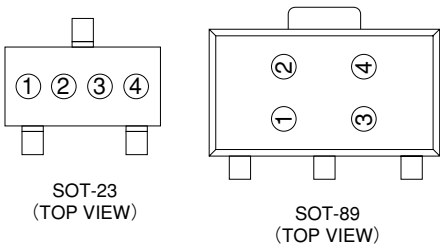
●TO-92

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■Marking

●SOT-23, SOT-89



③ Represents the decimal number of the Output Voltage

SYMBOL	VOLTAGE(V)	SYMBOL	VOLTAGE(V)
A	②.0	F	②.5
B	②.1	H	②.6
C	②.2	K	②.7
D	②.3	L	②.8
E	②.4	M	②.9

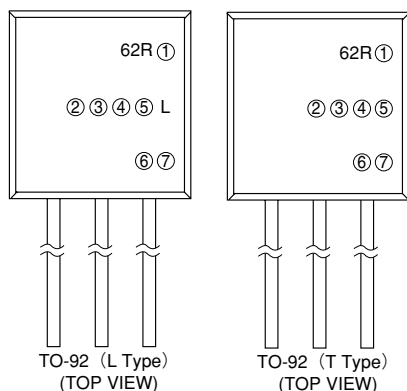
① Not Used.

② Represents the integer of the Output Voltage

SYMBOL	VOLTAGE(V)
A	0.③
B	1.③
C	2.③
D	3.③

④ Represents the assembly lot no.  
Based on internal standards

●TO-92



① Represents the polarity of Output Voltage

DESIGNATOR	CONFIGURATION
P	+

④ Represents the temperature characteristics

DESIGNATOR	TEMPERATURE CHARACTERISTICS
0	TPY $\pm$ 100ppm

⑤ Represents the Detect Voltage Accuracy

DESIGNATOR	DETECT VOLTAGE ACCURACY
1	within $\pm 1\%$ (semi-custom)
2	within $\pm 2\%$

⑥ Represents a least significant digit of the produced year

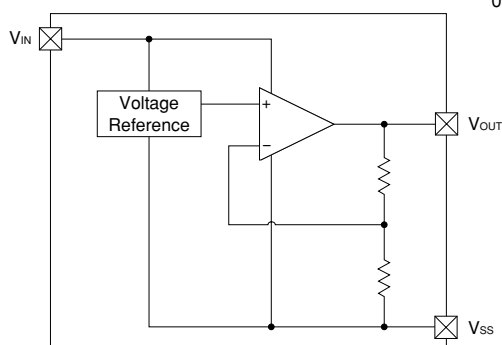
DESIGNATOR	PRODUCED YEAR
0	2000
1	2001

⑦ Denotes the production lot number  
0 to 9, A to Z repeated (G.I.J.O.Q.W excepted)

②③ Represents the Detect Voltage

DESIGNATOR		VOLTAGE (V)
②	③	
3	3	3.3
5	0	5.0

■Block Diagram



■Absolute Maximum Ratings

Ta=25°C

PARAMETER		SYMBOL	RATINGS	UNITS
Input Voltage		V <sub>IN</sub>	12	V
Output Current		I <sub>OUT</sub>	50	mA
Output Voltage		V <sub>OUT</sub>	V <sub>SS</sub> -0.3 ~ V <sub>IN</sub> +0.3	V
Continuous Total Power Dissipation	SOT-23	Pd	150	mW
	SOT-89		500	
	TO-92		300	
Operating Ambient Temperature		T <sub>opr</sub>	-30 ~ +80	°C
Storage Temperature		T <sub>stg</sub>	-40 ~ +125	°C

Note: I<sub>OUT</sub> must be less than Pd / (V<sub>IN</sub>-V<sub>OUT</sub>).

## Electrical Characteristics

XC62RP1602  $V_{OUT}(T)=1.6V$  (Note1)

$T_a=25^{\circ}C$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	CIRCUIT
Output Voltage	$V_{OUT}(E)$ (Note2)	$I_{OUT}=100\mu A$ $V_{IN}=2.6V$	1.568	1.600	1.632	V	1
Maximum Output Current	$I_{OUT\ max}$	$V_{IN}=2.6V, V_{OUT}(E) \geq V_{OUT}(T) \times 0.95$	4.0			mA	1
Load Stability	$\Delta V_{OUT}$	$V_{IN}=2.6V$ $100\mu A \leq I_{OUT} \leq 300\mu A$		20	40	mV	1
Input -Output Voltage Differential (Note3)	$V_{dif1}$	$I_{OUT}=100\mu A$		30	80	mV	1
	$V_{dif2}$	$I_{OUT}=300\mu A$		50	140	mV	1
Supply Current	$I_{SS}$	$V_{IN}=2.6V$		3.0	5.8	$\mu A$	2
Input Stability	$\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{\Delta V_{IN} \cdot V_{OUT}}$	$I_{OUT}=100\mu A$ $2.6V \leq V_{IN} \leq 6.0V$		0.2	0.3	%/V	1
Input Voltage	$V_{IN}$				6.0	V	—
Output Voltage Temperature Characteristics	$\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{\Delta T_{opr} \cdot V_{OUT}}$	$I_{OUT}=100mA$ $-30^{\circ}C \leq T_{opr} \leq 80^{\circ}C$		$\pm 100$		ppm/ $^{\circ}C$	1

XC62RP2002  $V_{OUT}(T)=2.0V$  (Note1)

$T_a=25^{\circ}C$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	CIRCUIT
Output Voltage	$V_{OUT}(E)$ (Note2)	$I_{OUT}=100\mu A$ $V_{IN}=3.0V$	1.960	2.000	2.040	V	1
Maximum Output Current	$I_{OUT\ max}$	$V_{IN}=3.0V, V_{OUT}(E) \geq V_{OUT}(T) \times 0.95$	6.0			mA	1
Load Stability	$\Delta V_{OUT}$	$V_{IN}=3.0V$ $100\mu A \leq I_{OUT} \leq 300\mu A$		20	40	mV	1
Input -Output Voltage Differential (Note3)	$V_{dif1}$	$I_{OUT}=100\mu A$		30	80	mV	1
	$V_{dif2}$	$I_{OUT}=300\mu A$		50	140	mV	1
Supply Current	$I_{SS}$	$V_{IN}=3.0V$		3.2	6.2	$\mu A$	2
Input Stability	$\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{\Delta V_{IN} \cdot V_{OUT}}$	$I_{OUT}=100\mu A$ $3.0V \leq V_{IN} \leq 6.0V$		0.2	0.3	%/V	1
Input Voltage	$V_{IN}$				6.0	V	—
Output Voltage Temperature Characteristics	$\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{\Delta T_{opr} \cdot V_{OUT}}$	$I_{OUT}=100mA$ $-30^{\circ}C \leq T_{opr} \leq 80^{\circ}C$		$\pm 100$		ppm/ $^{\circ}C$	1

XC62RP2502  $V_{OUT}(T)=2.5V$  (Note1) $T_a=25^{\circ}C$ 

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	CIRCUIT
Output Voltage	$V_{OUT}(E)$ (Note2)	$I_{OUT}=100\mu A$ $V_{IN}=3.5V$	2.450	2.500	2.550	V	1
Maximum Output Current	$I_{OUT\ max}$	$V_{IN}=3.5V, V_{OUT}(E) \geq V_{OUT}(T) \times 0.95$	8.0			mA	1
Load Stability	$\Delta V_{OUT}$	$V_{IN}=3.5V$ $100\mu A \leq I_{OUT} \leq 300\mu A$		20	40	mV	1
Input -Output Voltage Differential (Note3)	$V_{dif1}$	$I_{OUT}=100\mu A$		30	80	mV	1
	$V_{dif2}$	$I_{OUT}=300\mu A$		50	140	mV	1
Supply Current	$I_{SS}$	$V_{IN}=3.5V$		3.5	6.8	$\mu A$	2
Input Stability	$\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{\Delta V_{IN} \cdot V_{OUT}}$	$I_{OUT}=100\mu A$ $3.5V \leq V_{IN} \leq 6.0V$		0.2	0.3	%/V	1
Input Voltage	$V_{IN}$				6.0	V	—
Output Voltage Temperature Characteristics	$\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{\Delta T_{opr} \cdot V_{OUT}}$	$I_{OUT}=100mA$ $-30^{\circ}C \leq T_{opr} \leq 80^{\circ}C$		$\pm 100$		ppm/ $^{\circ}C$	1

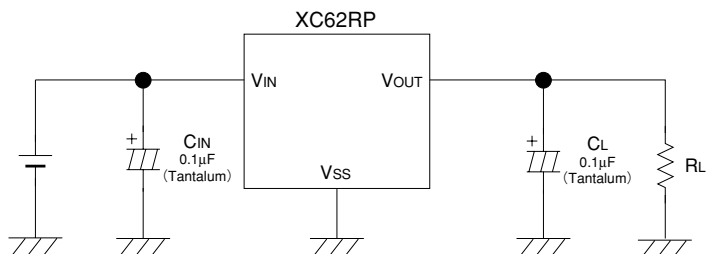
XC62RP3002  $V_{OUT}(T)=3.0V$  (Note1) $T_a=25^{\circ}C$ 

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	CIRCUIT
Output Voltage	$V_{OUT}(E)$ (Note2)	$I_{OUT}=100\mu A$ $V_{IN}=4.0V$	2.940	3.000	3.060	V	1
Maximum Output Current	$I_{OUT\ max}$	$V_{IN}=4.0V, V_{OUT}(E) \geq V_{OUT}(T) \times 0.95$	10.0			mA	1
Load Stability	$\Delta V_{OUT}$	$V_{IN}=4.0V$ $100\mu A \leq I_{OUT} \leq 300\mu A$		20	40	mV	1
Input -Output Voltage Differential (Note3)	$V_{dif1}$	$I_{OUT}=100\mu A$		30	80	mV	1
	$V_{dif2}$	$I_{OUT}=300\mu A$		50	140	mV	1
Supply Current	$I_{SS}$	$V_{IN}=4.0V$		3.8	7.3	$\mu A$	2
Input Stability	$\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{\Delta V_{IN} \cdot V_{OUT}}$	$I_{OUT}=100\mu A$ $4.0V \leq V_{IN} \leq 6.0V$		0.2	0.3	%/V	1
Input Voltage	$V_{IN}$				6.0	V	—
Output Voltage Temperature Characteristics	$\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{\Delta T_{opr} \cdot V_{OUT}}$	$I_{OUT}=100mA$ $-30^{\circ}C \leq T_{opr} \leq 80^{\circ}C$		$\pm 100$		ppm/ $^{\circ}C$	1

Note: 1.  $V_{OUT}(T)$ =Specified Output Voltage .2.  $V_{OUT}(E)$ =Effective Output Voltage (i.e. the output voltage when " $V_{OUT}(T)+1.0V$ " is provided at the  $V_{IN}$  pin while maintaining a certain  $I_{OUT}$  value).3.  $V_{dif} = \{V_{IN1} \text{ (Note5)} - V_{OUT1} \text{ (Note4)}\}$ 4.  $V_{OUT1}$ = A voltage equal to 98% of the Output Voltage whenever an amply stabilised  $I_{OUT}$  ( $V_{OUT}(T)+1.0V$ ) is input.5.  $V_{IN1}$ = The Input Voltage when  $V_{OUT1}$  appears as Input Voltage is gradually decreased.

## Typical Application Circuit

### Standard Circuit



Please use with a load capacitance ( $C_L$ ) of less than  $0.1\mu\text{F}$ .

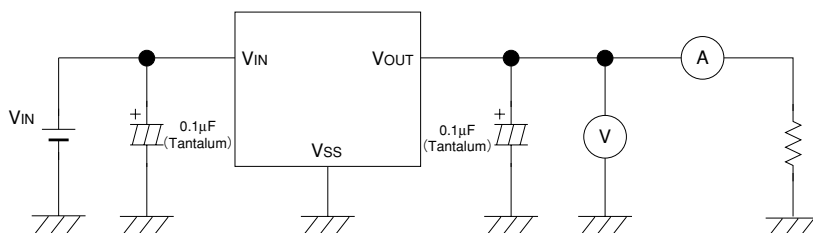
## Directions for use

### Notes on Use

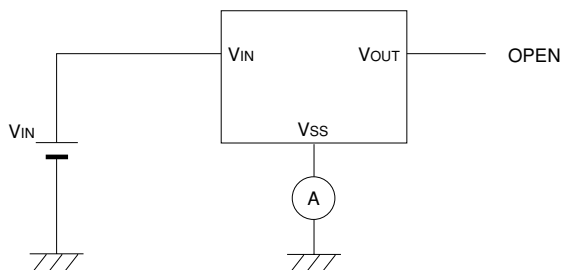
1. Please use with a load capacitance,  $C_L$ , of less than  $0.1\mu\text{F}$  and in  $0.01\mu\text{F}$  steps.
2. Since short-circuit protection is not built-in, the IC may be damaged by rush current should the output pin be connected to the Ground pin.
3. When the load capacitance,  $C_L$ , is small, overshoot will be produced when the power is switched on.
4. As the output pin's current is only a few  $\mu\text{A}$ , output voltage will increase should output be pulled-up by means of a resistor.

## Test Circuits

### Circuit 1



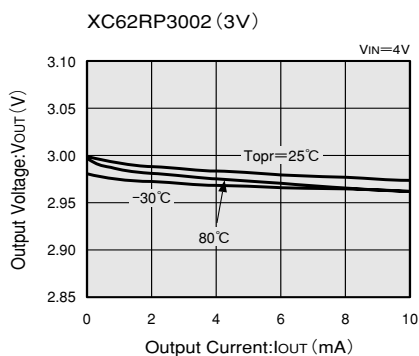
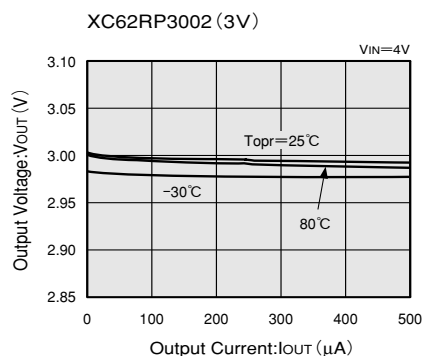
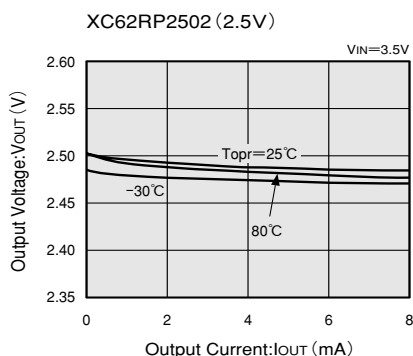
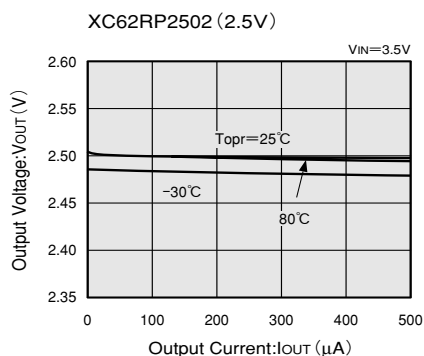
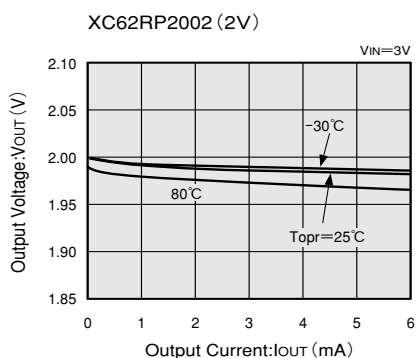
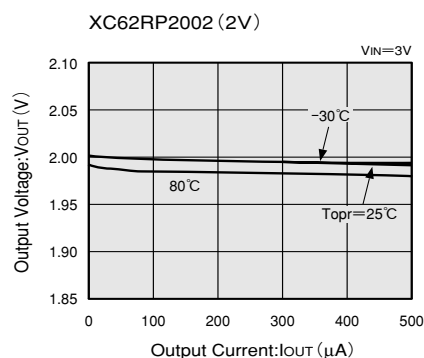
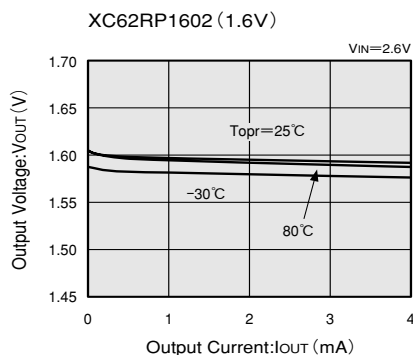
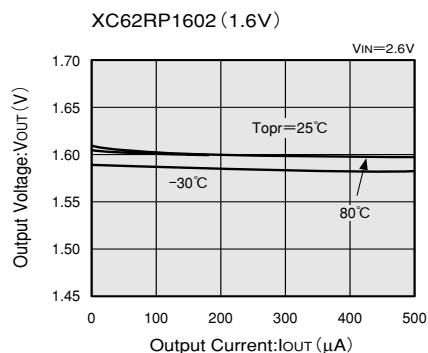
### Circuit 2





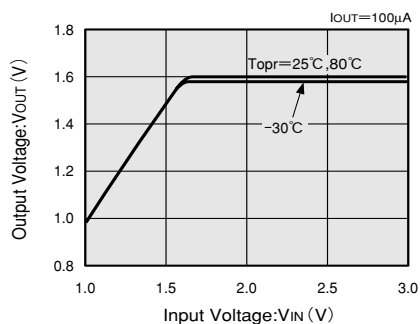
## ■ Typical Performance Characteristics

### (1) OUTPUT VOLTAGE vs. OUTPUT CURRENT

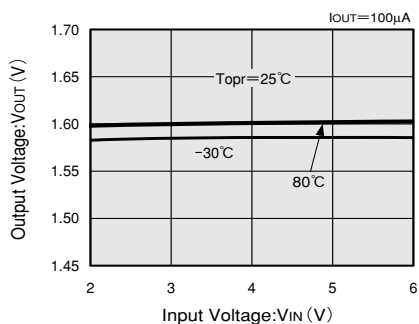


## (2) OUTPUT VOLTAGE vs. INPUT VOLTAGE

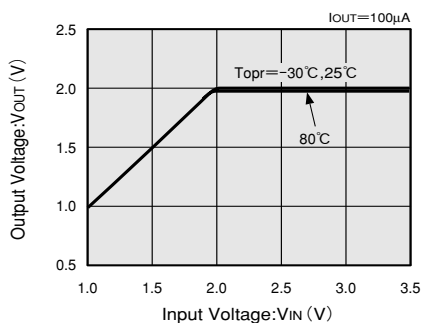
XC62RP1602 (1.6V)



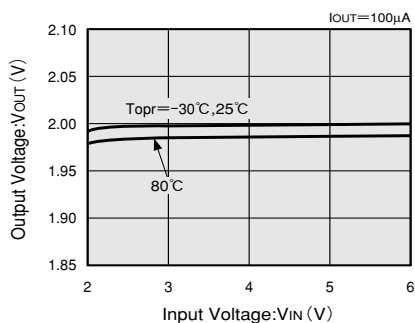
XC62RP1602 (1.6V)



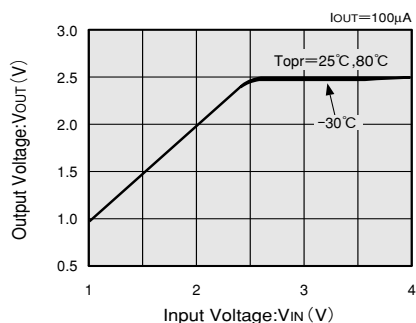
XC62RP2002 (2V)



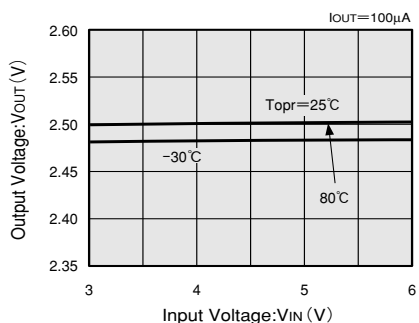
XC62RP2002 (2V)



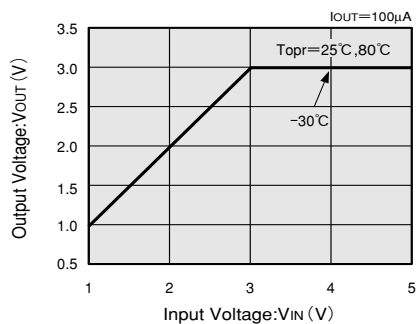
XC62RP2502 (2.5V)



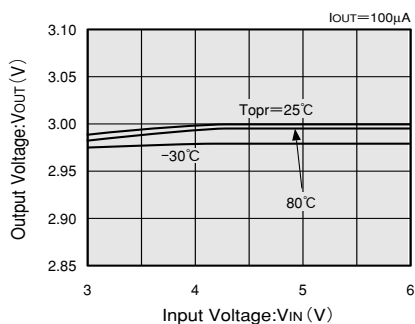
XC62RP2502 (2.5V)



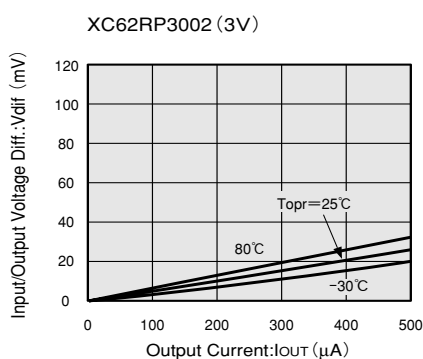
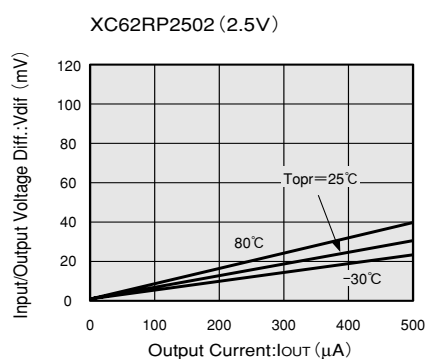
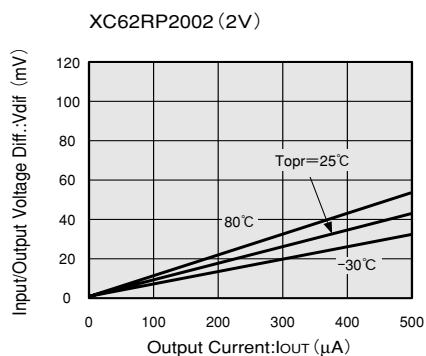
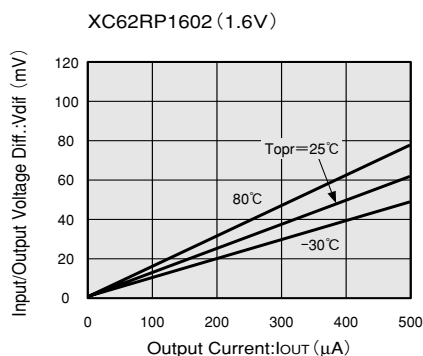
XC62RP3002 (3V)



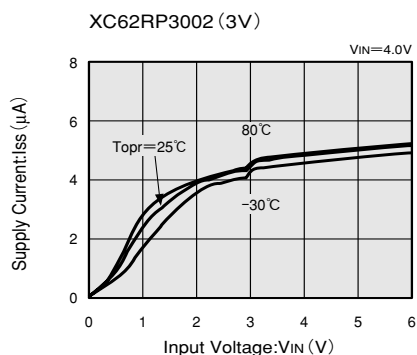
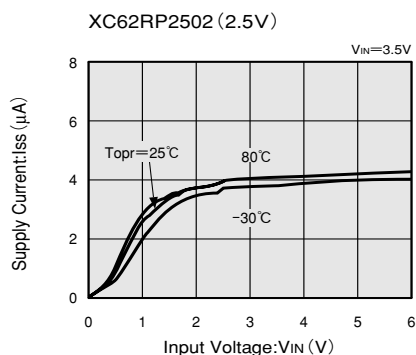
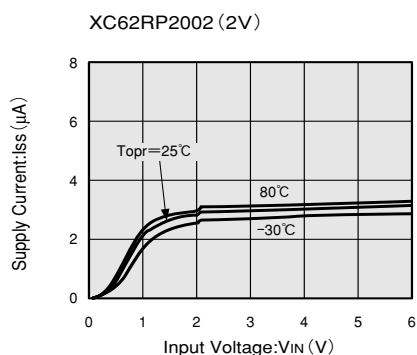
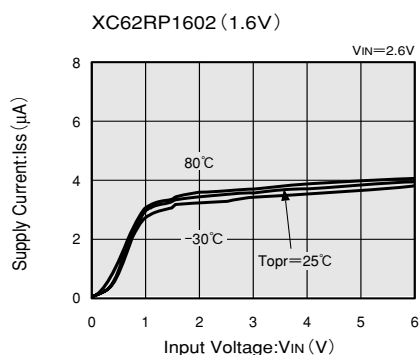
XC62RP3002 (3V)



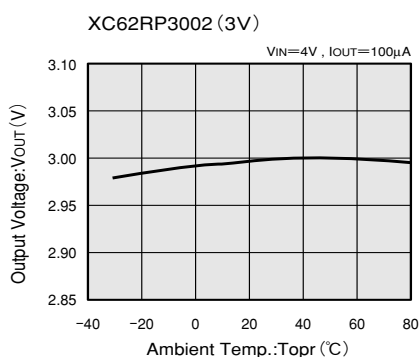
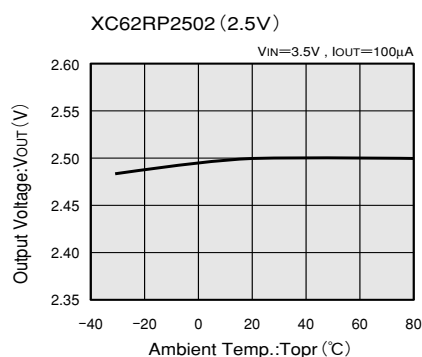
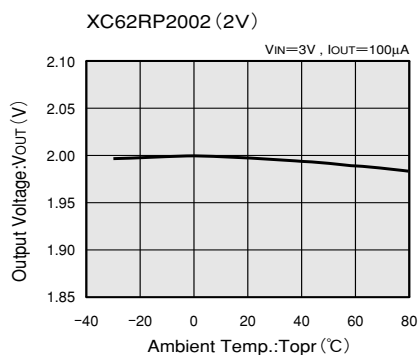
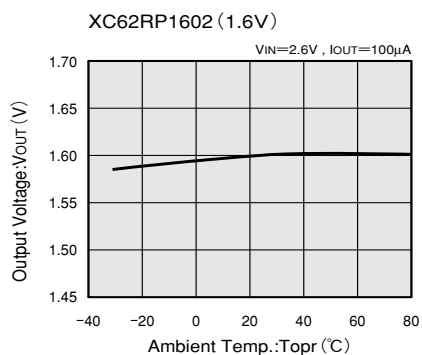
### (3) INPUT/OUTPUT VOLTAGE DIFFERENTIAL vs. OUTPUT CURRENT



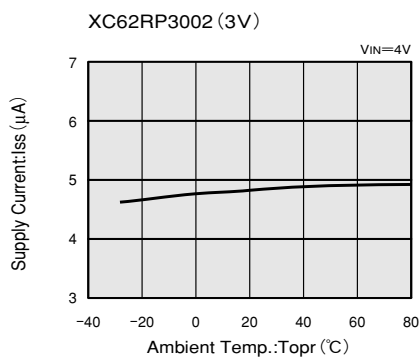
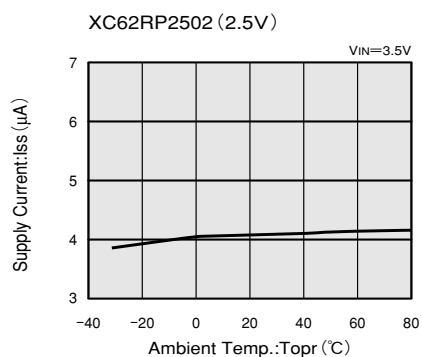
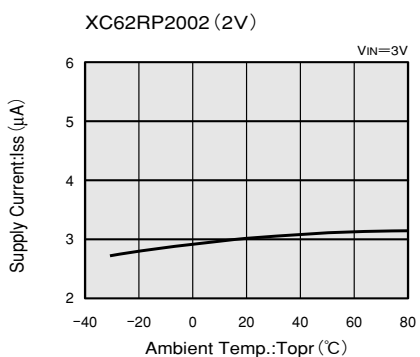
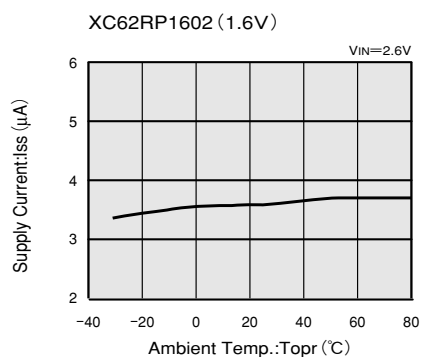
### (4) SUPPLY CURRENT vs. INPUT VOLTAGE



## (5) OUTPUT VOLTAGE vs. AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

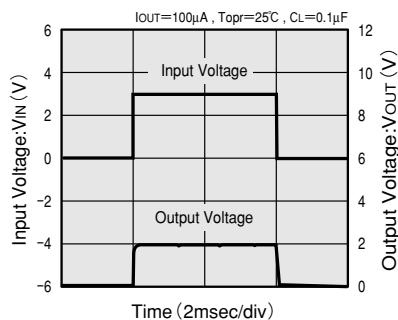


## (6) SUPPLY CURRENT vs. AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

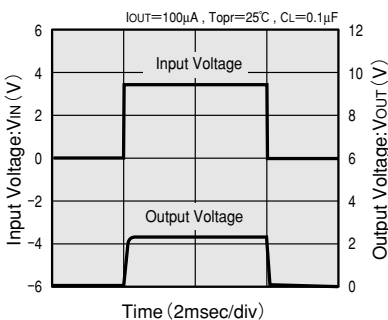


### (7) INPUT TRANSIENT RESPONSE 1

XC62RP2002 (2V)

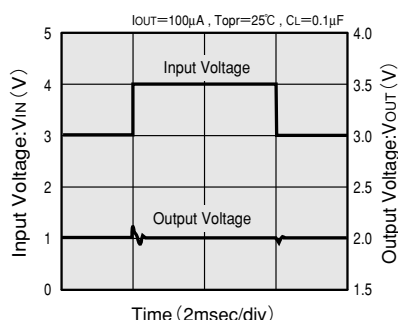


XC62RP2502 (2.5V)

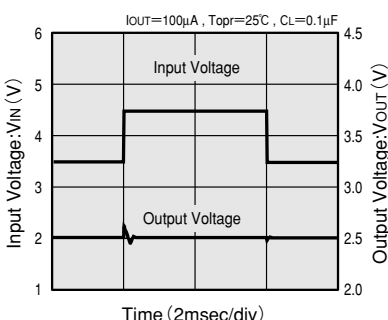


### (8) INPUT TRANSIENT RESPONSE 2

XC62RP2002 (2V)

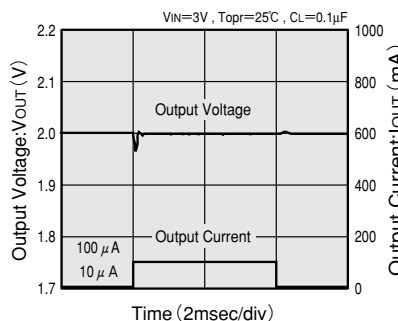


XC62RP2502 (2.5V)

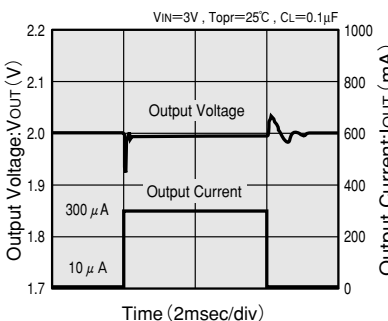


### (9) LOAD TRANSIENT RESPONSE

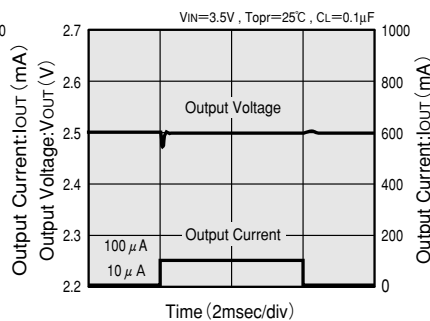
XC62RP2002 (2V)



XC62RP2002 (2V)

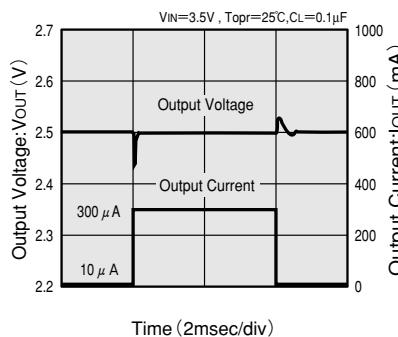


XC62RP2502 (2.5V)



### (10) RIPPLE REJECTION

XC62RP2502 (2.5V)



XC62RP2502 (2.5V)

